

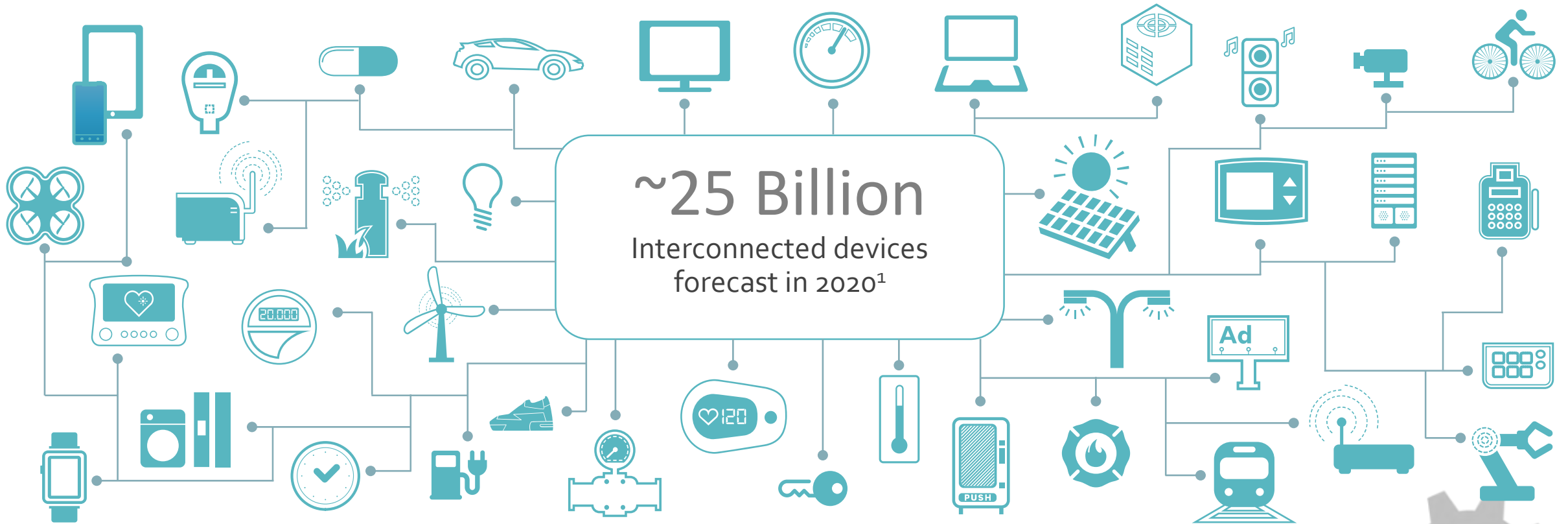


oneM2M Overview and Positioning








Dr. Josef J. Blanz, 2018-02-08



M2M/IoT: Surge of connected things



Transforming industries with innovative services and useful information

						
Connected Home	Automotive	Smart Cities	Retail	Education	Healthcare	Industrial

¹ Source: Machina Research, February, 2014

Jungle of Consortia, Standards, OS-Projects

Which groups actually specify technology, which are just doing marketing & promotion?

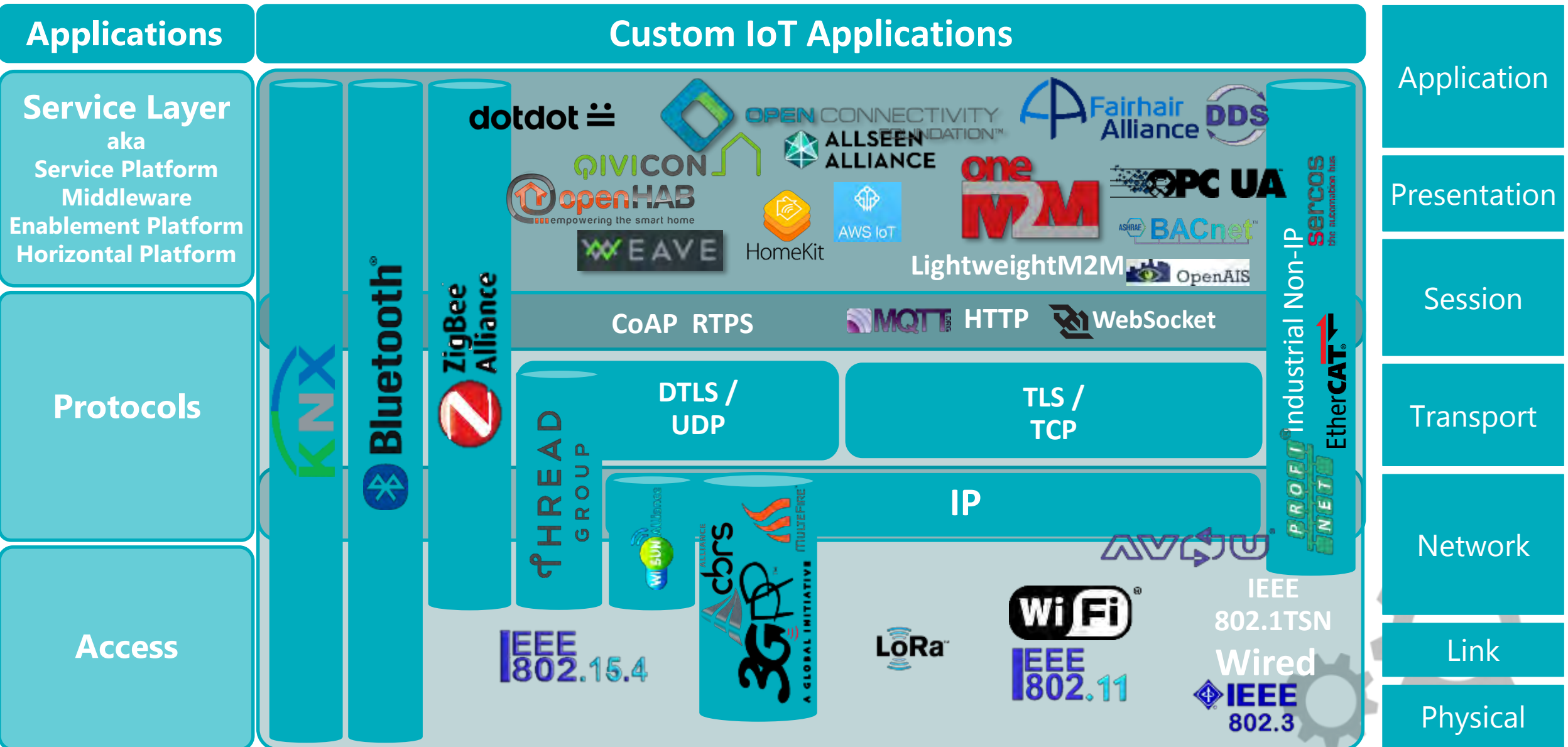
Which technologies are used / will be used in M2M/IIoT?

Which technologies are overlapping or complementing each other?



Background – Technologies in IoT Stack

“OSI equivalent”





Notion of “Proximal” versus “Distal” IoT

Technologies designed with different paradigms in mind ↔ Synergetic

Technologies with “proximal” scope

- Single private network/subnet = proximal network (e.g. smart home)
- Simplify connecting “things” in reach: Monitor, control, automate, no hierarchy
- Enablers: Discovery, Advertisement, Introspection, On-Boarding
- Needs multi-cast techniques
- A “user” is still in the center of this “proximal” paradigm

Examples

- Consumer: OCF, IoTivity, dotot, KNX;
- Industrial OPC-UA, DDS, Profinet, Sercos

Technologies with “distal” scope

- Large scale deployments of devices in an overlay network
- Hide complexity of network usage / management / access control / sharing
- Storing & sharing of distributed data
- Enablers: Security, access control, selective communications, models
- Agnostic to underlying NW technology
- Utilize optimizations for M2M / IoT, better efficiency in WWAN usage

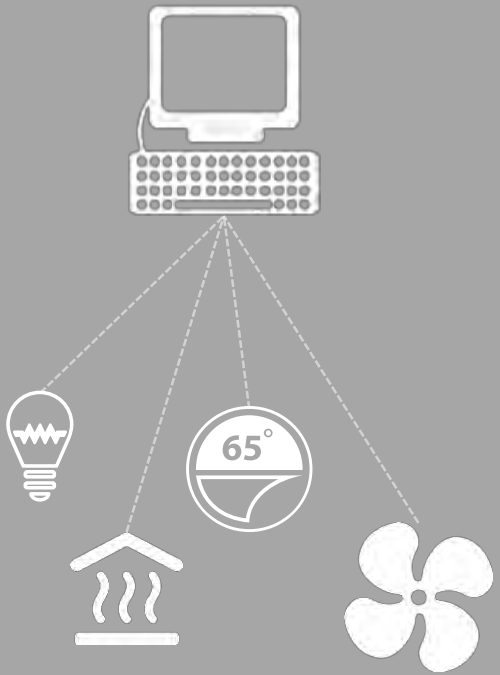
Examples

- oneM2M, 3GPP MTC, proprietary platforms



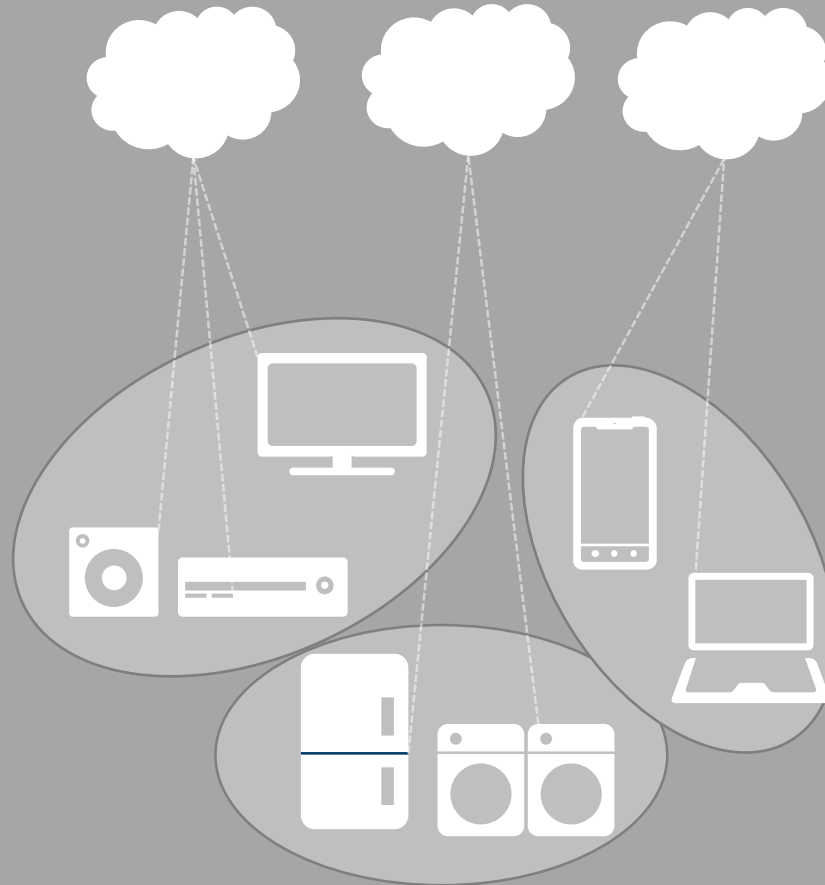
Trend in Evolution of M2M to IoT

Master/Slave



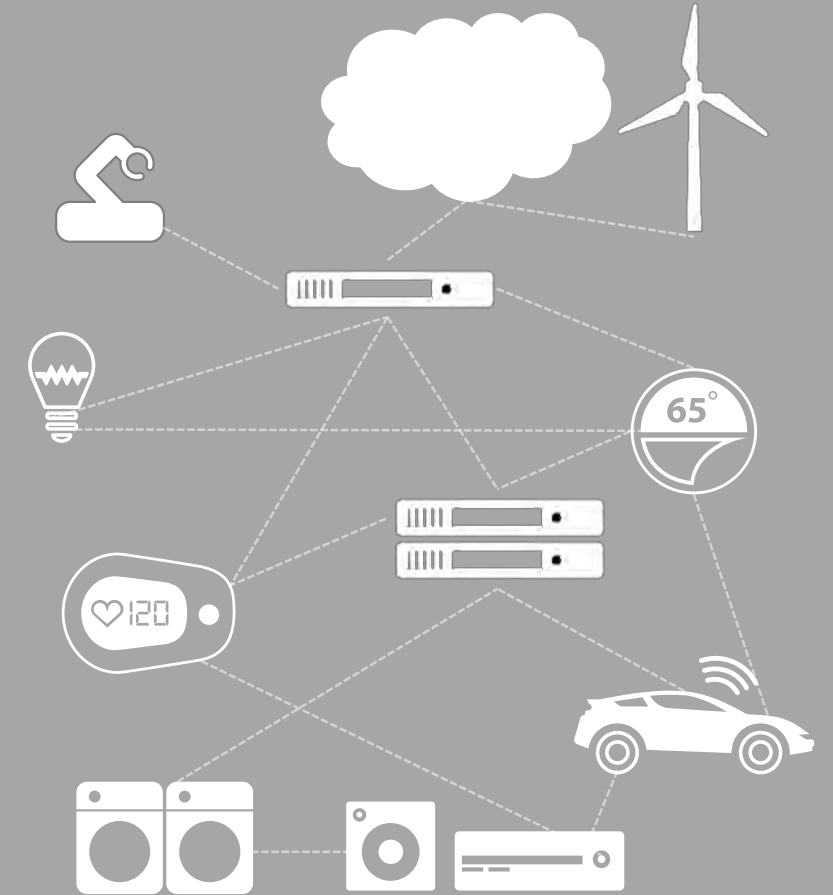
Yesterday

Proximal ↔ Cloud



Today

Mix of Proximal & Distal



Tomorrow

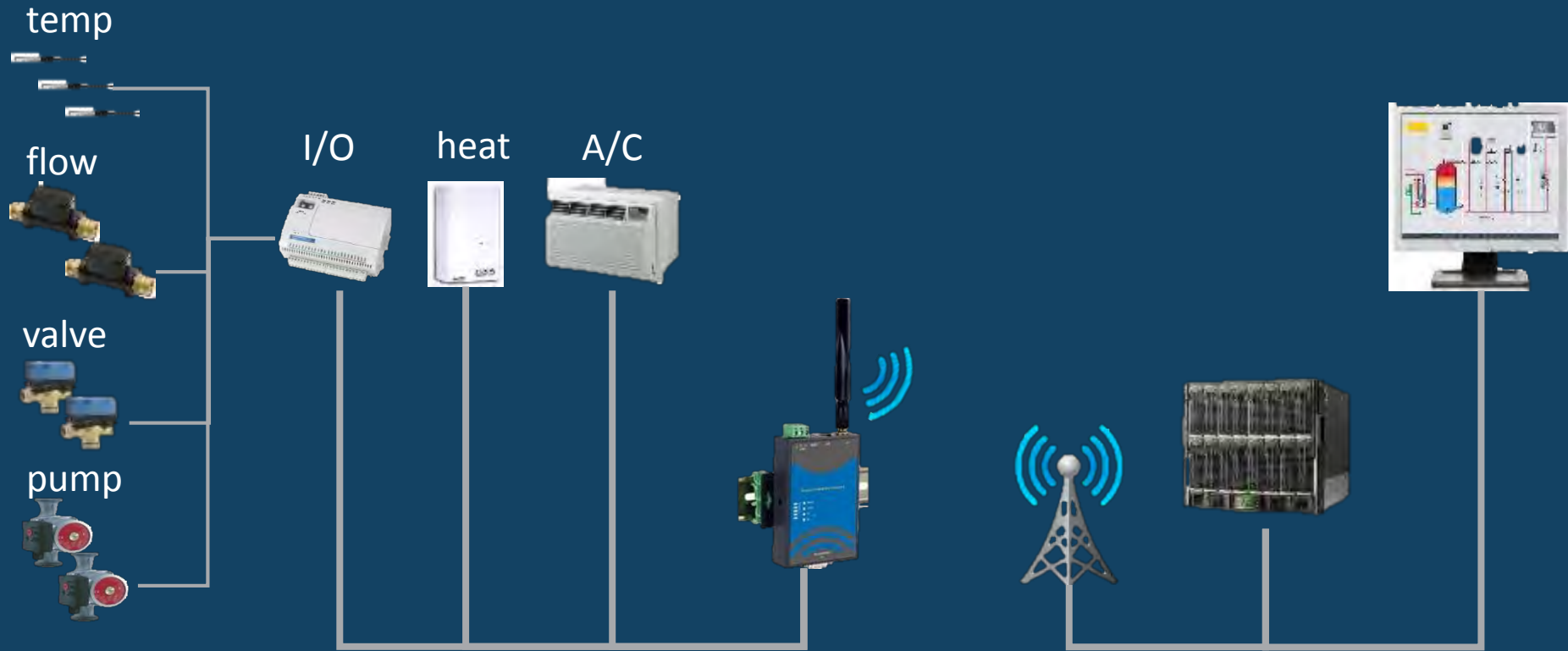


M2M Service Layer

Horizontal Middleware Platform

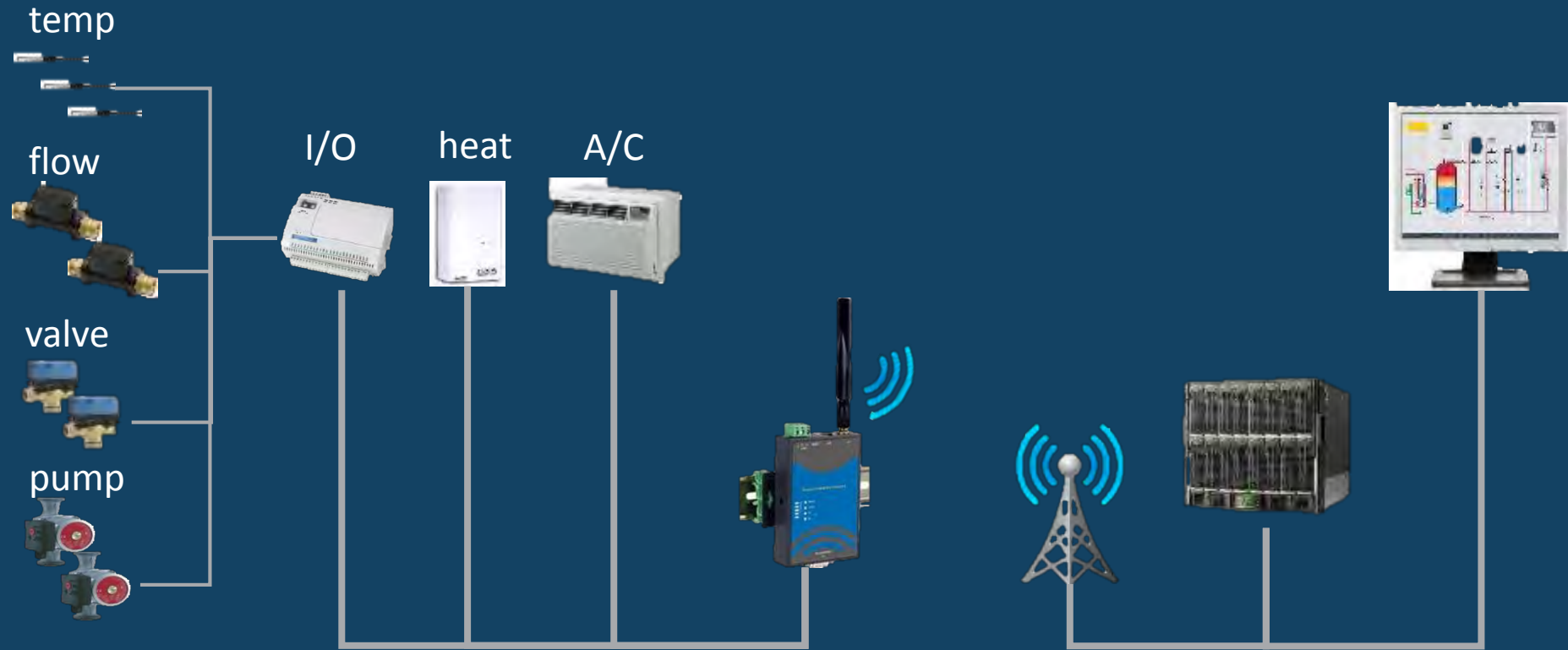


Example



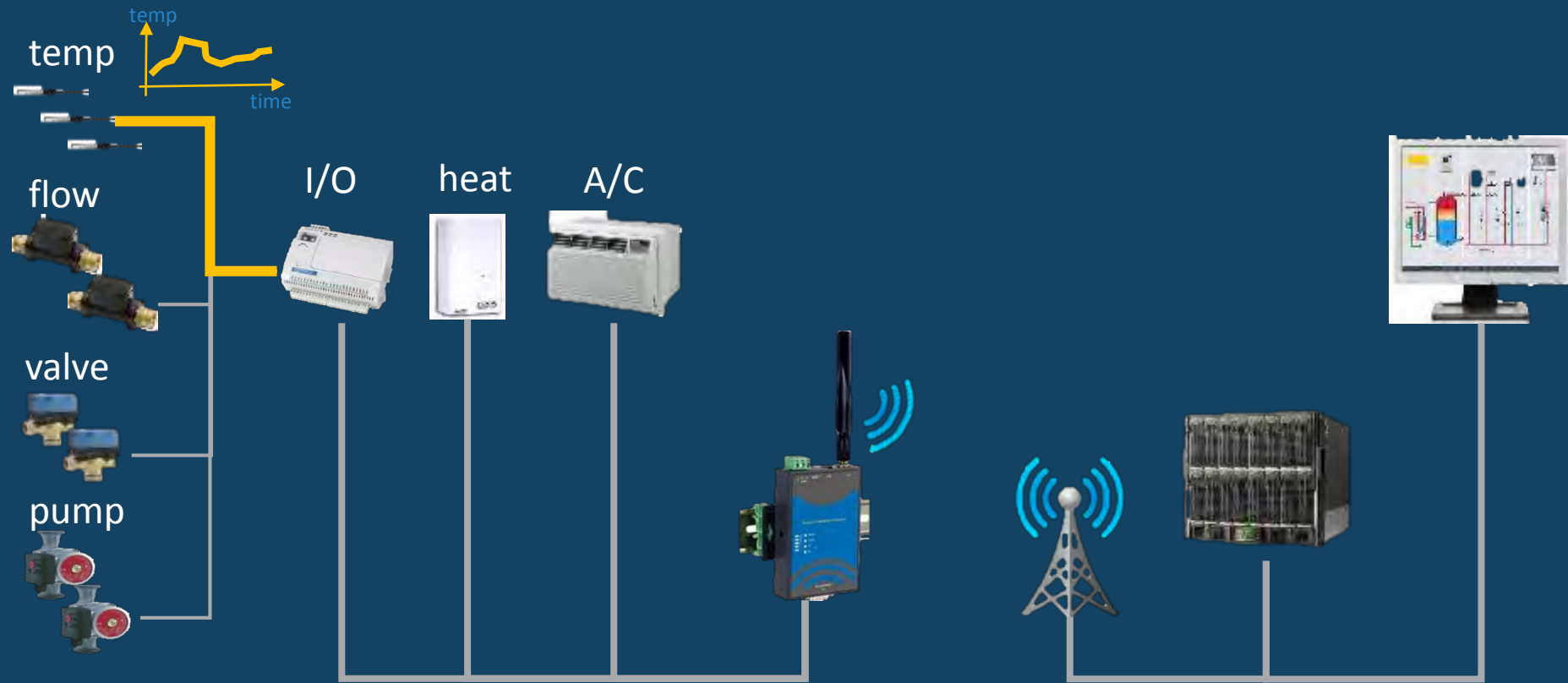
HVAC (Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning)

Example



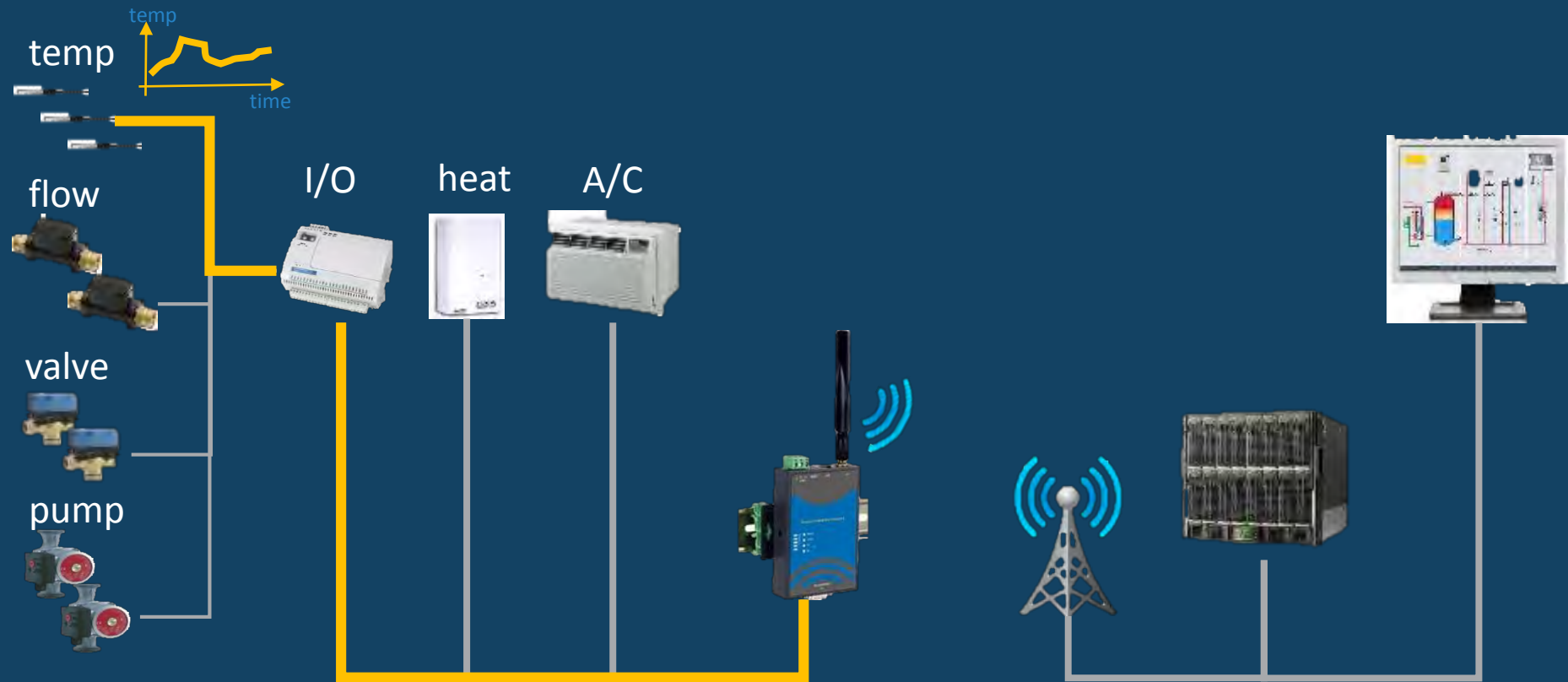
HVAC

Example



HVAC

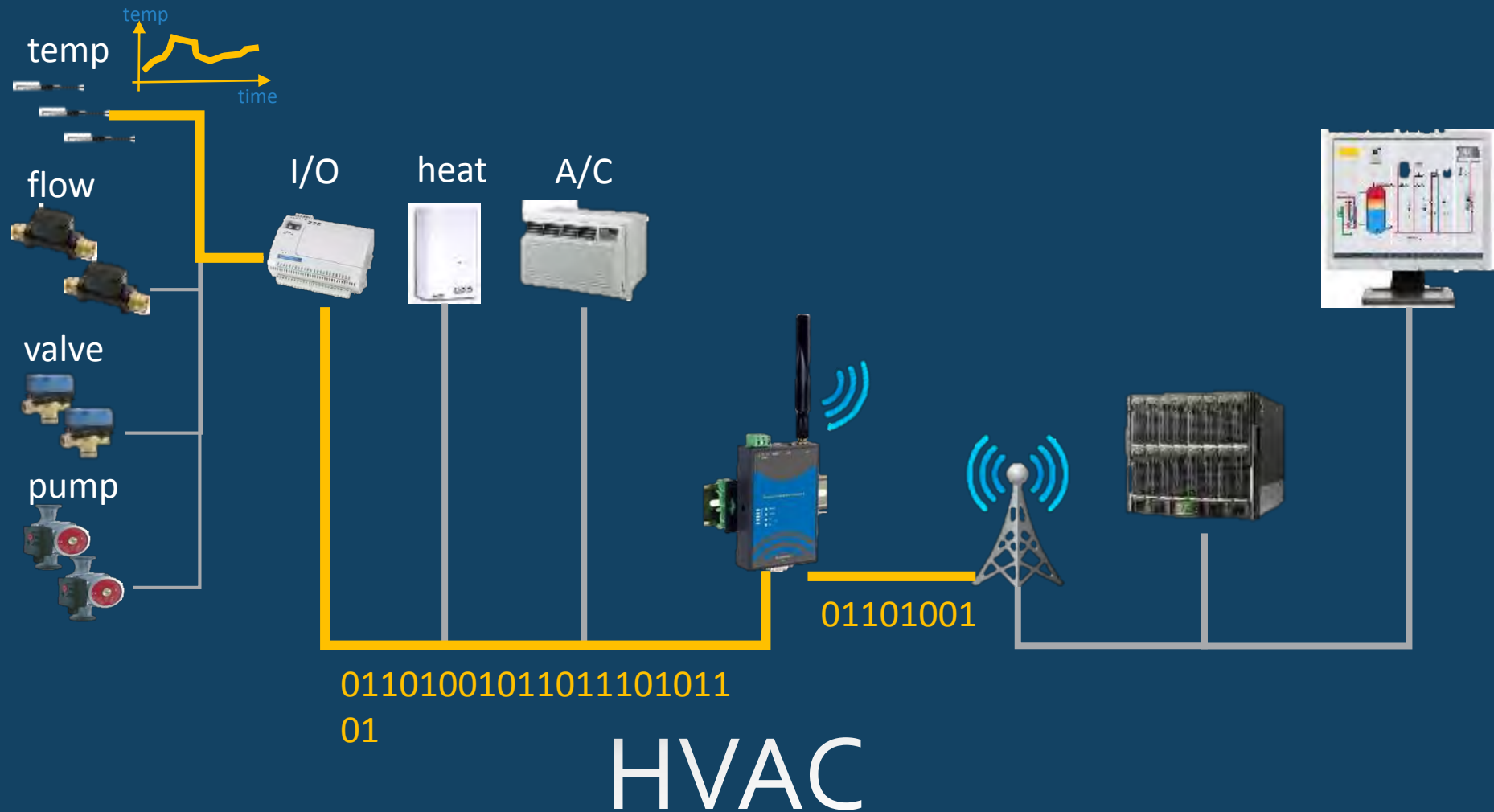
Example



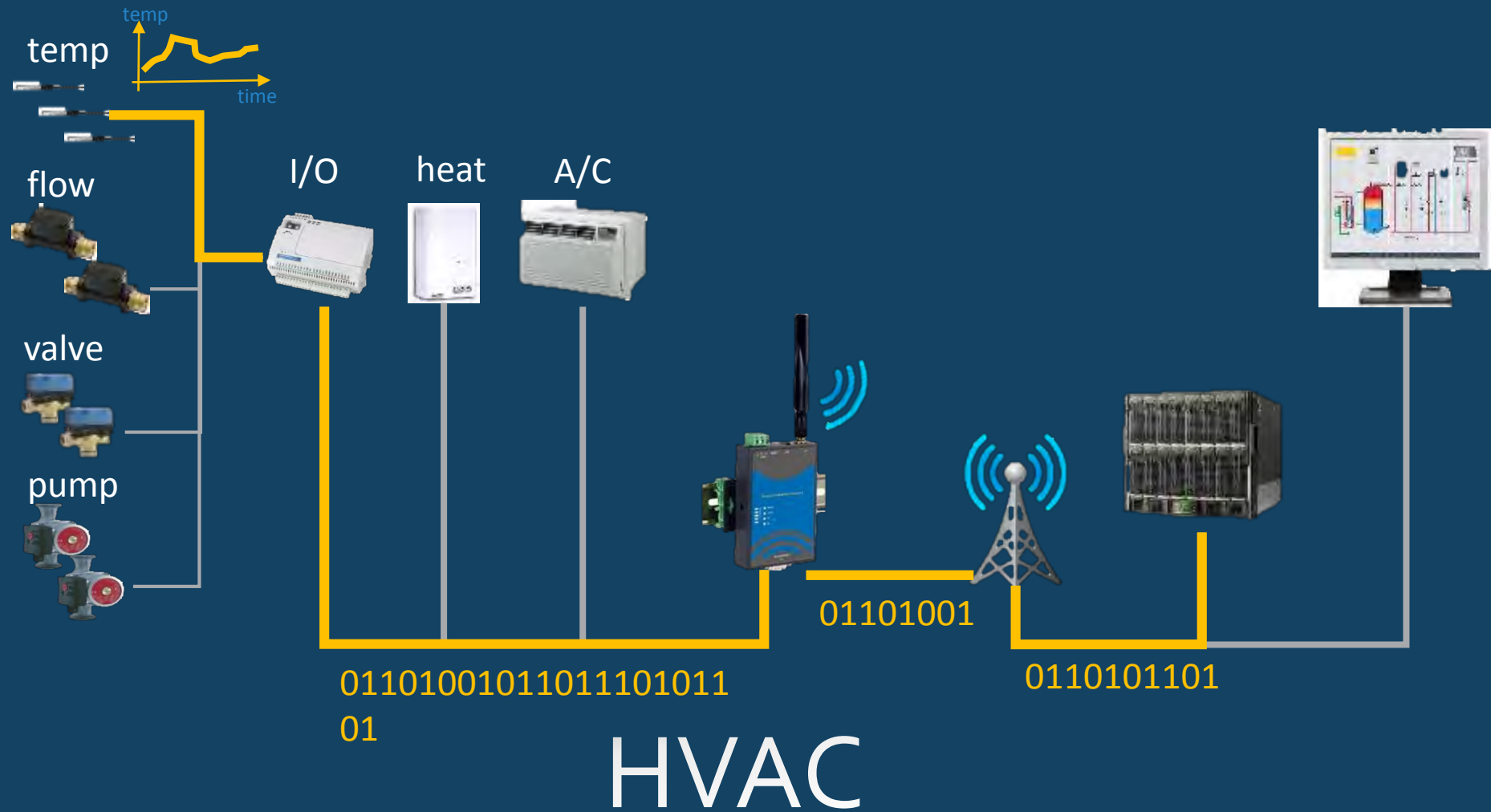
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HVAC

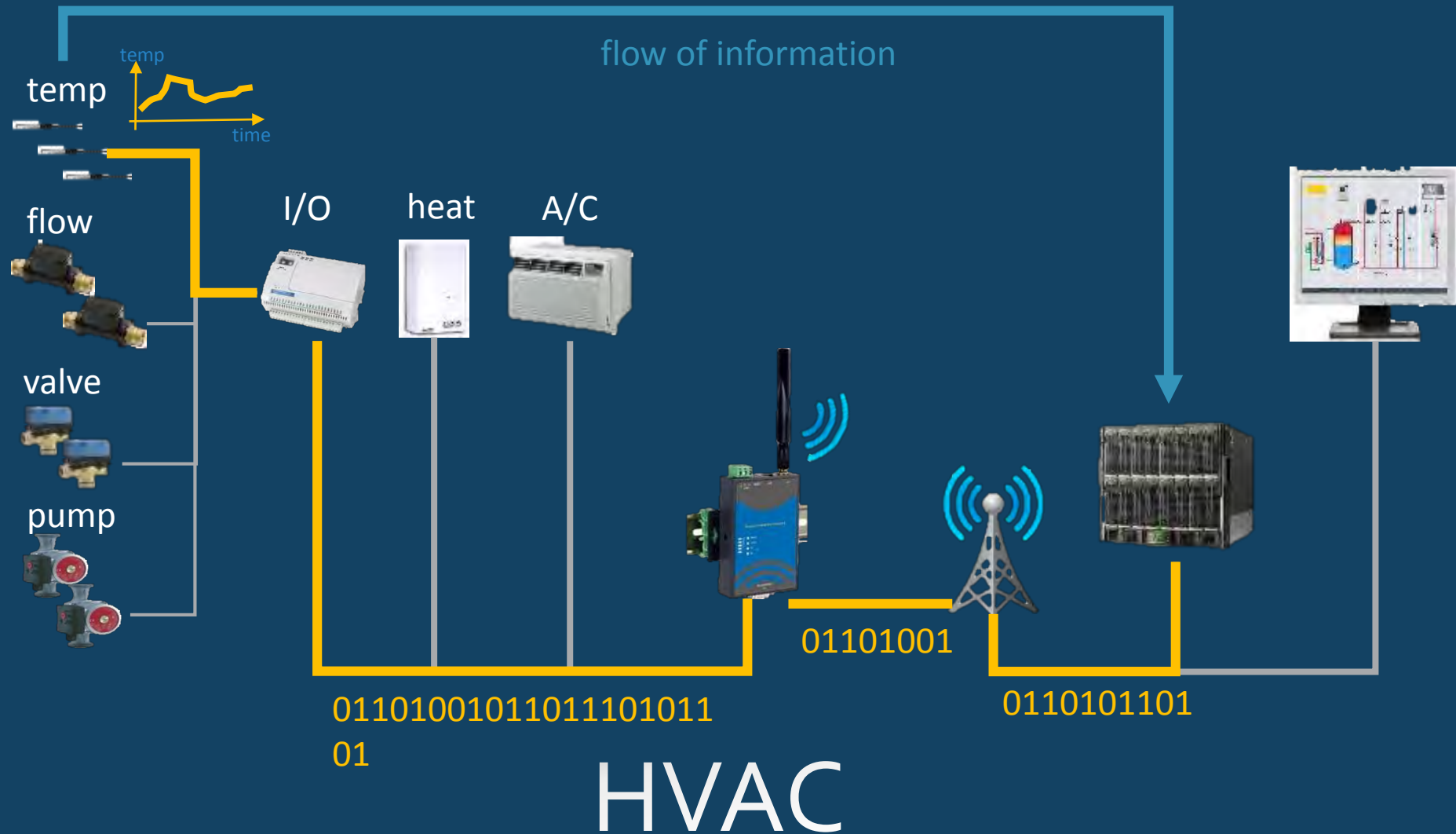
Example



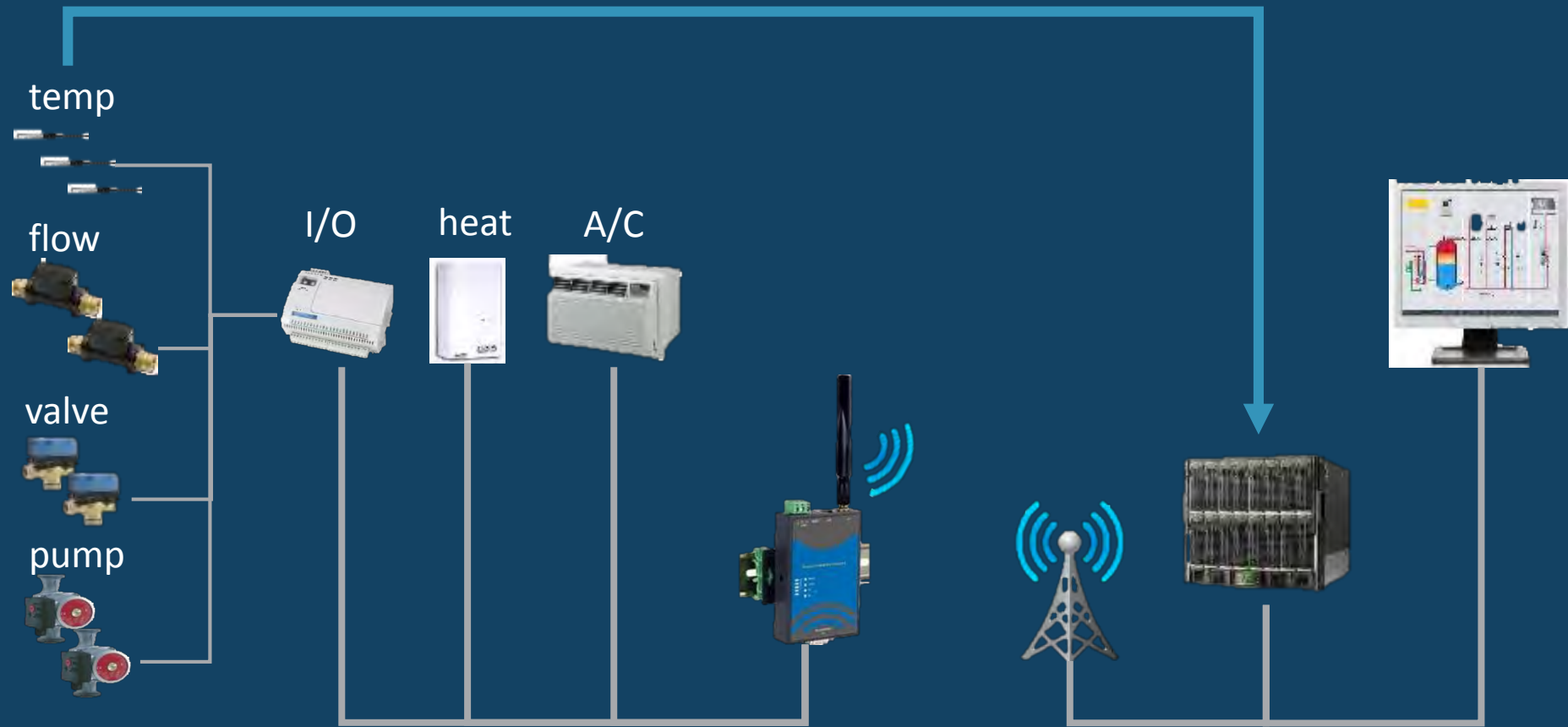
Example



Example

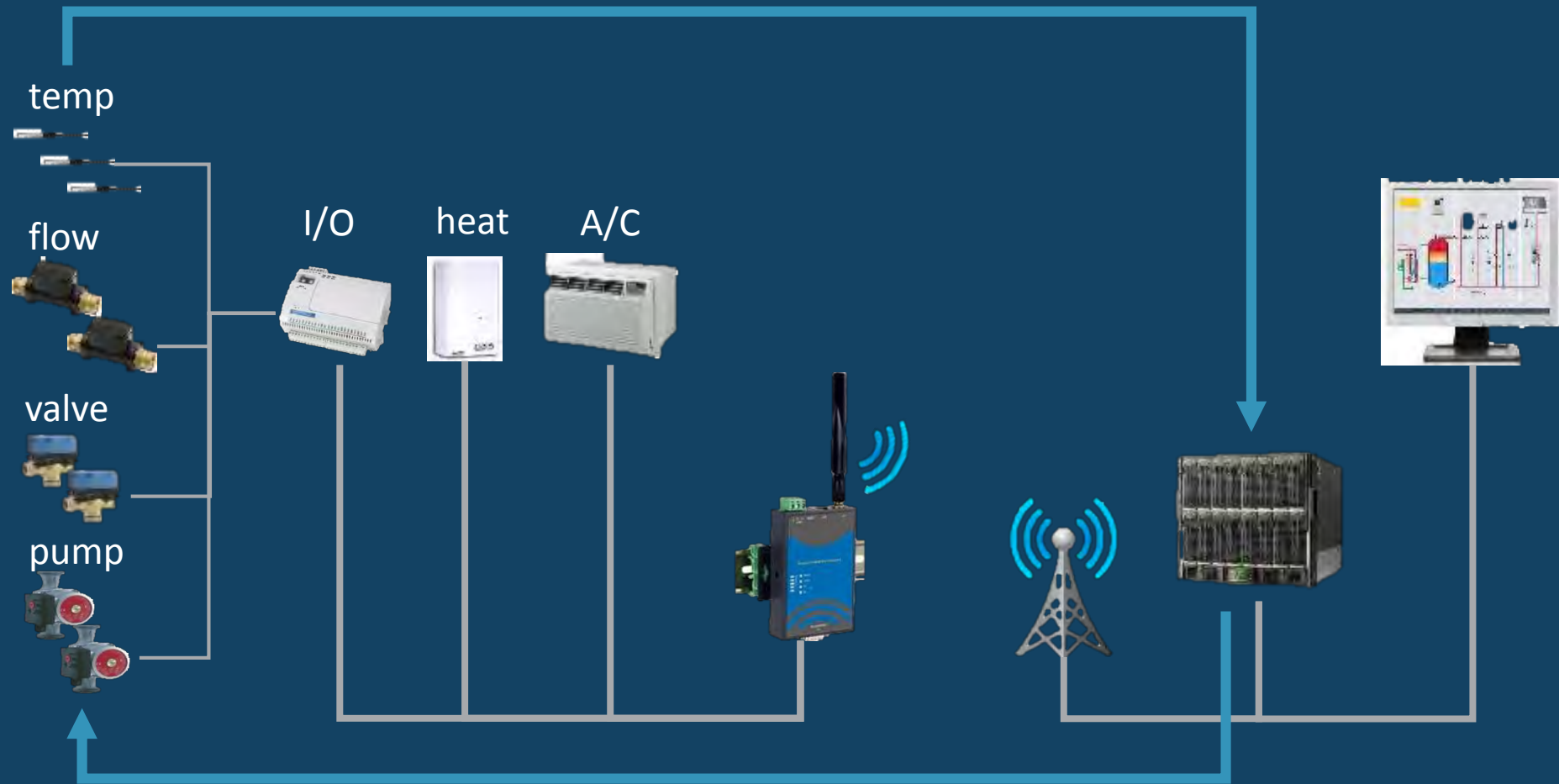


Example

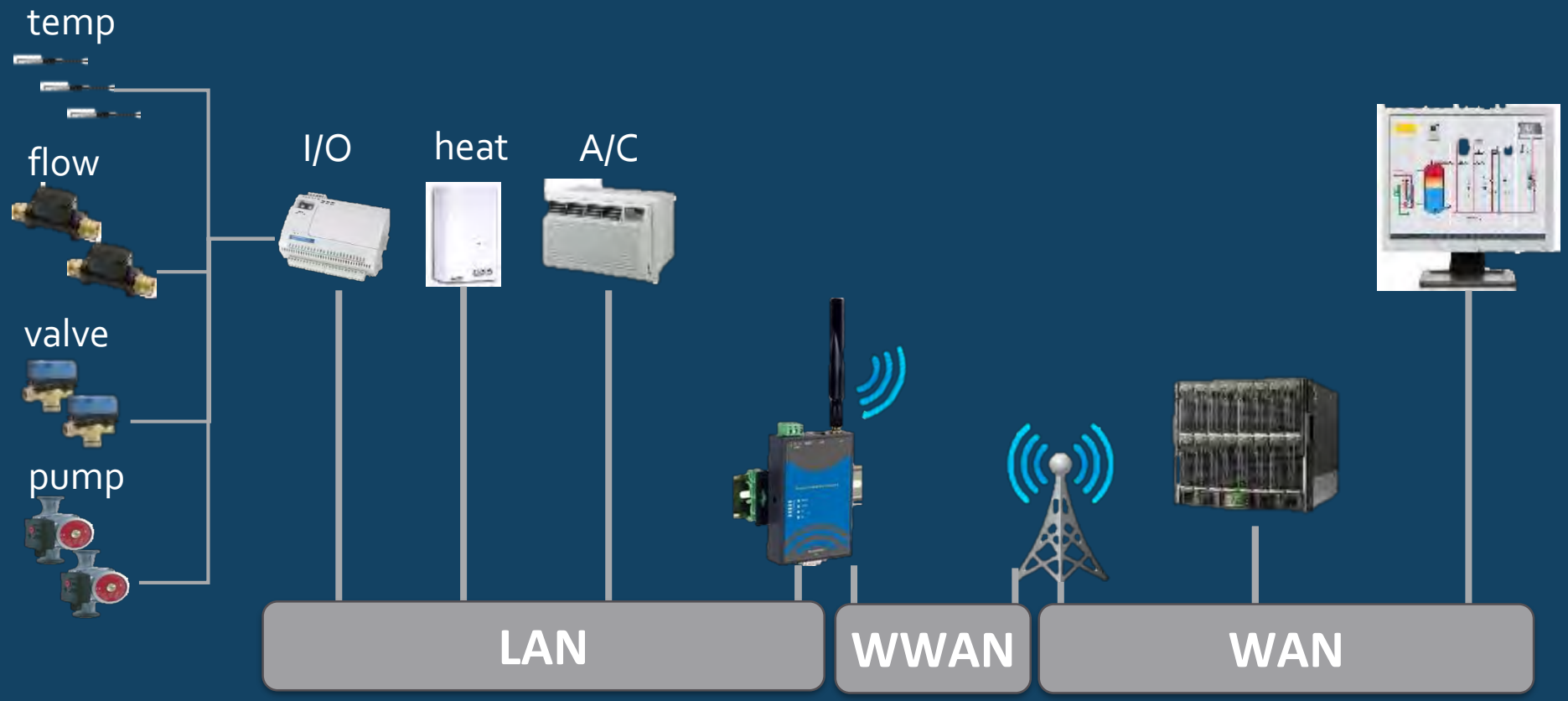


HVAC

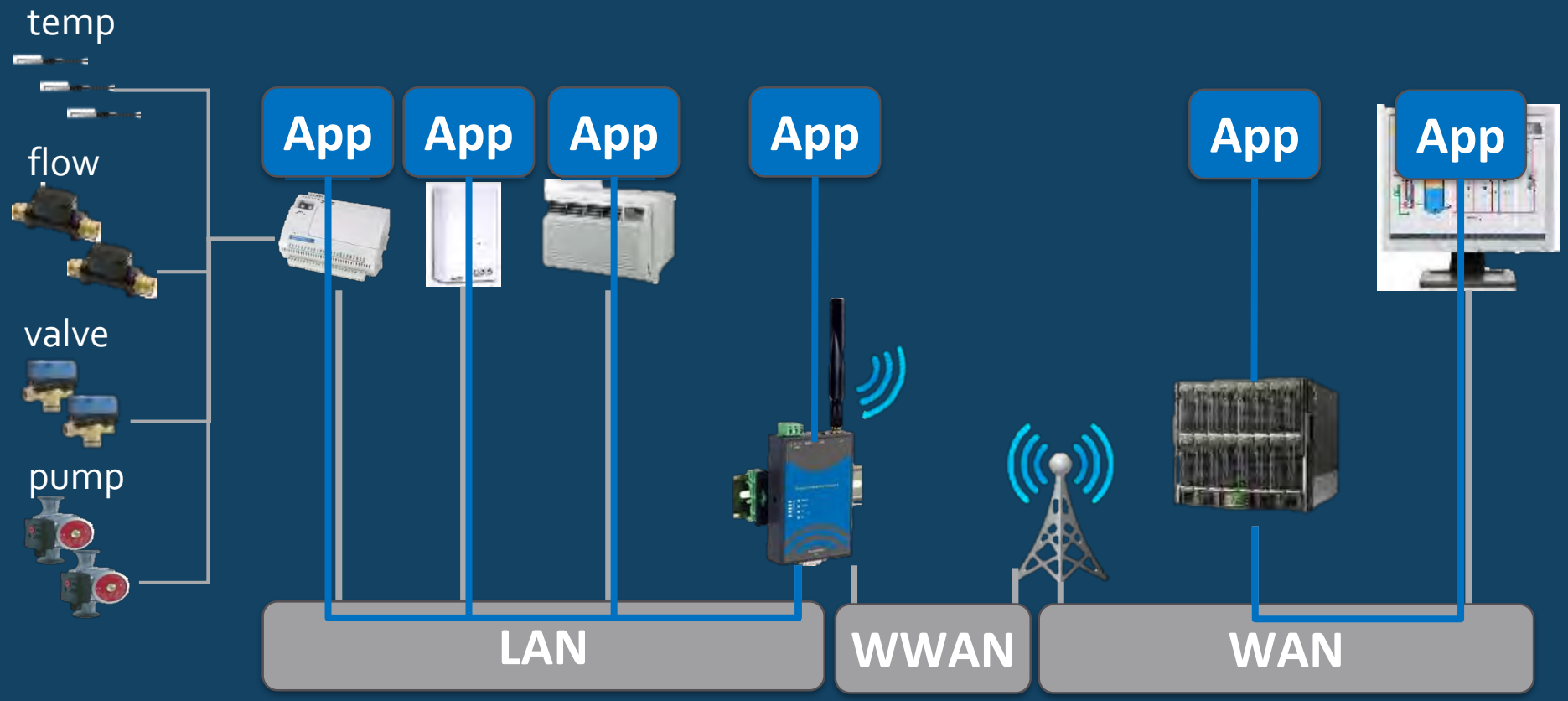
Example



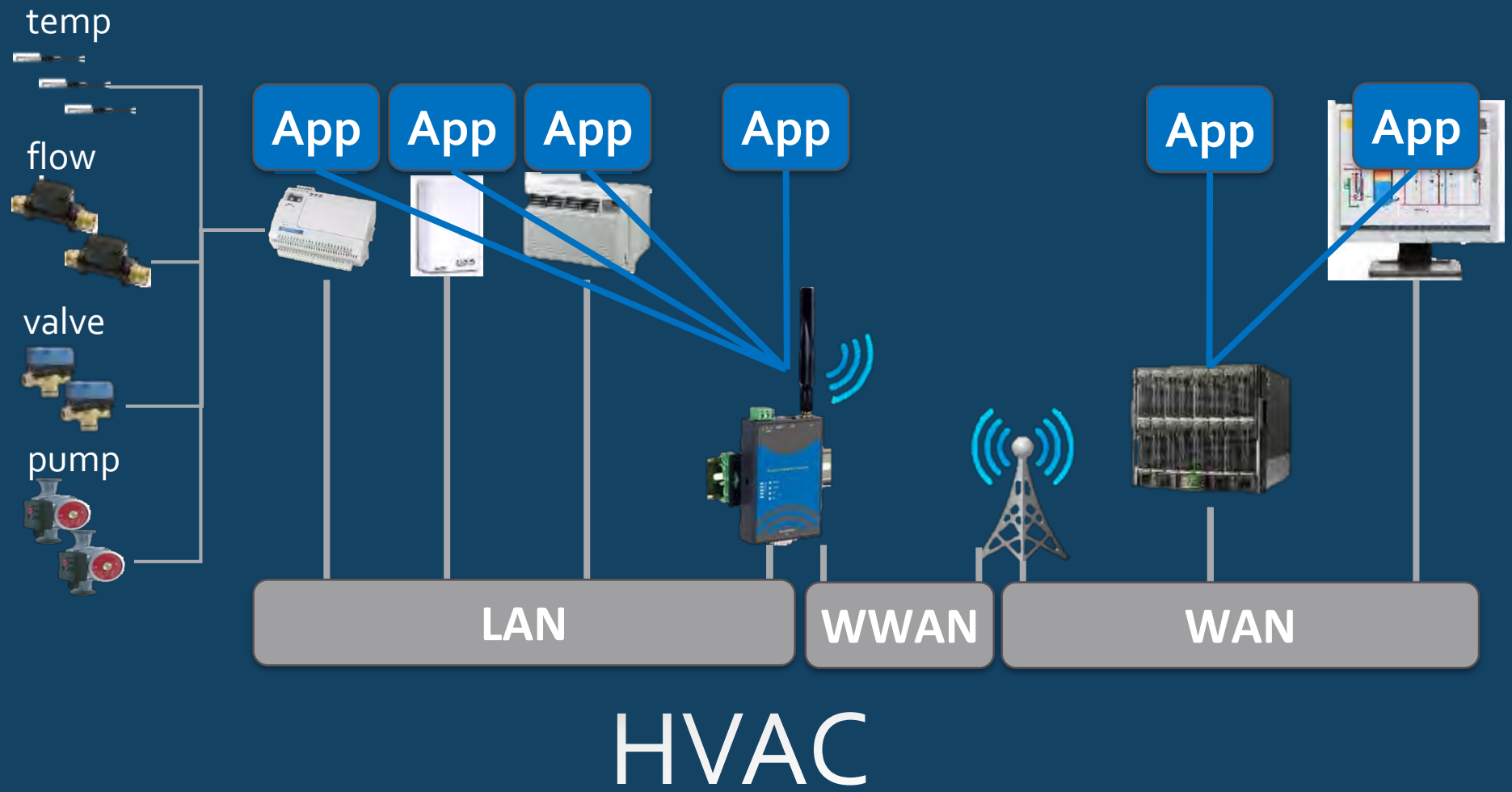
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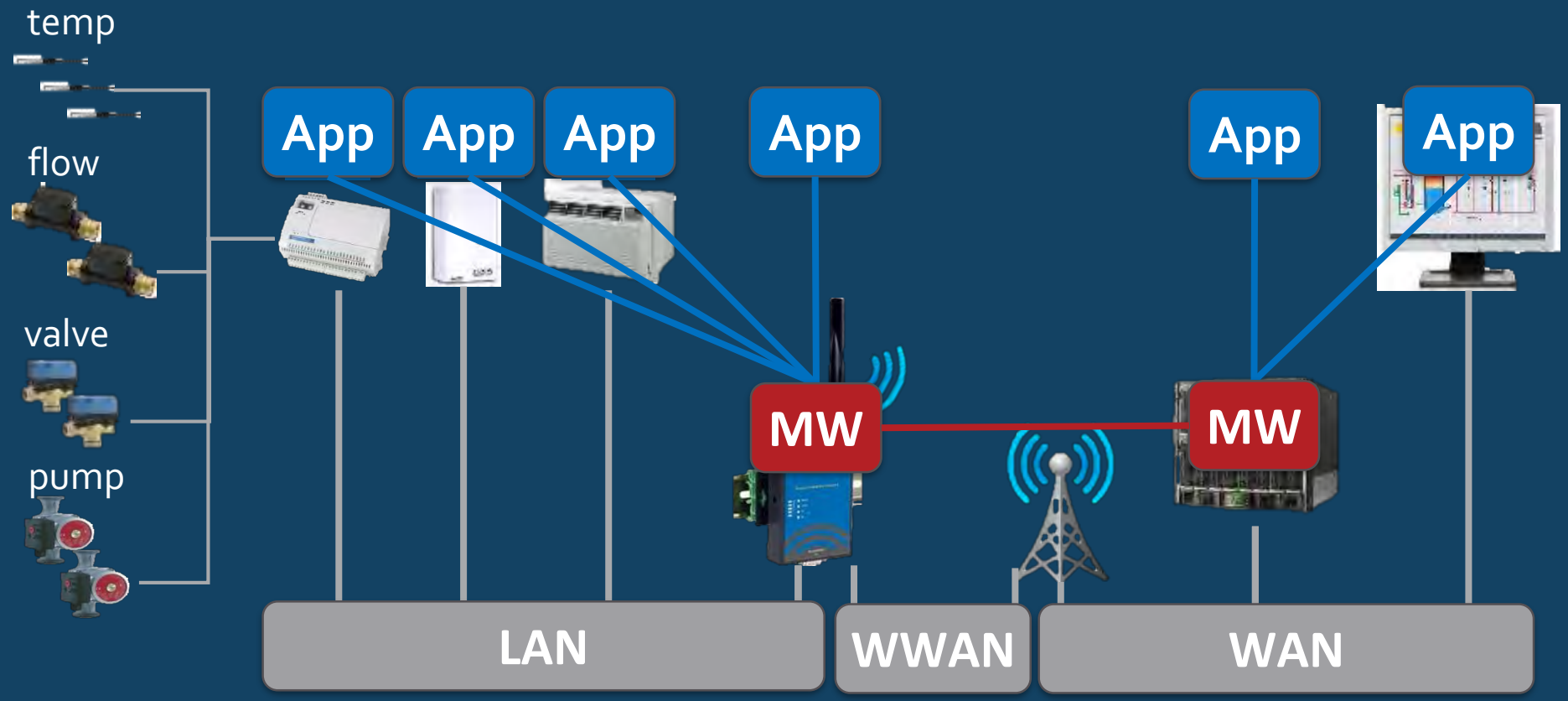


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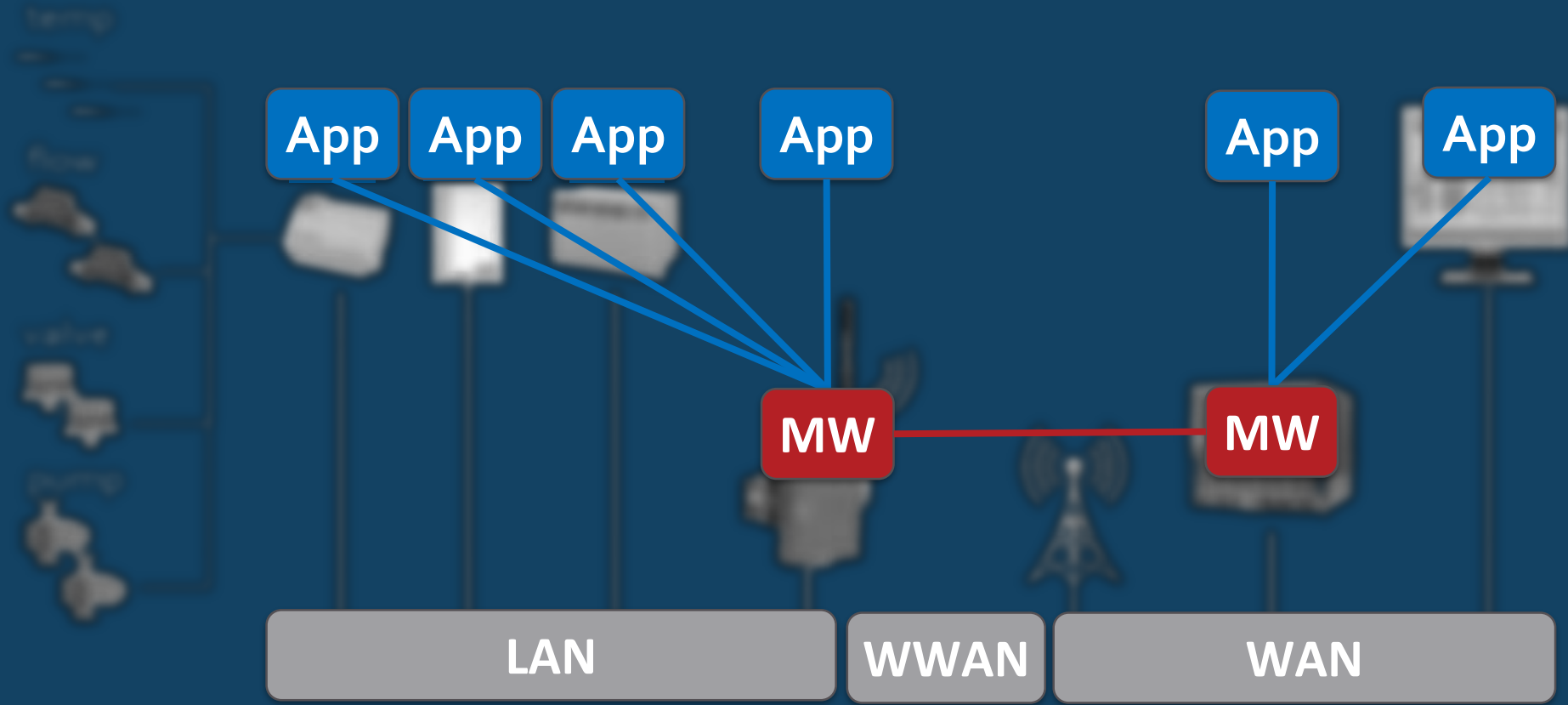


HVAC

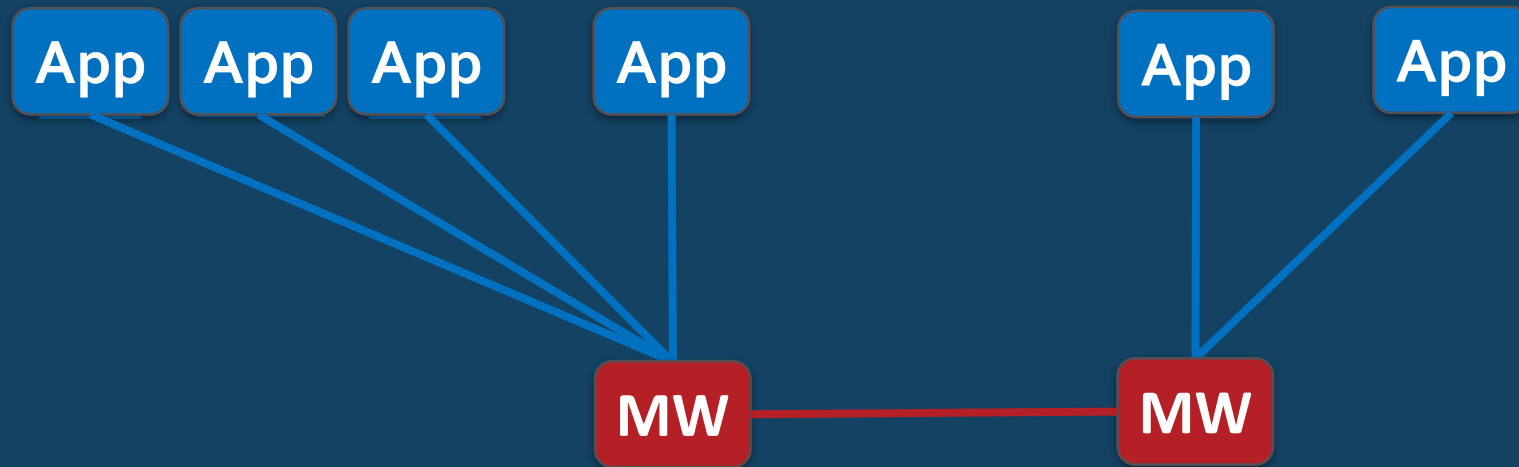




HVAC



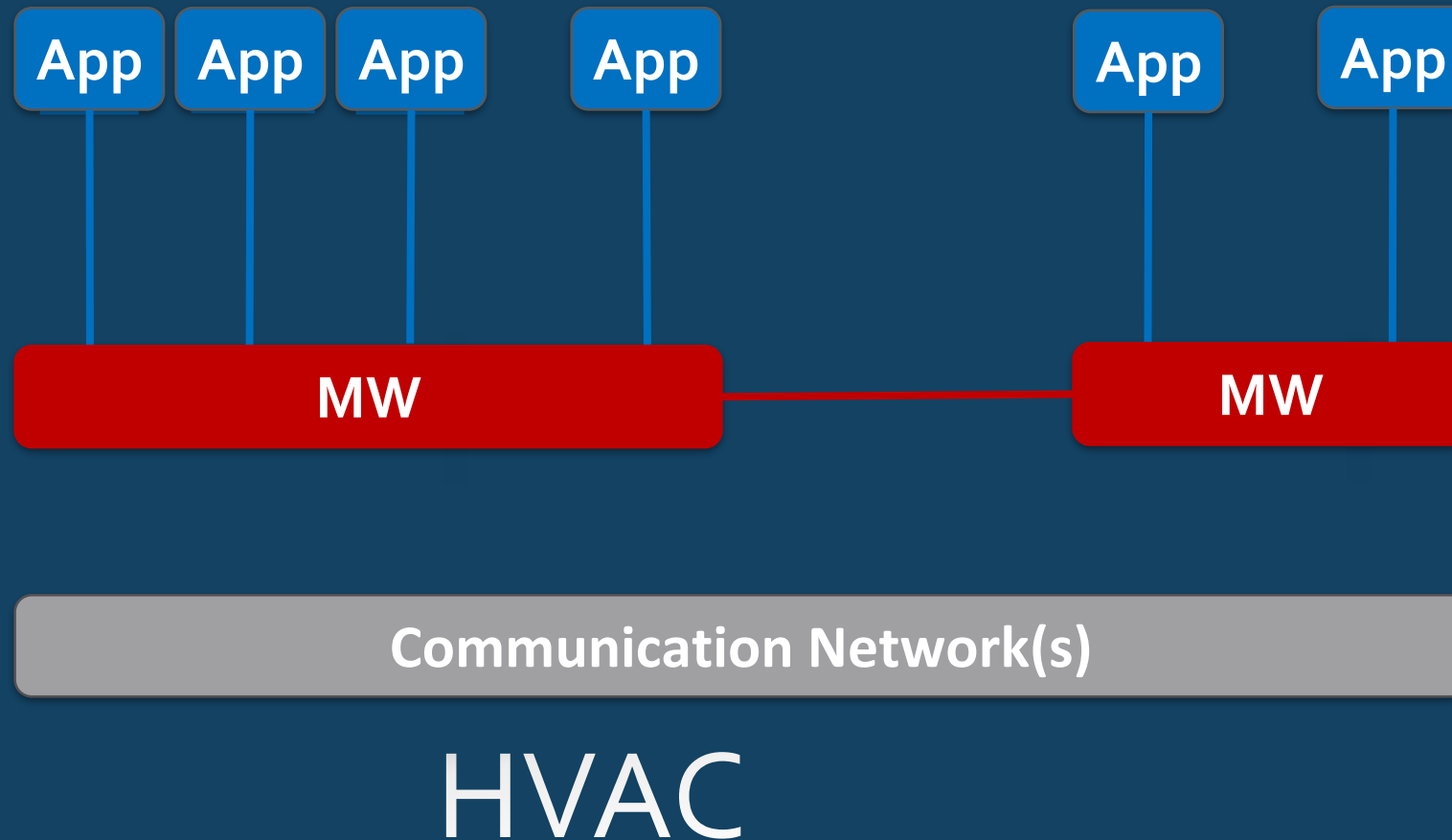
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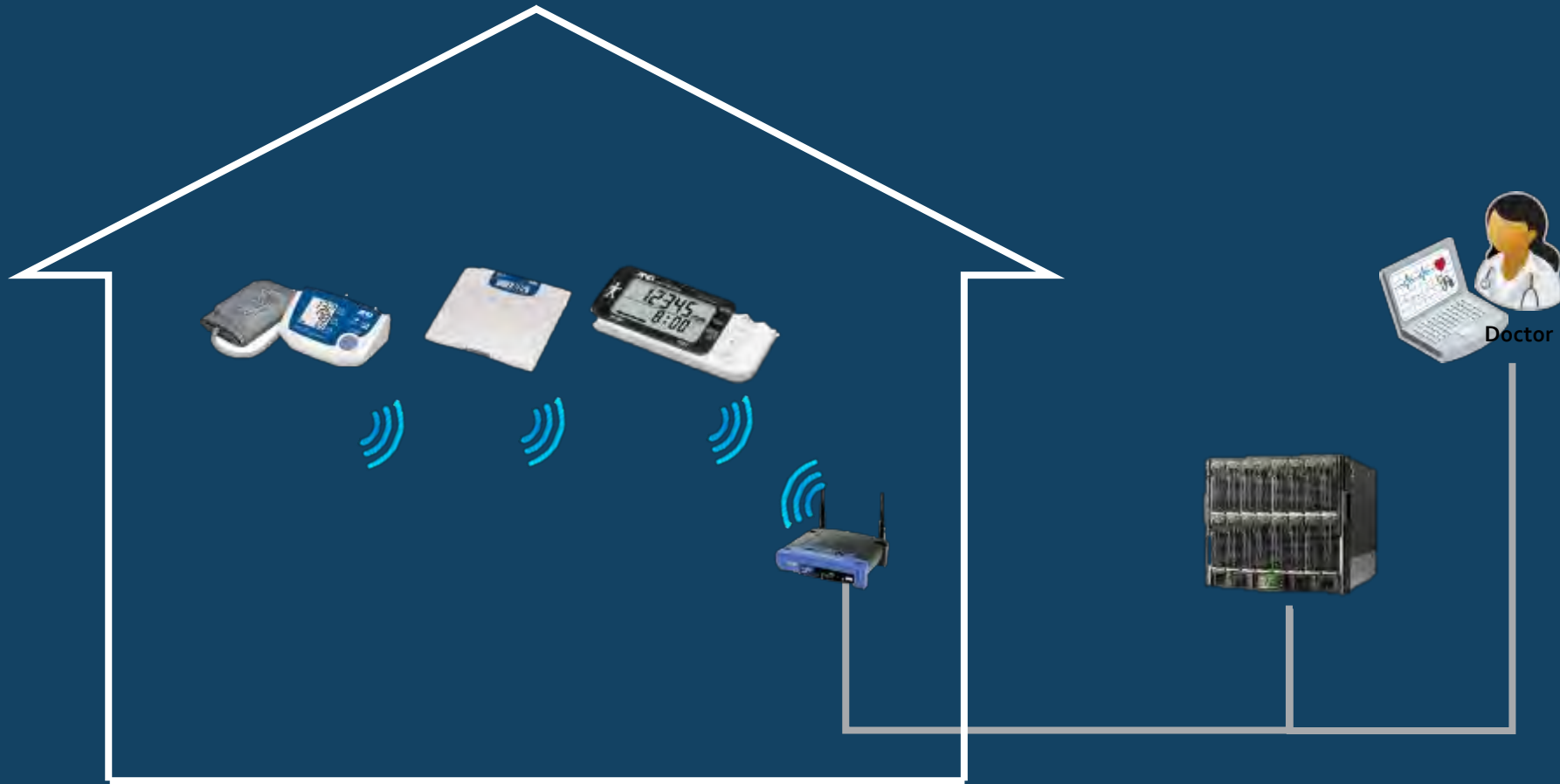


Communication Network(s)

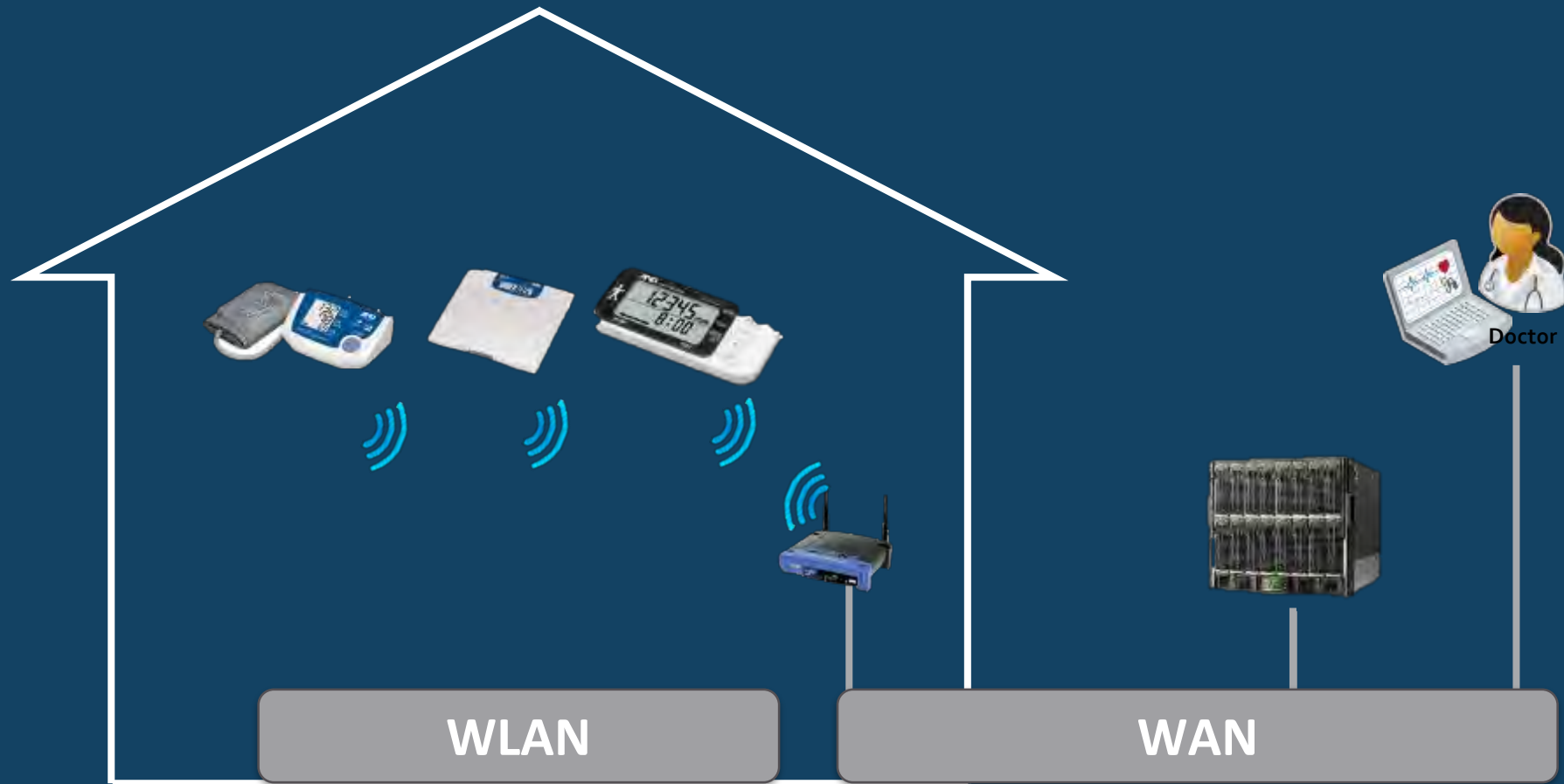
HVAC

Functional Architecture

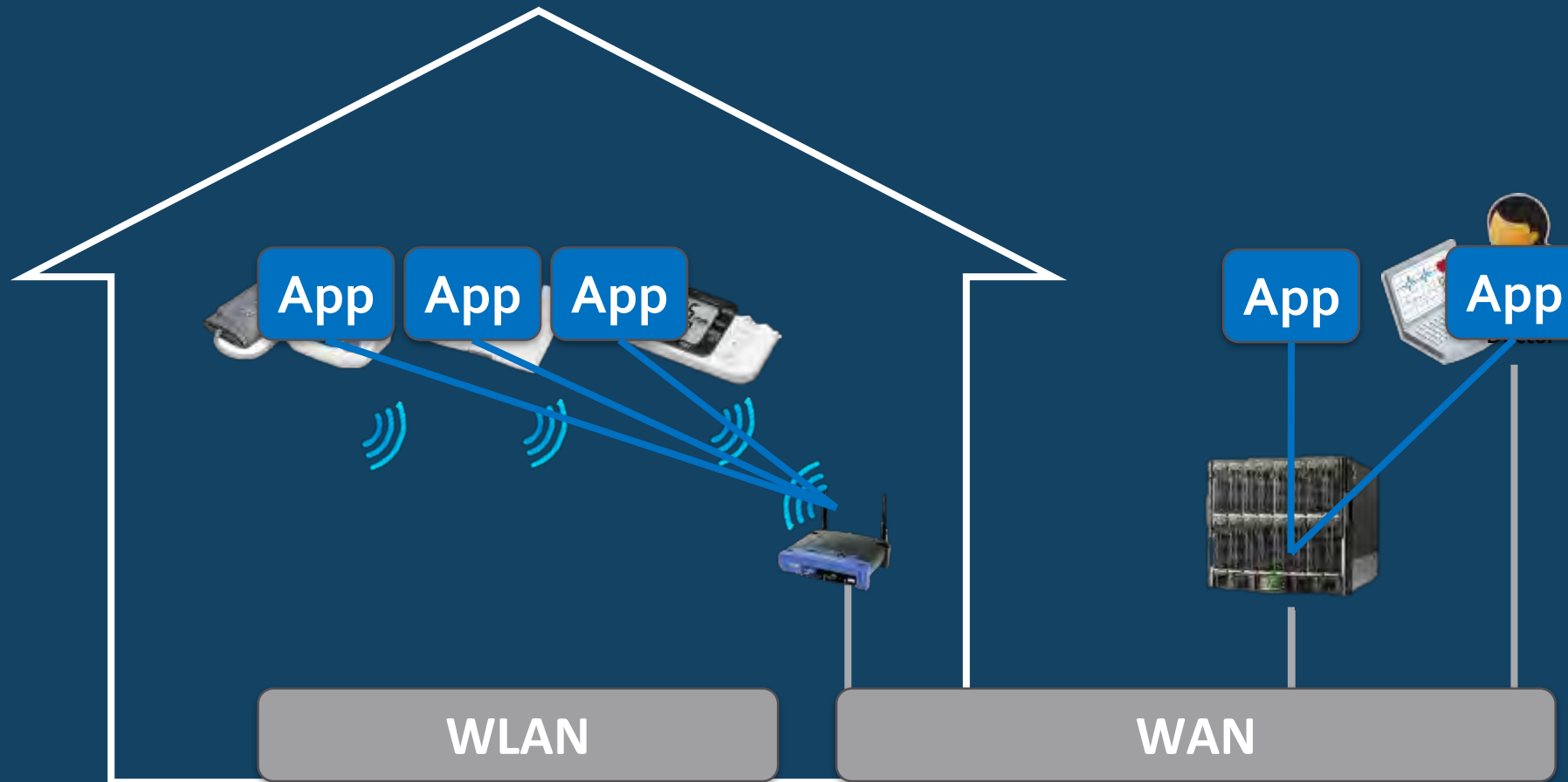




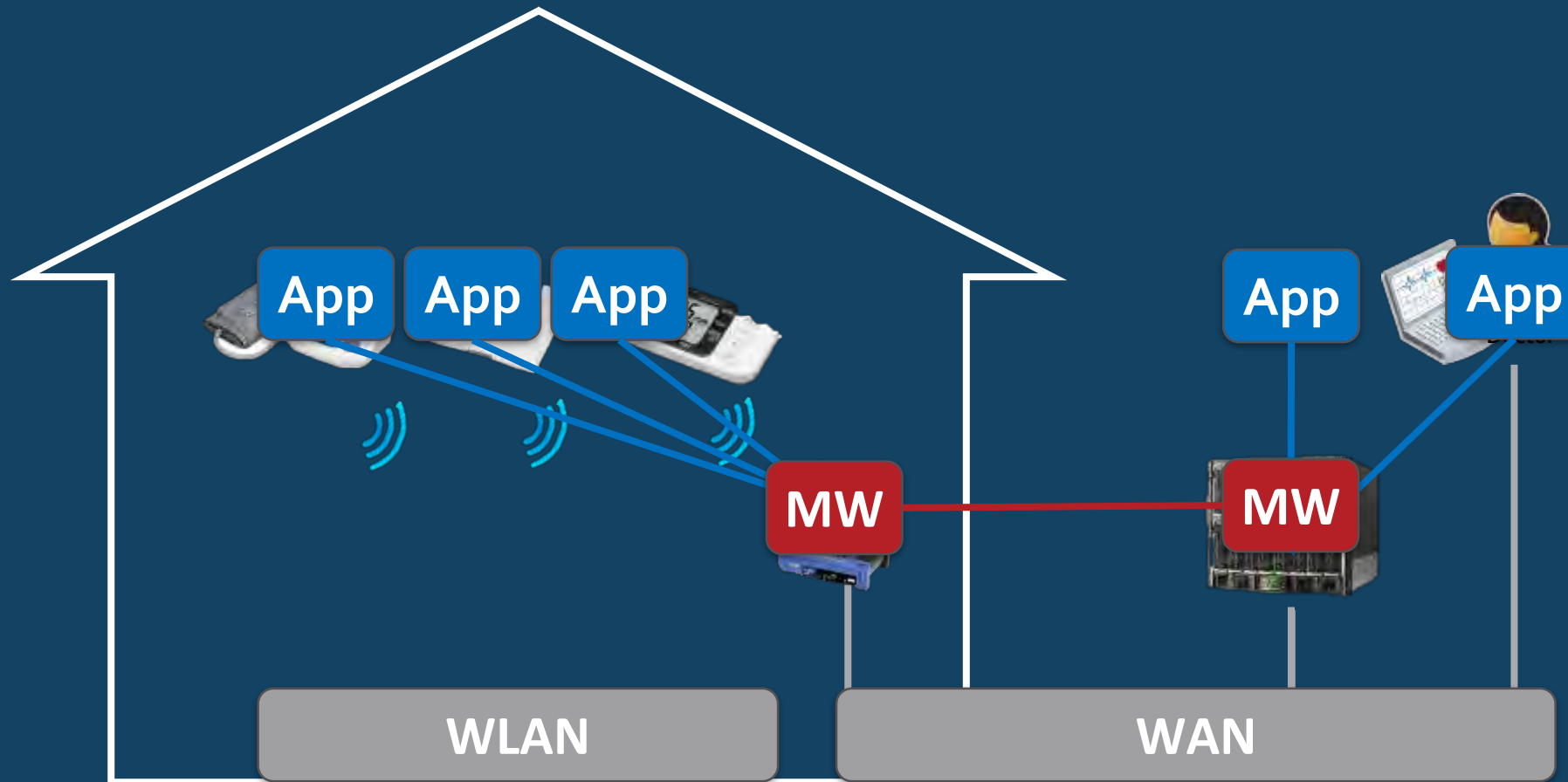
eHealth



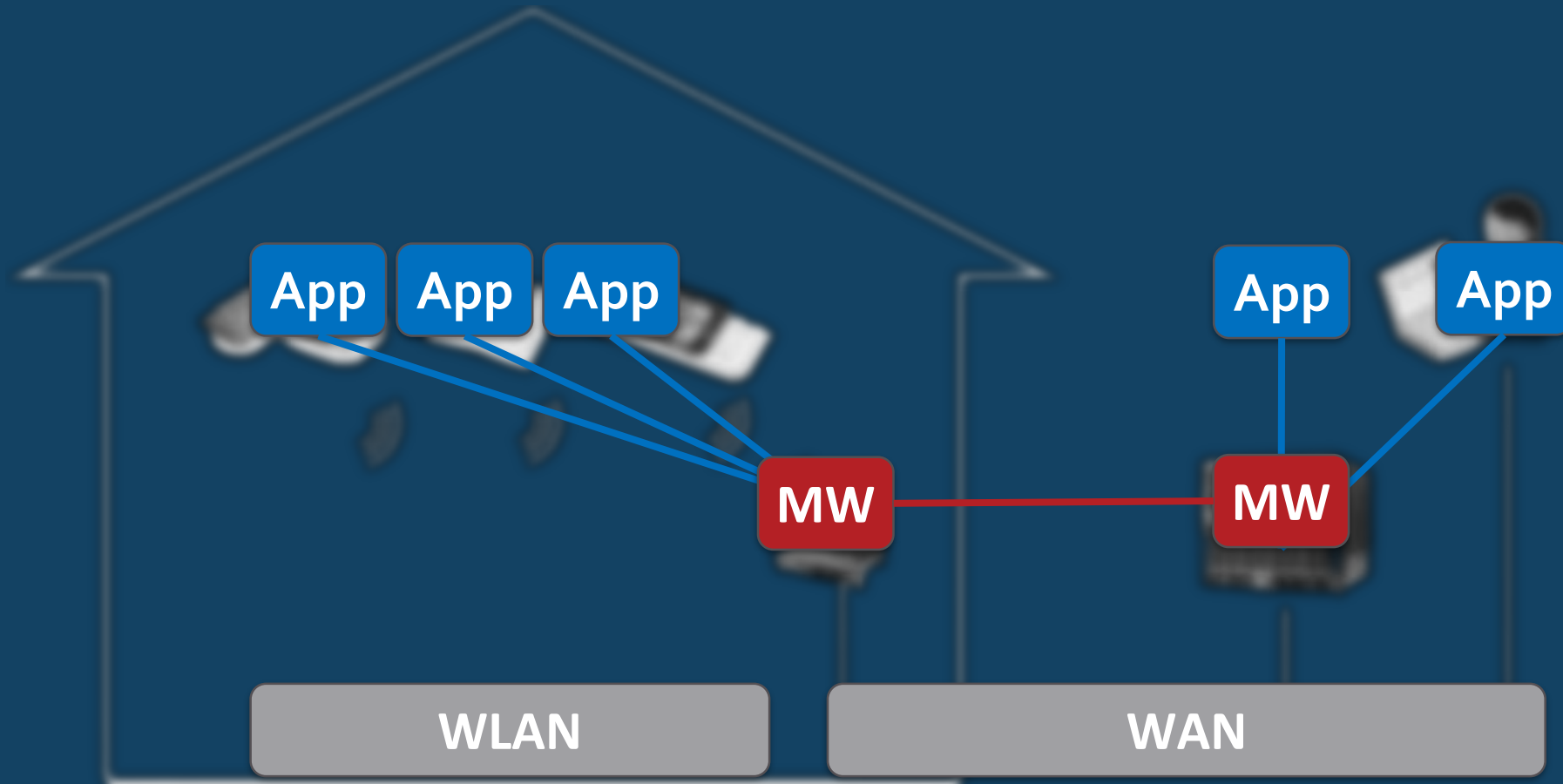
eHealth



eHealth



eHealth



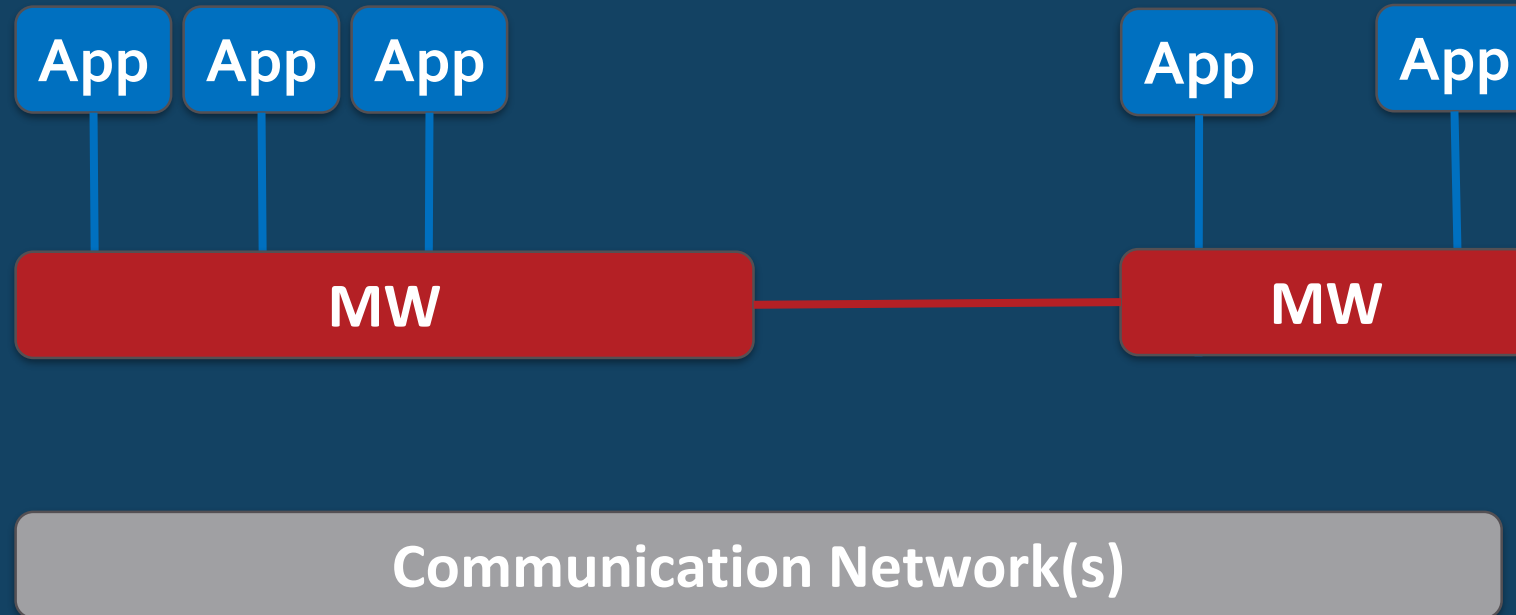
eHealth



Communication Network(s)

eHealth

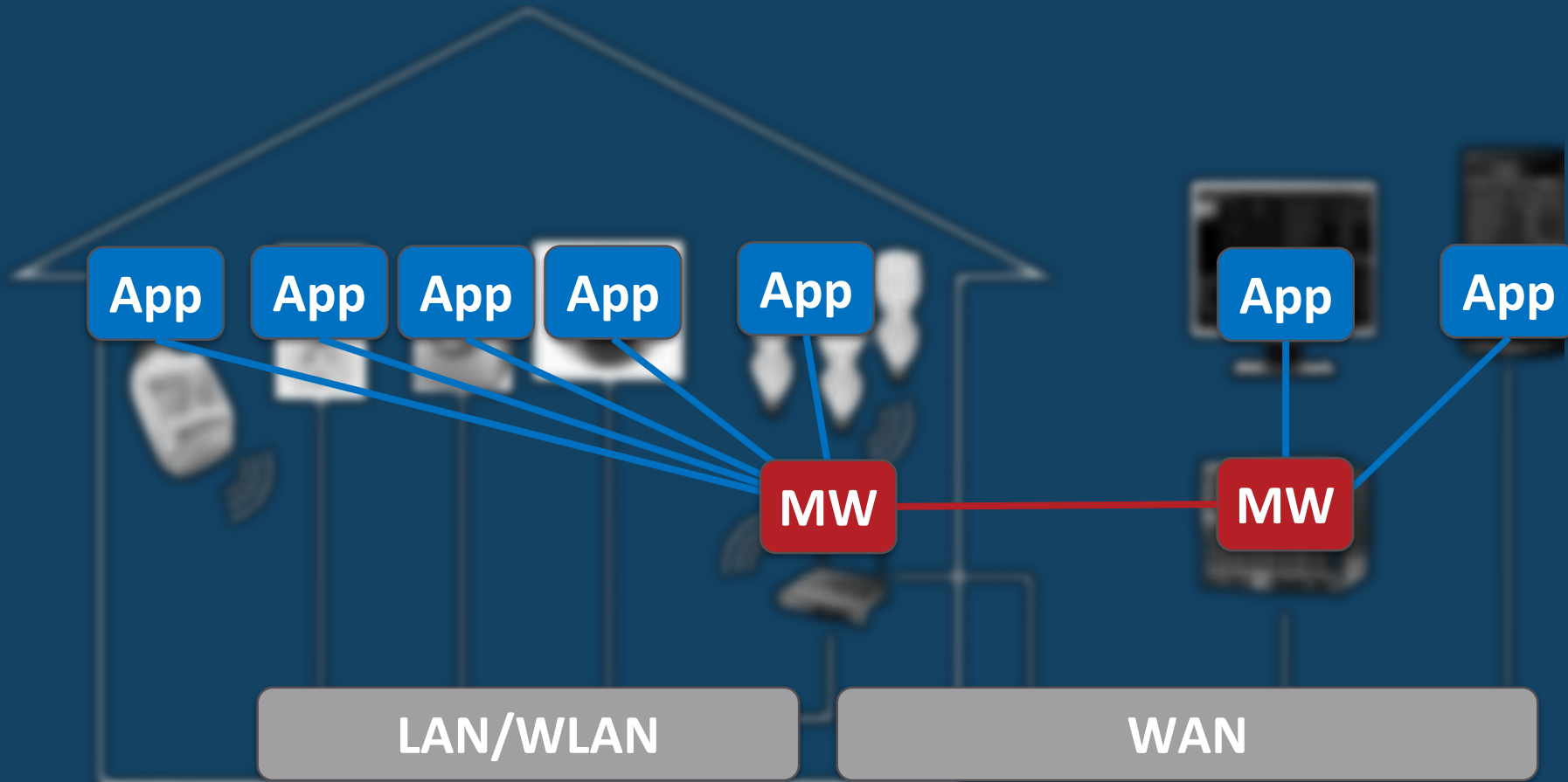
Functional Architecture



eHealth

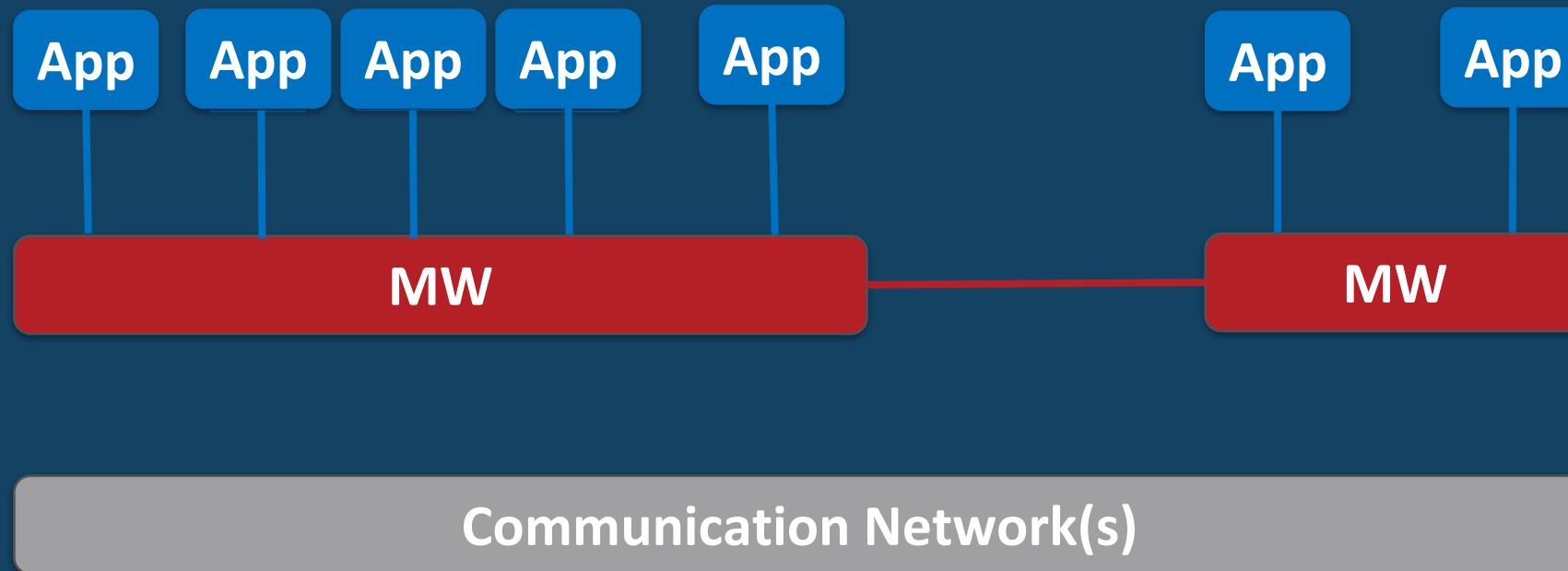


Connected Home



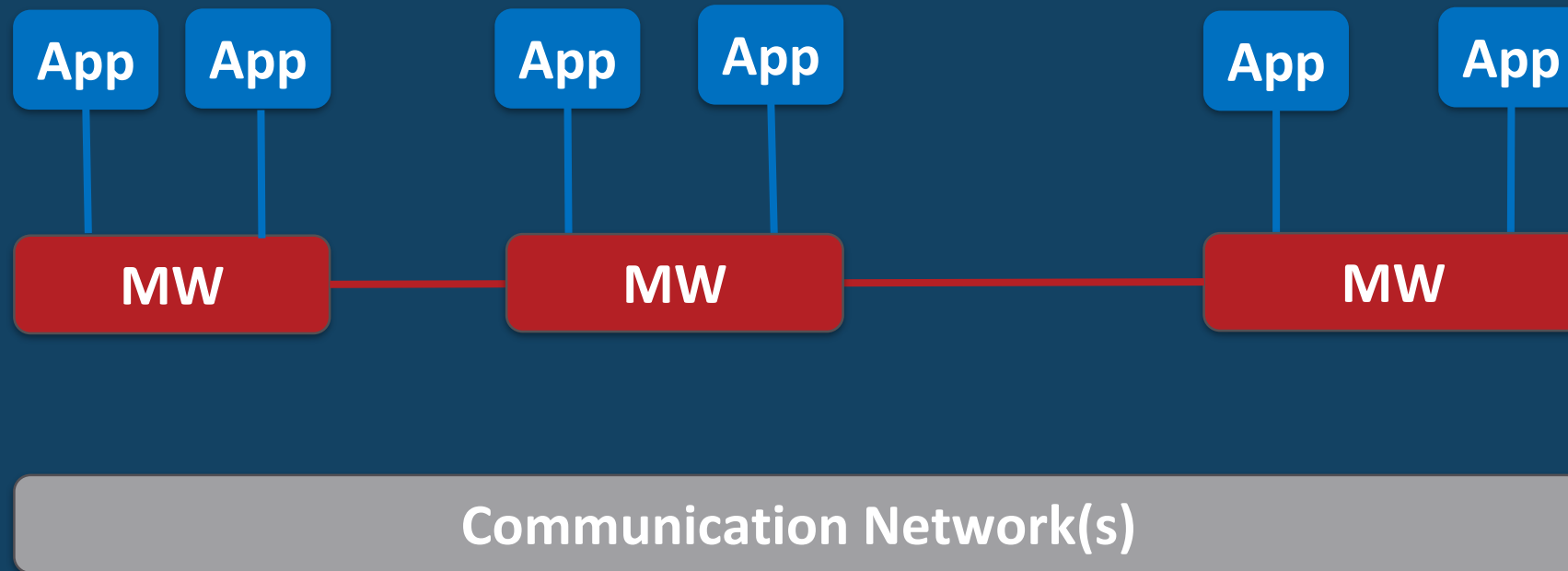
Connected Home

Functional Architecture



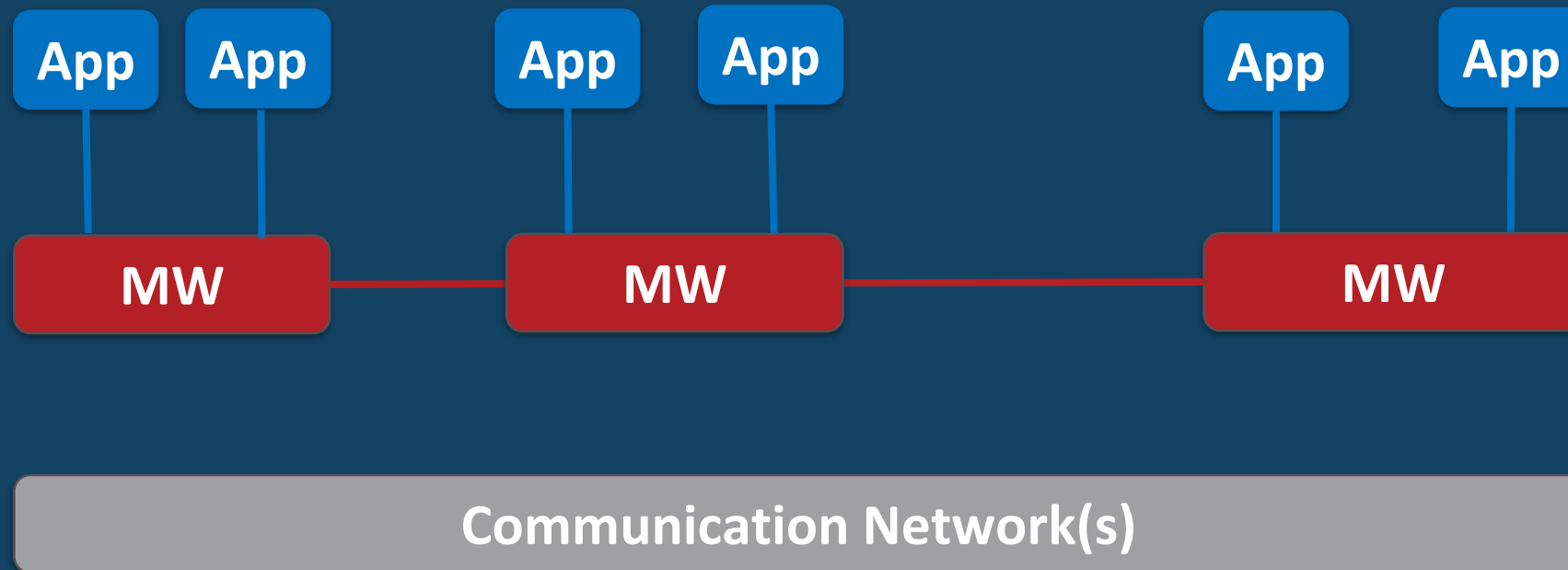
Connected Home

Functional Architecture



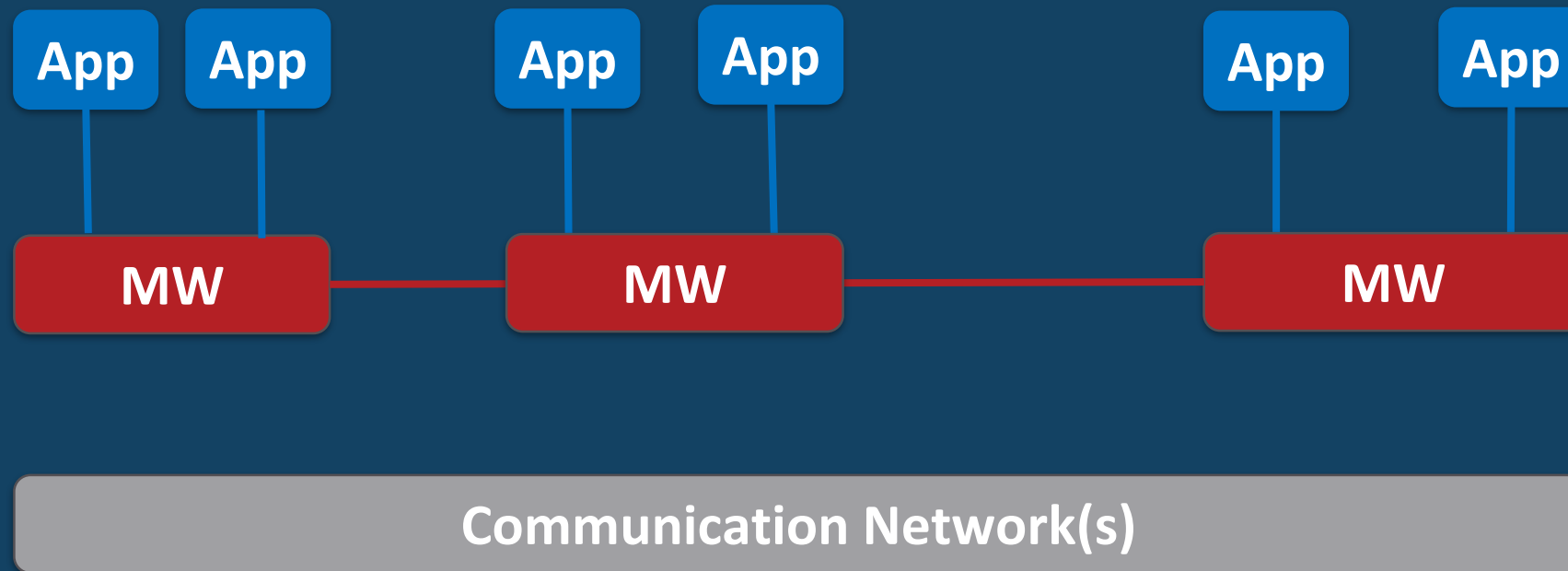
Automotive

Functional Architecture



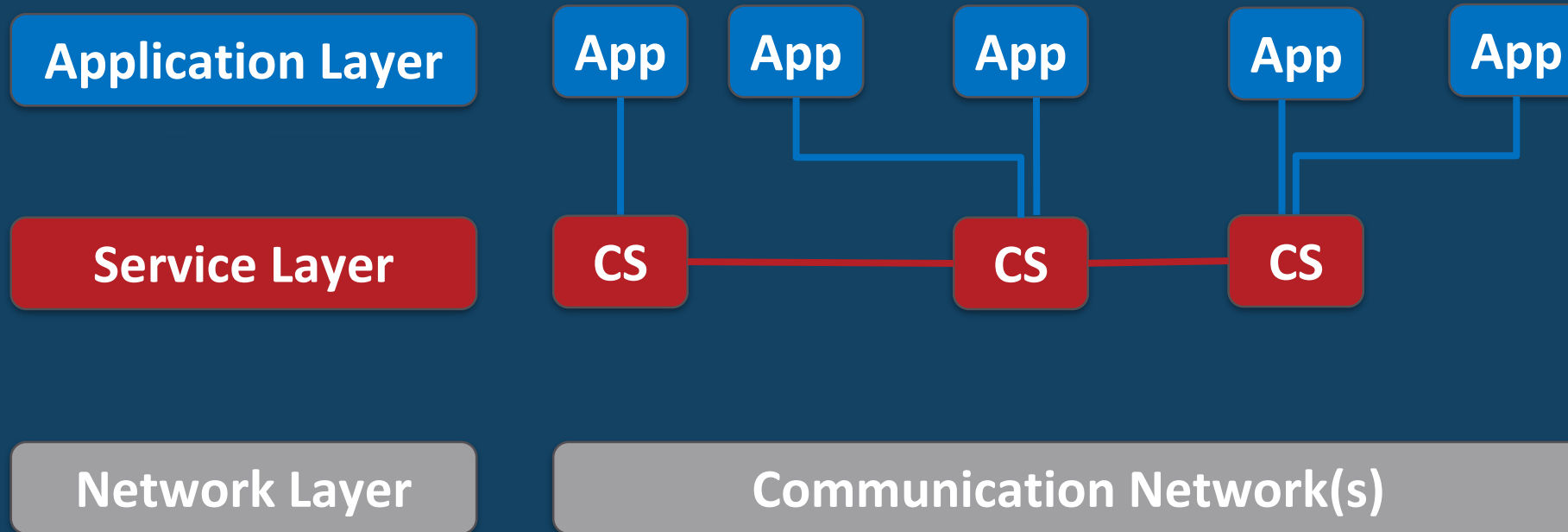
Metering

Functional Architecture



Industrial Production

M2M / IoT Service Layer



App: Applications
CS: Common Services



oneM2M Partnership

Standardizing an
Open Horizontal M2M Service Layer Platform

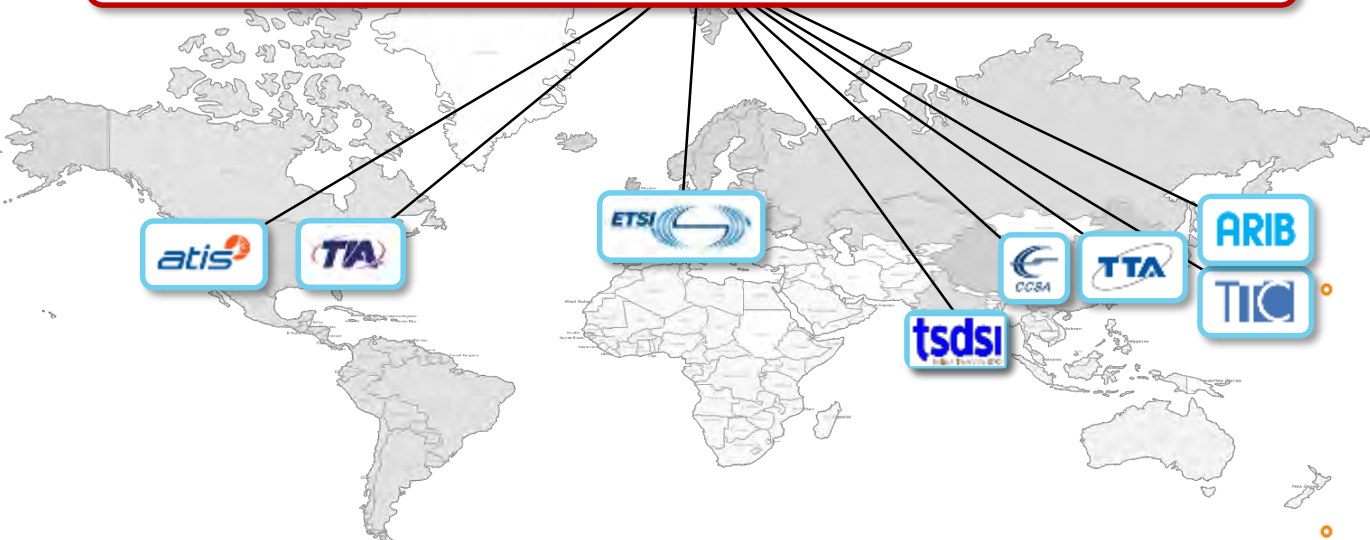




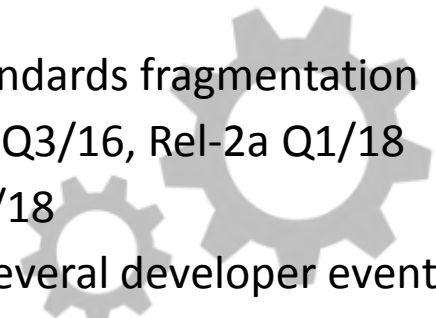
Motivation for oneM2M: Consolidation

Global partnership initiative: Consolidate standardization of M2M/IoT functions

~200 member organizations in oneM2M



- Partner Type 1: ARIB, ATIS, CCSA, ETSI, TIA, TTA, TTC & TSDSI: **All major Telecom SDOs around globe**
 - Members (e.g. companies) participate in oneM2M via admitting Partner Type 1
 - IPR policy of admitting Partner Type 1 organization is binding for members
 - Partner Type 1 organizations are committed to transpose specifications into standards
- Partner Type 2: BBF, CEN/CENELEC, New Generation M2M Consortium, OMA, Global Platform
 - Fora/Associations/Consortia participate & contribute in oneM2M with compatible IPR regime
- Milestones
 - Created in 2012, avoiding standards fragmentation
 - Published Rel-1 Q1/15, Rel-2 Q3/16, Rel-2a Q1/18
 - Rel-3 to be completed by Q3/18
 - 5 interop test events so far, several developer events
 - Open source implementations (6), commercial take up





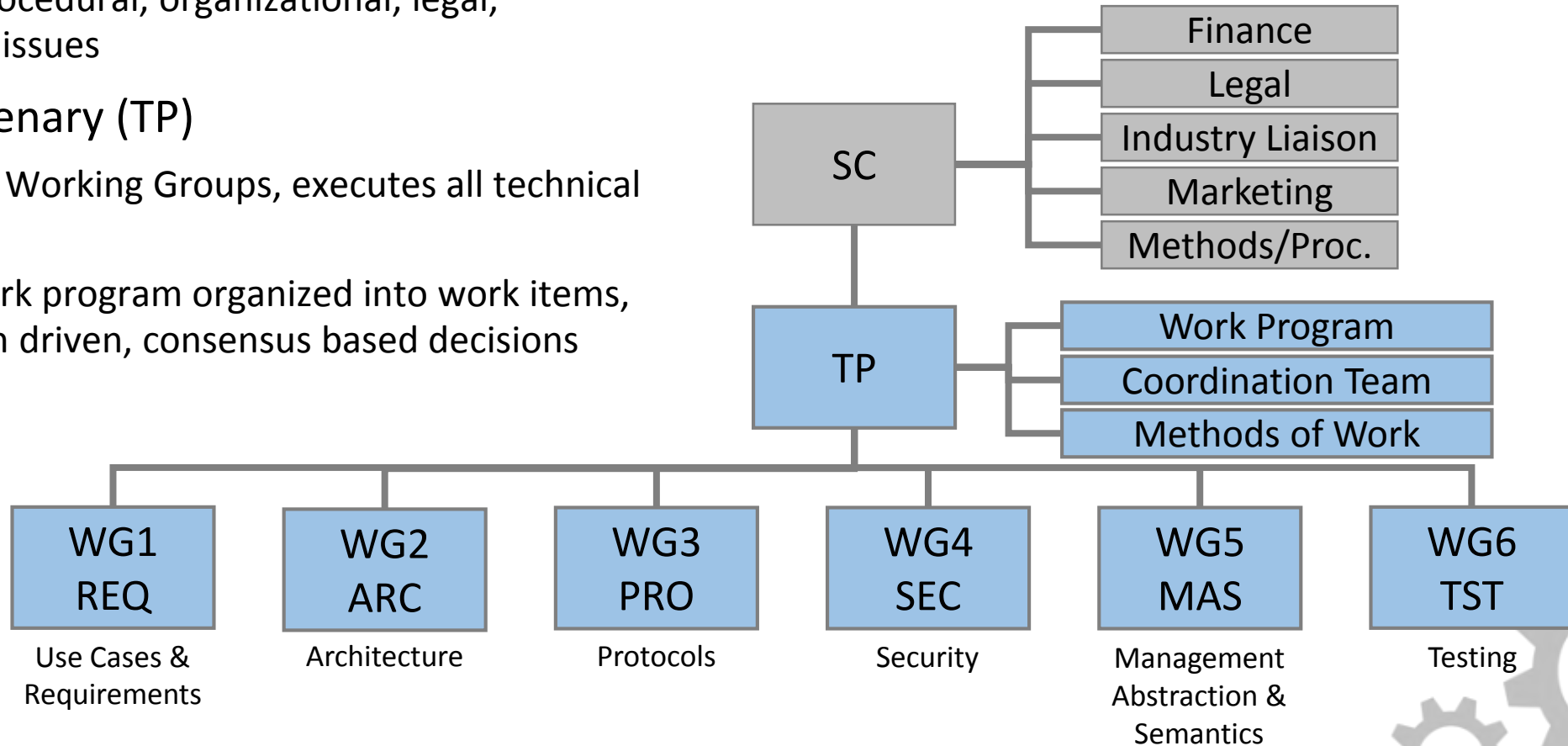
Organizational Structure of oneM2M

- Steering Committee (SC)

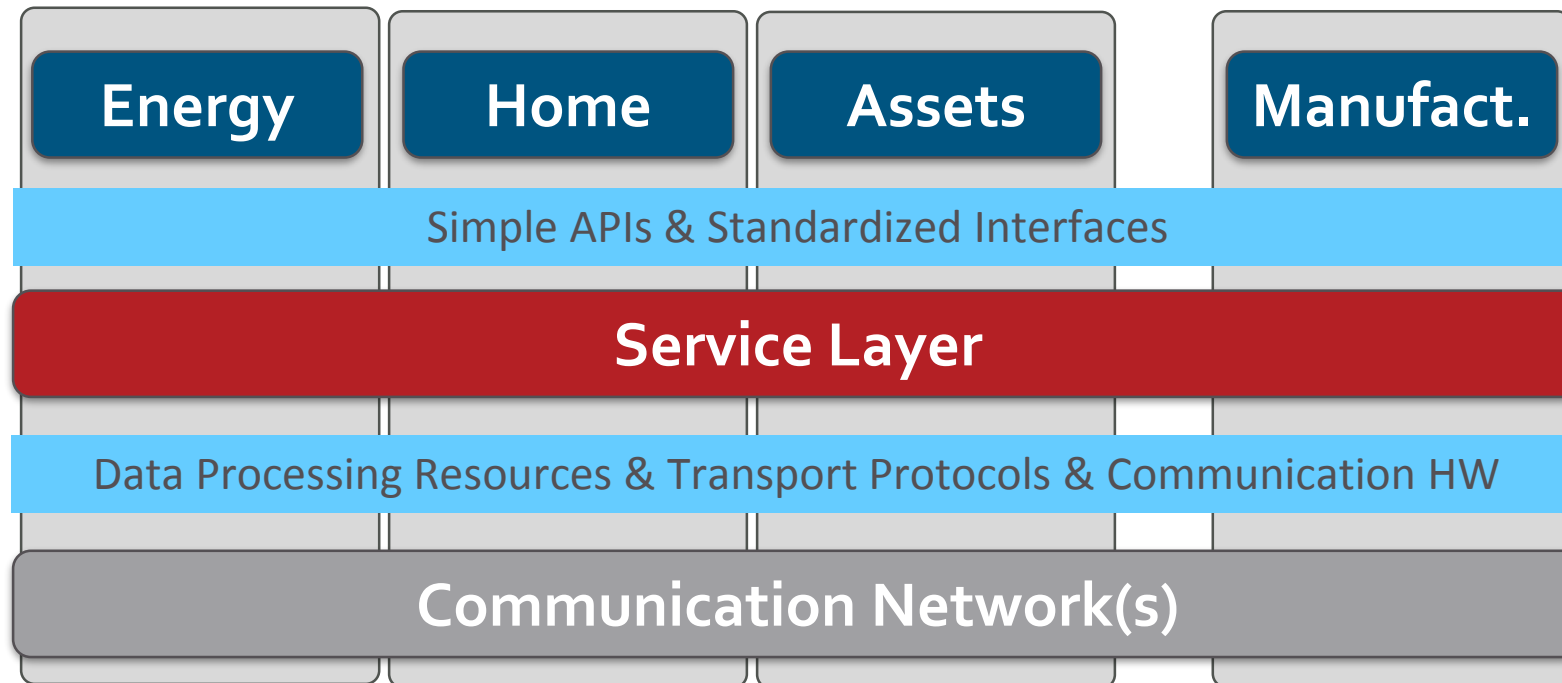
- Handling procedural, organizational, legal, and budget issues

- Technical Plenary (TP)

- Contains all Working Groups, executes all technical work
- Focused work program organized into work items, contribution driven, consensus based decisions



oneM2M: Standard for M2M / IoT



- Standard for a middleware platform
- Sits between applications and processing/communication HW
- On sensors, actors, gateways, cloud
- Authentication/authorization/encryption
- Connects producers/consumers securely
- Hides complexity of NW usage from apps
- Controls when communication happens
- Increases efficiency of data transport
- Stores and shares data
- Supports access control
- Notifies about events
- Talks to groups of things
- Device & life cycle manages, large scale

Horizontal layer of functions commonly needed across different market segments / not segment-specific

Similar to generic versus use case-specific computer/OS in early times of computers



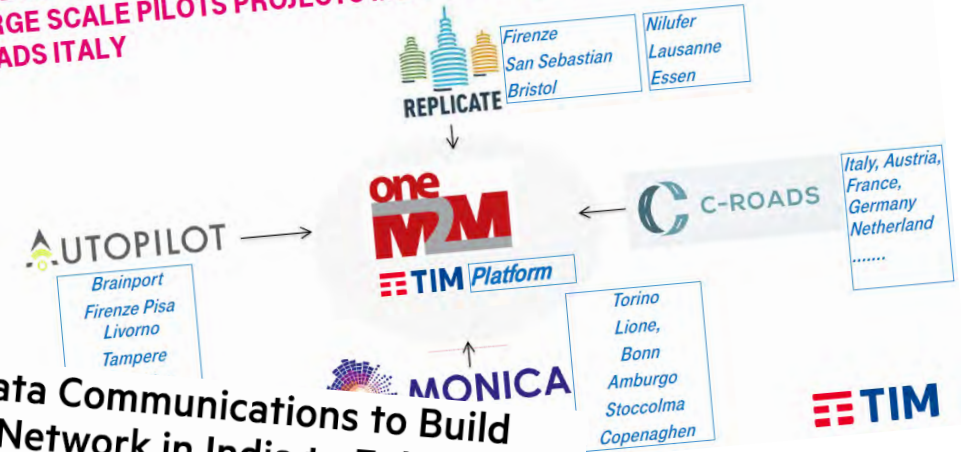
Smart Cities: Platform integration around oneM2M

Europe and Asia

Several demos, larger scale pilots, commercial deployments

Documents from ETSI M2M Workshop 2016 and IoT Week 2017

TELECOM ITALIA DELIVERS ONEM2M PLATFORM I: EU LIGHTHOUSE AND LARGE SCALE PILOTS PROJECTS MONICA, AUTOPILOT, REPLICATE AND C-ROADS ITALY



HPE to Work with Tata Communications to Build World's Largest IoT Network in India to Enhance Resource Utilization

FEBRUARY 26, 2017 • PRESS RELEASE

The HPE Universal IoT Platform will enable Tata Communications' IoT network to support the roll-out of India's first LoRaWAN™ (LoRa) based network.

BARCELONA, SPAIN--(Marketwire - Feb 27, 2017) - Today at Mobile World Congress (<http://ctt.marketwire.com/?release-type=1&url=https%3a%2f%2fwww.mobileworldcongress.com%2f?release=12986366&id=11108911&type=1&url=https%3a%2f%2fwww.tatacommunications.com%2f>), a leading provider of A New World of mobile platforms and ecosystems that enable its customers and partners to connect people and IoT-connected devices at global scale. The first phase of the roll-out targets Tier 1, 2, 3 and 4 cities in India, touching over 400 million people. All field trials in Mumbai, Delhi and Bangalore, there are also 35 proof-of-concept applications in trial on the network.

oneM2M based smart city deployment example - Busan



Status of Smart City in Korea

Busan – Smart City Platform

- Coordinator: SK Telecom
- Open Smart City Platform
 - Based on oneM2M Standard
- Services, Applications and
 - Proposed and deployed by

Service Services: ZigBee, RS-485, Bluetooth, Wi-Fi, NFC, LPWA

Device platform: &Cube

Open Smart City Platform: Common platform, Open API, Common service functions, Device protocols

Who: City

Applic: City

City

Korea Electronics Technology Institute

Status of Smart City in Korea

Goyang – Smart City Platform

- Coordinator: LG U+
- Open Smart City Platform
 - Based on oneM2M Standard
 - Sharing the Busan Smart City
- Services, Applications and
 - Proposed and deployed by

ETSI IoT/M2M Workshop 2016 featuring the Smart World

Korea Electronics Technology Institute



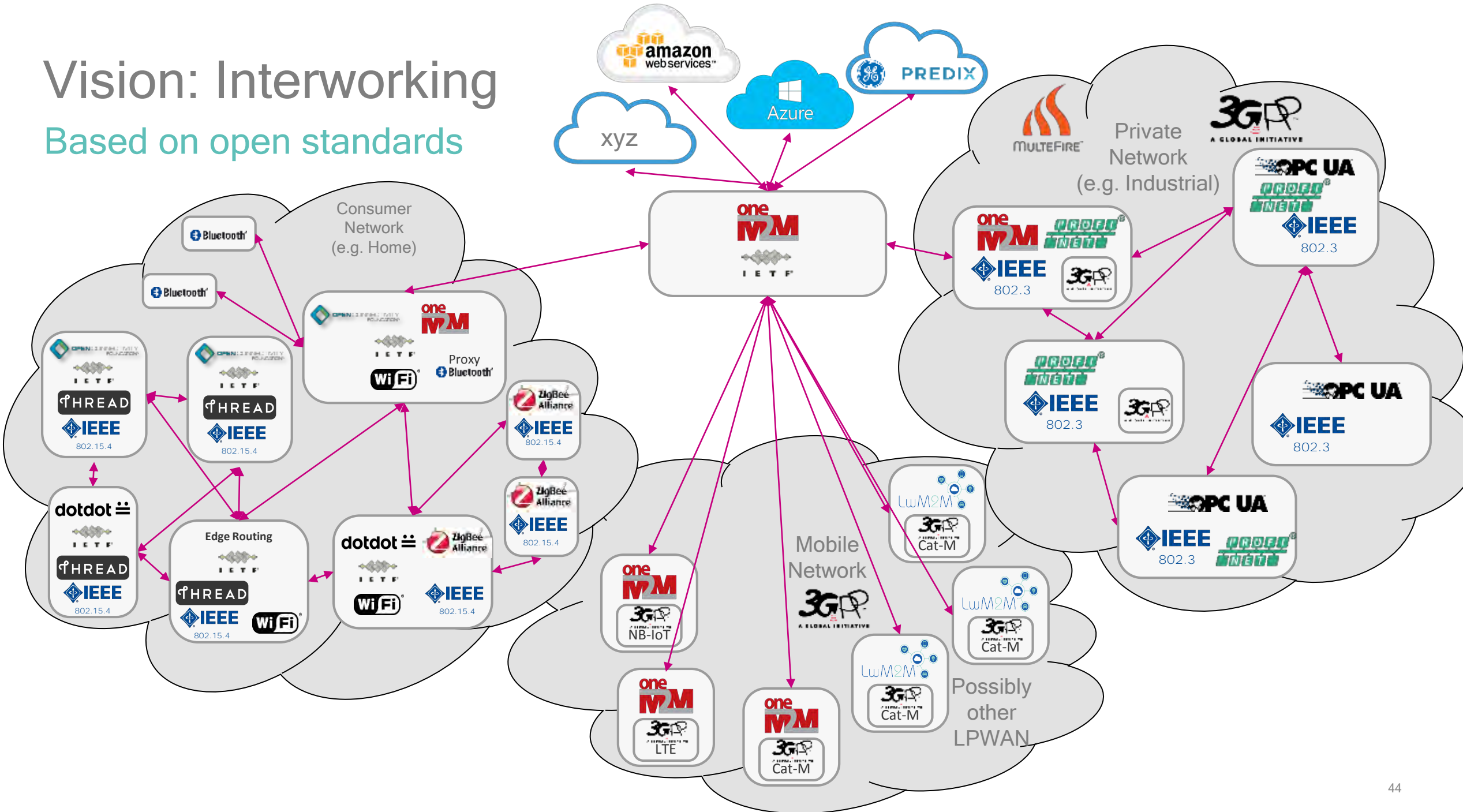
one
M2M



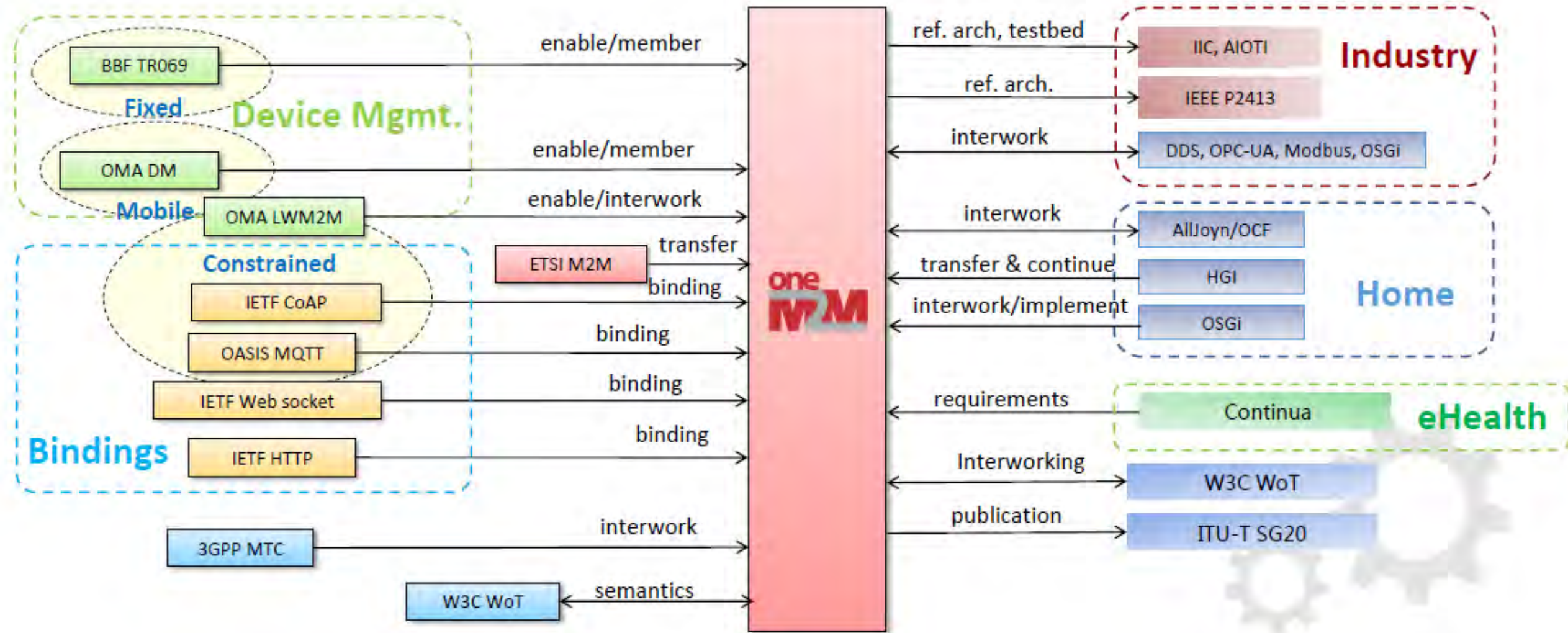
Interworking is Key

- A number of open IoT standards are very complementary
- Need for simple interworking & more consolidation

Vision: Interworking Based on open standards



Industry collaboration around oneM2M (from InterDigital & Huawei)



TR-0018 chapter 10 – OPC-UA interworking

10	OPC-UA Interworking
10.1	Introduction of OPC-UA
10.2	Scenarios for Interworking
10.2.1	Overview of interworking scenarios
10.2.2	OPC-UA system interact with oneM2M infrastructure domain
10.2.3	OPC-UA systems in the field domain interact with each other via oneM2M infrastructure domain
10.2.4	OPC-UA system interact with oneM2M field domain via oneM2M infrastructure domain
10.2.5	OPC-UA system directly interact with oneM2M field domain
10.3	Possible Solutions to Address Interworking
10.3.1	Introduction
10.3.2	Functional Architecture for Interworking
10.3.3	Resource Model Mapping
10.3.3.1	Introduction
10.3.3.2	Generic Entities Mapping
10.3.3.3	Analysis and Recommendations
10.3.4	Procedure Mapping
10.3.4.0	Introduction
10.3.4.1	Connection Establishment
10.3.4.1.0	Introduction
10.3.4.1.1	Initialization
10.3.4.1.2	Discovery
10.3.4.2	Data Collection from OPC-UA Device
10.3.4.2.1	Simple Reading Procedures
10.3.4.2.2	Subscription & Notification Procedures
10.4	Possible Impacts on oneM2M TSs

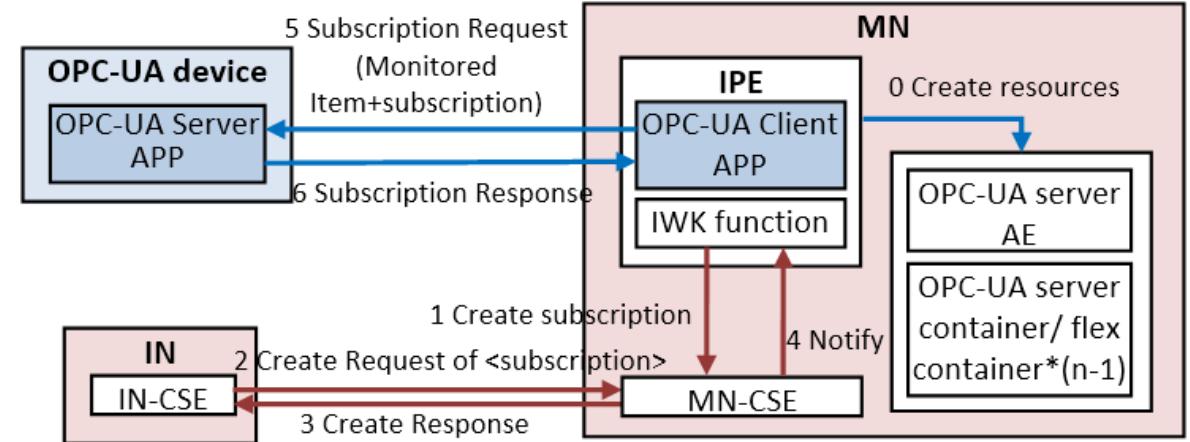


Figure 10.3.4.2.2-1: Interworking procedure for Subscription

Example figures from TR-0018

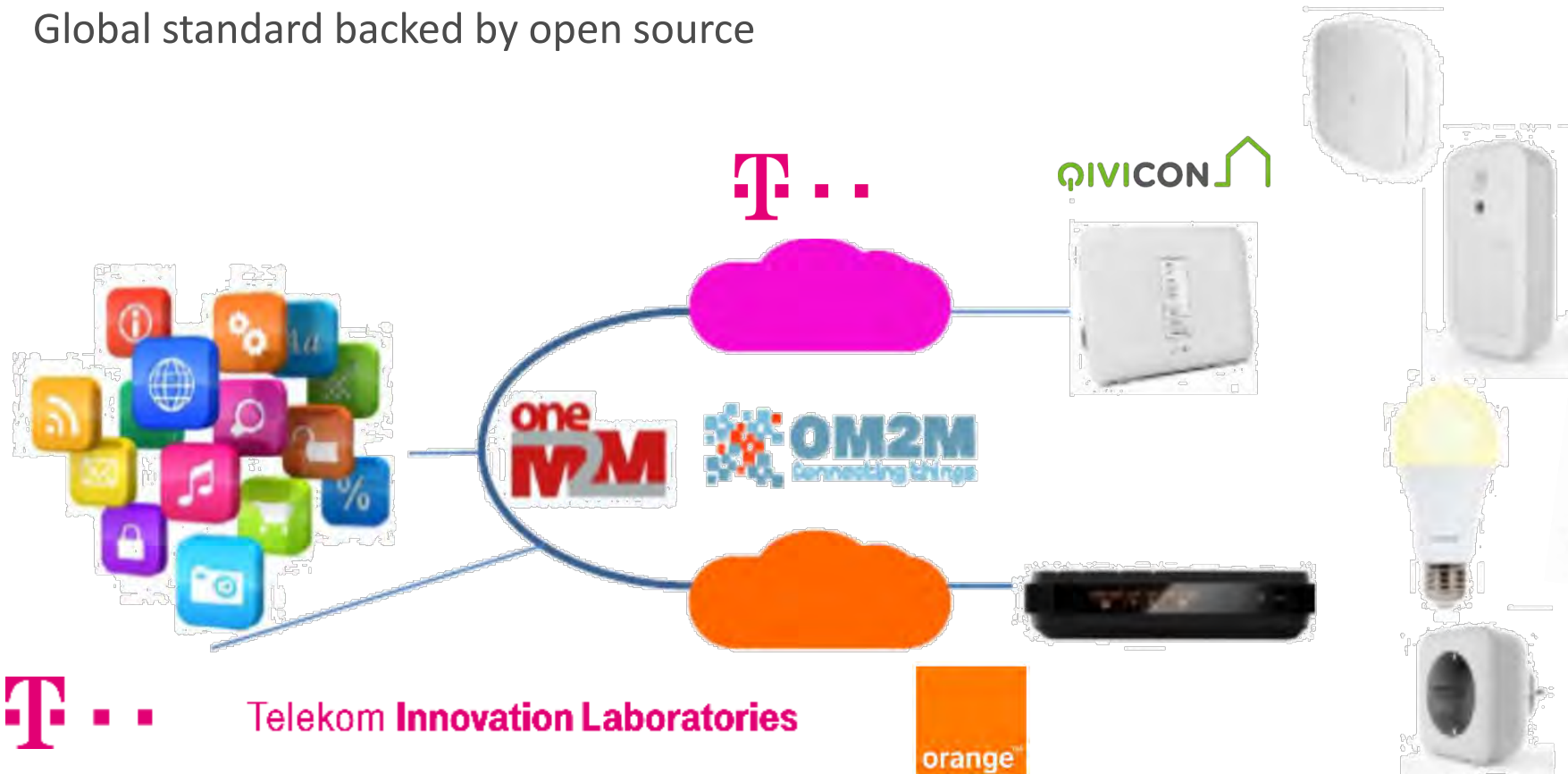
Example: Demo of Orange & Deutsche Telekom

oneM2M as unified API to operators' Consumer IoT

oneM2M APIs & data models: Abstracting out specifics of DT & Orange

Applications independent of operators' Smart Home solution

Global standard backed by open source



New Eclipse Member Orange and Deutsche Telekom demonstrate joint initiative on oneM2M based cloud APIs for Smart Home and consumer IoT

23/10/2017
France
11:53 GMT

 [Download the press release](#)

Eclipse IoT projects – Eclipse OM2M and Eclipse SmartHome – are used and enhanced to ease the life of developers.

In Ludwigsburg, Germany, during EclipseCon (October 24 – 26), the new member of the Eclipse Foundation, Orange together with member Deutsche Telekom, will showcase and

Bosch Corporate Research

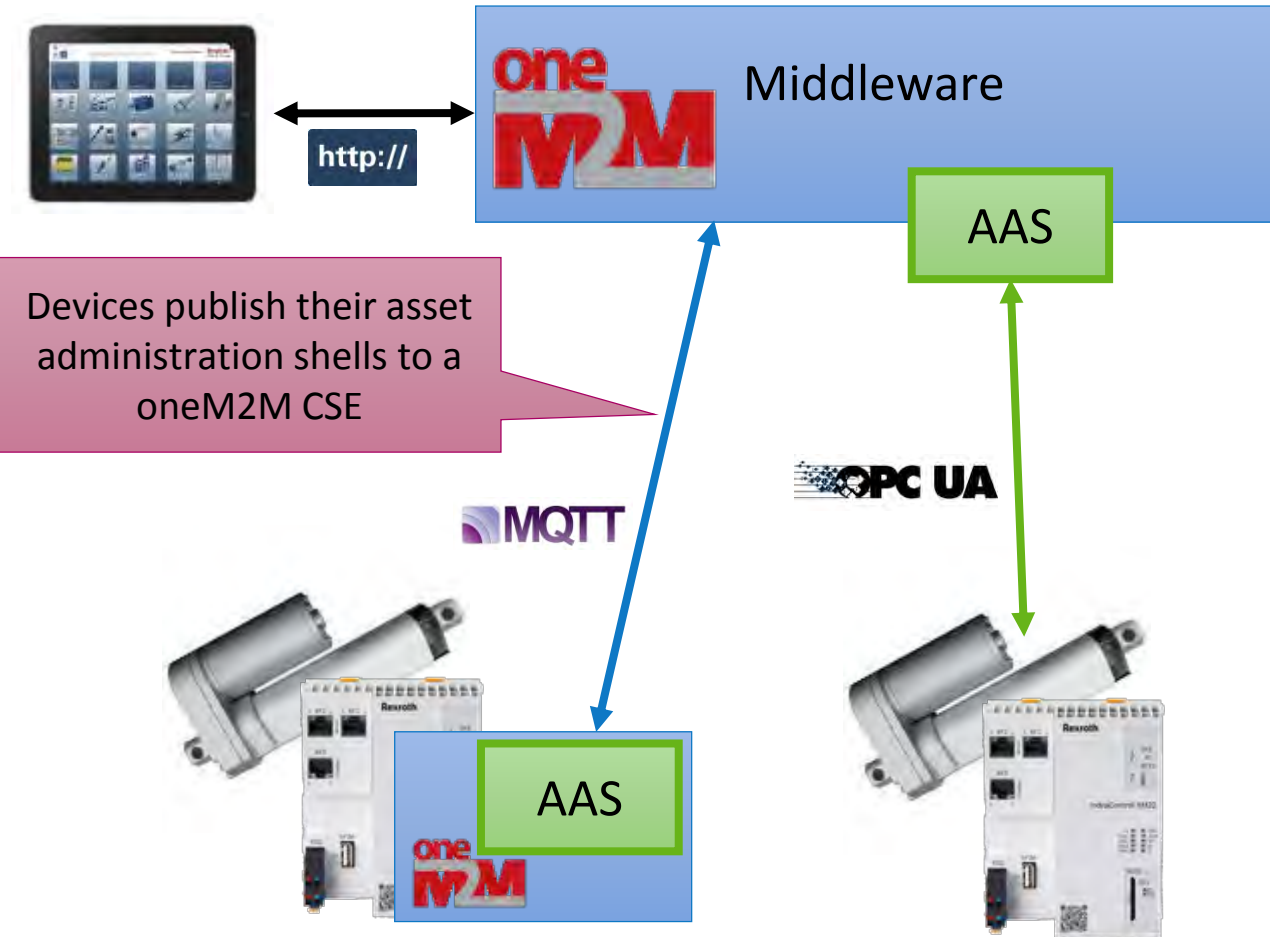
Overview on research project 'SmartControl'

- ▶ Project aims at reducing engineering effort and increasing scalability in the context of Industry 4.0
 - ▶ Engineering is based on so-called asset administration shells (AAS, = "digital twins of machines")
 - ▶ Together with a wide range of industry partners, structure and interfaces of these AAS are defined in the public funded collaborative project "BaSys 4.0"
- ▶ In SmartControl, oneM2M is used as middleware technology to store and retrieve asset administration shells
 - ▶ Utilizing Eclipse oM2M as oneM2M platform
 - ▶ Providing a mapping from BaSys 4.0 interfaces to oneM2M
 - ▶ Contributing to the BaSys 4.0 open source stack (Eclipse BaSyx)

BaSys 4.0



Bosch Corporate Research Infrastructure with oneM2M



The screenshot shows the 'oneM2M Browser' interface. The tree view on the left shows the following structure:

- InCSE1
 - ManufacturingManagement
 - PiActuator001
 - actuator
 - moveOut
 - PROC
 - RESP
 - REQ
 - default_subscription
 - stop
 - moveIn
 - moveInFull
 - state
 - moveOutFull
 - WorkflowEditor
 - _defaultACP

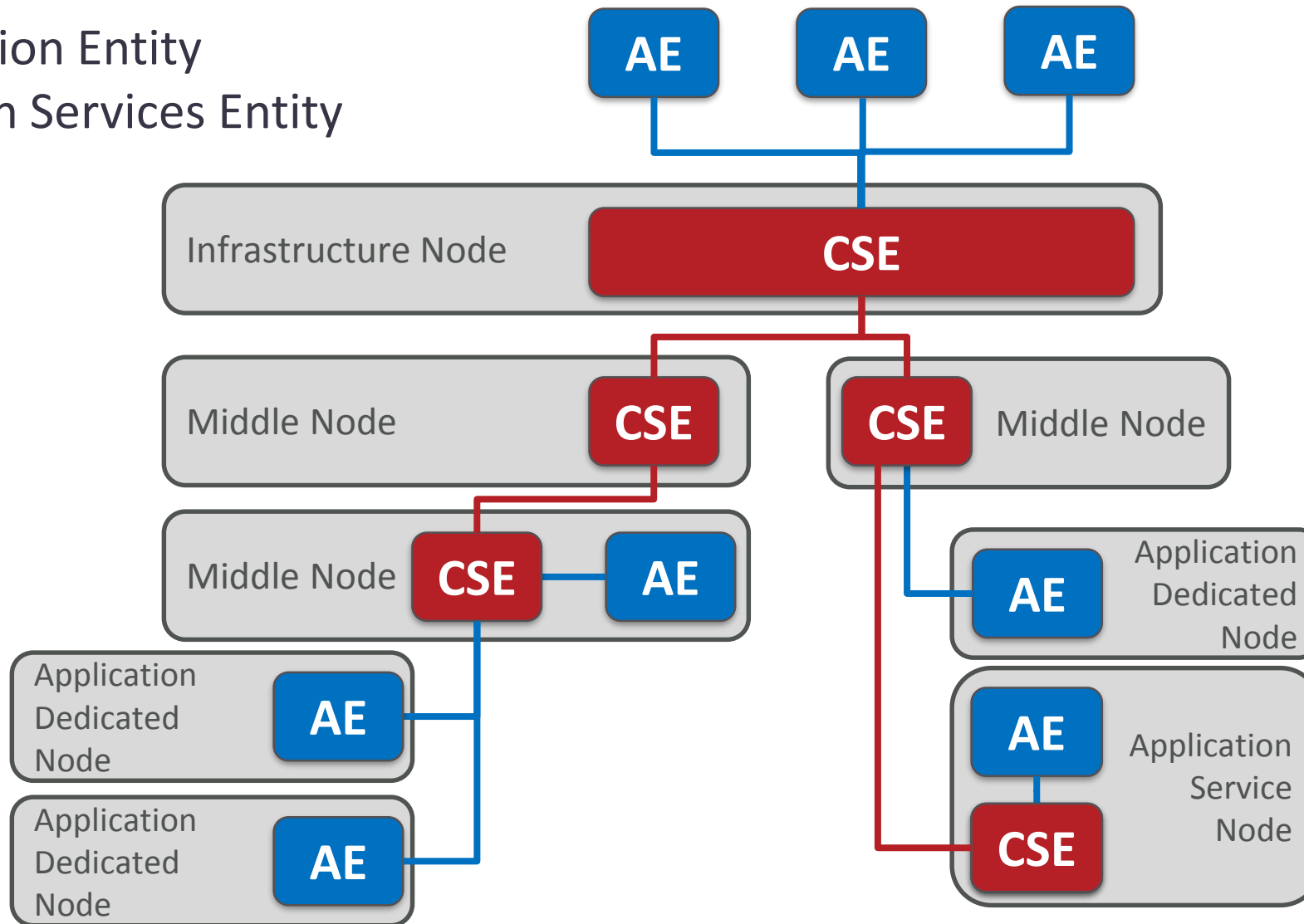
The right pane shows the 'Attributes (InCSE1)' for the selected resource, with a callout box stating: "An AAS is represented by an application entity (AE)". The JSON snippet in the right pane includes:

```

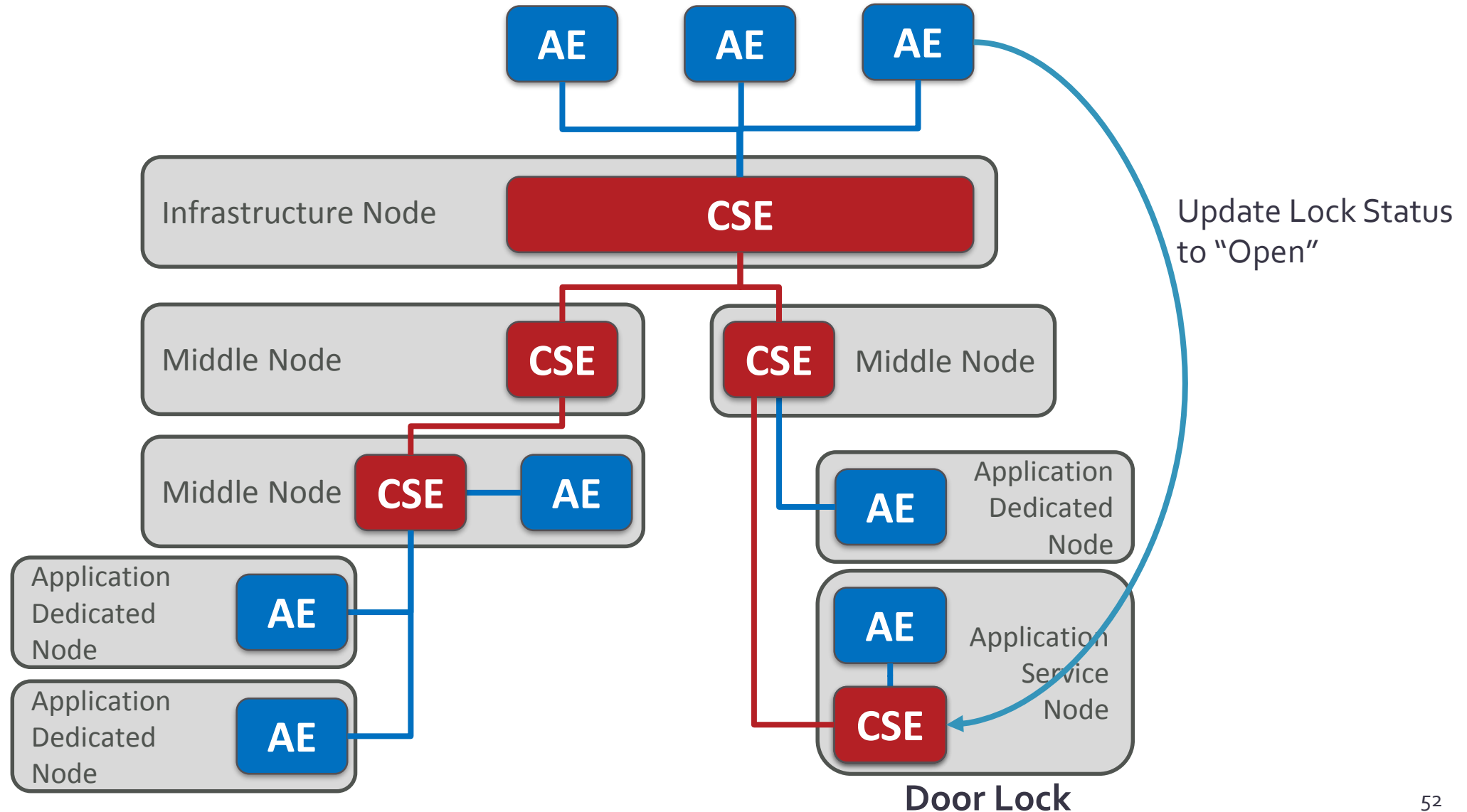
{
  "ct": "20170825T144659",
  "srt": [5,2,3,4,23,9,14,1],
  "m2m:ae": {
    "rr": true,
    "ty": "aas",
    "ty:de.bosch.se": "0",
    "lt": "20170901T09:00",
    "api": "WorkflowEditor",
    "m2m:acp": {
      "ct": "20170825T144659",
      "srt": [5,2,3,4,23,9,14,1]
    }
  }
}
    
```

Topology

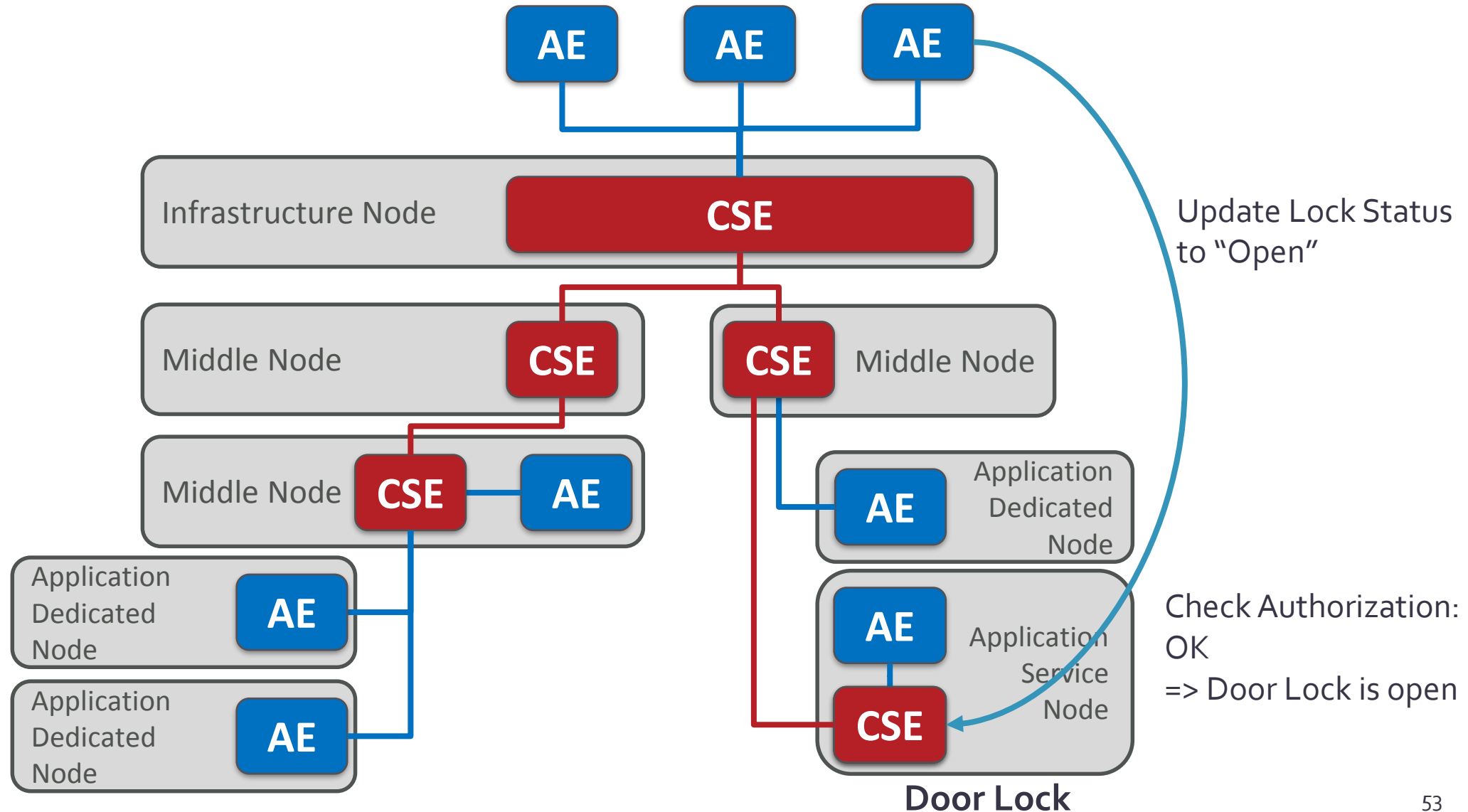
AE: Application Entity
CSE: Common Services Entity



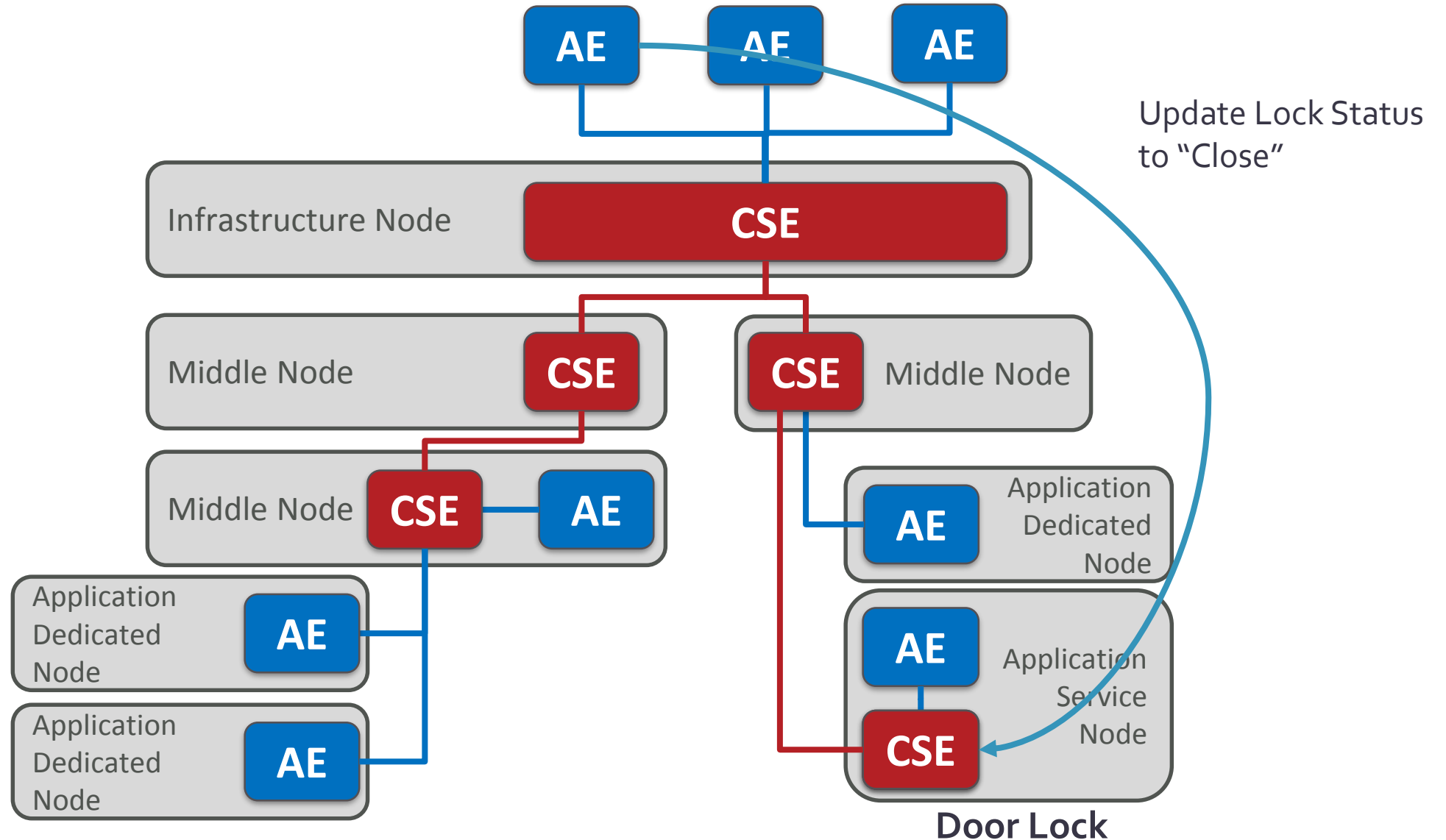
RESTful Style & Access Control



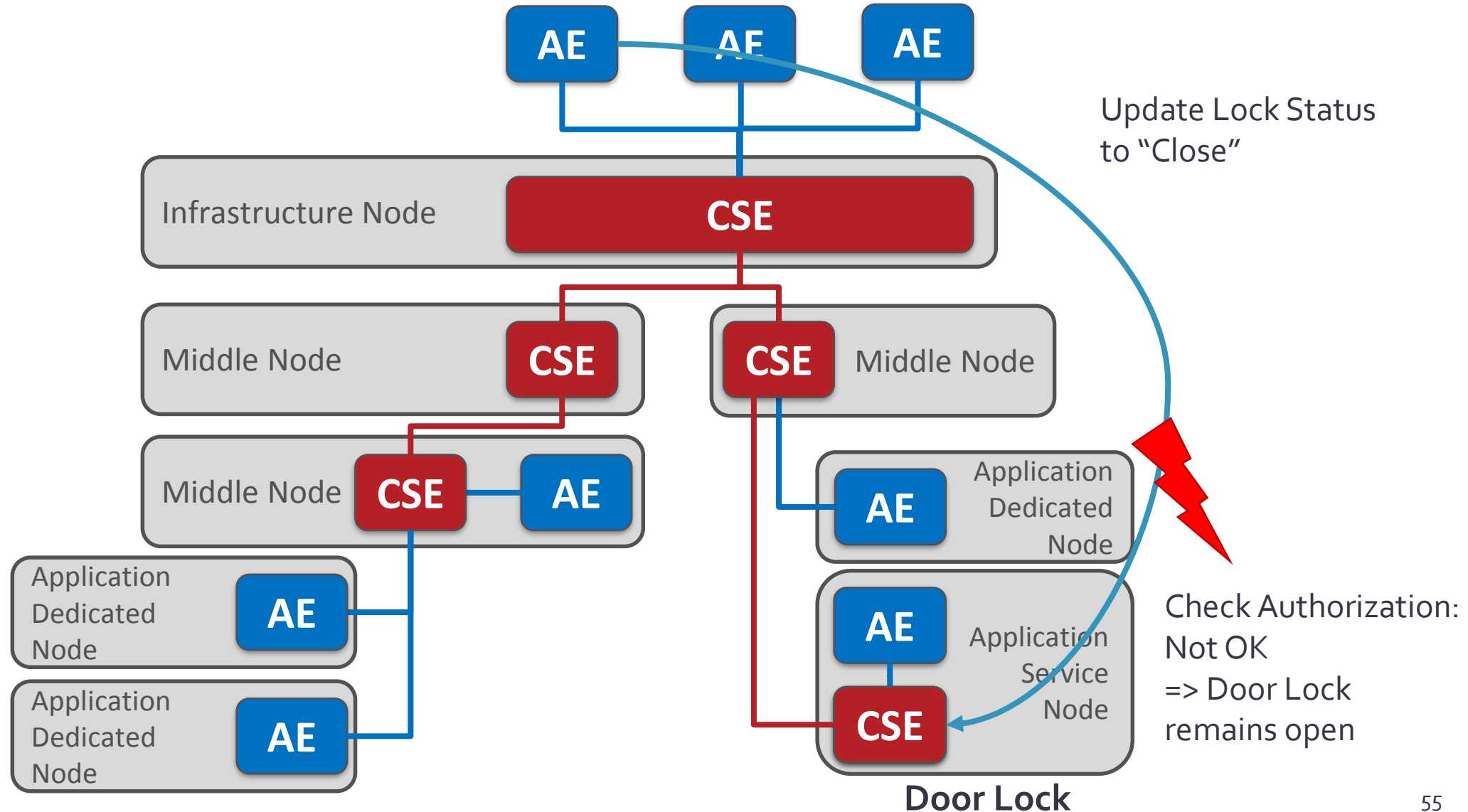
RESTful Style & Access Control



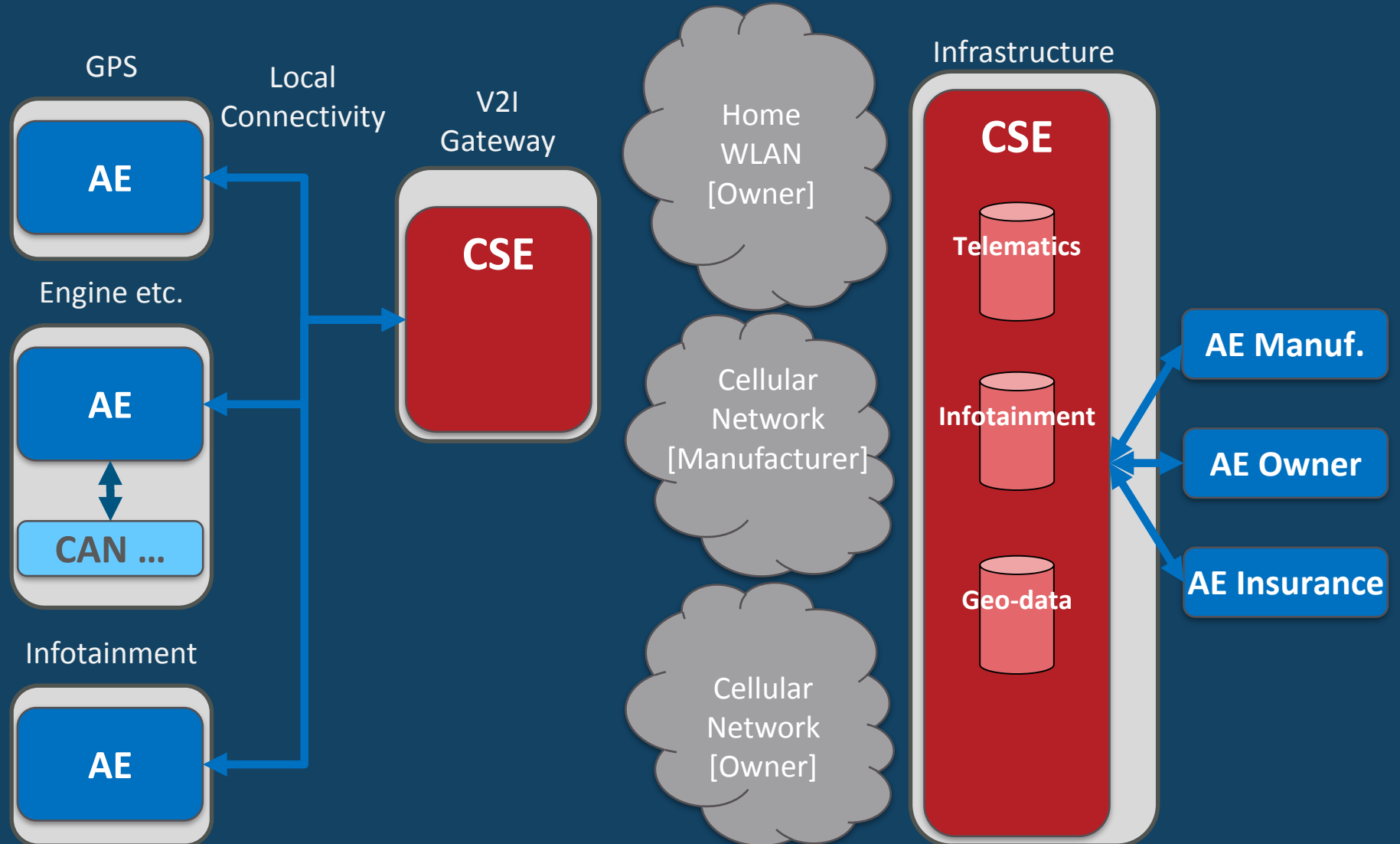
RESTful Style & Access Control



RESTful Style & Access Control

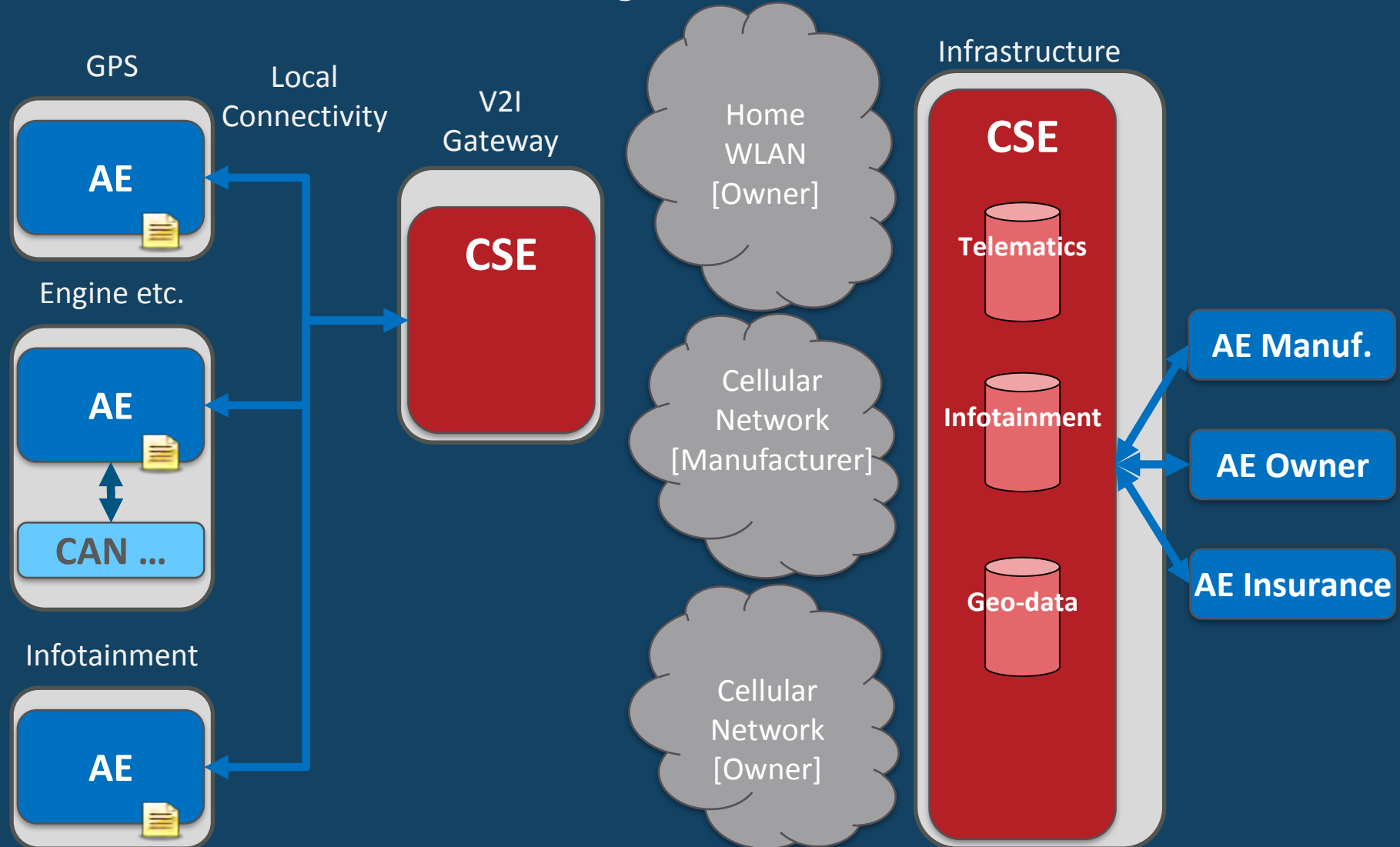


Efficient Data Sharing



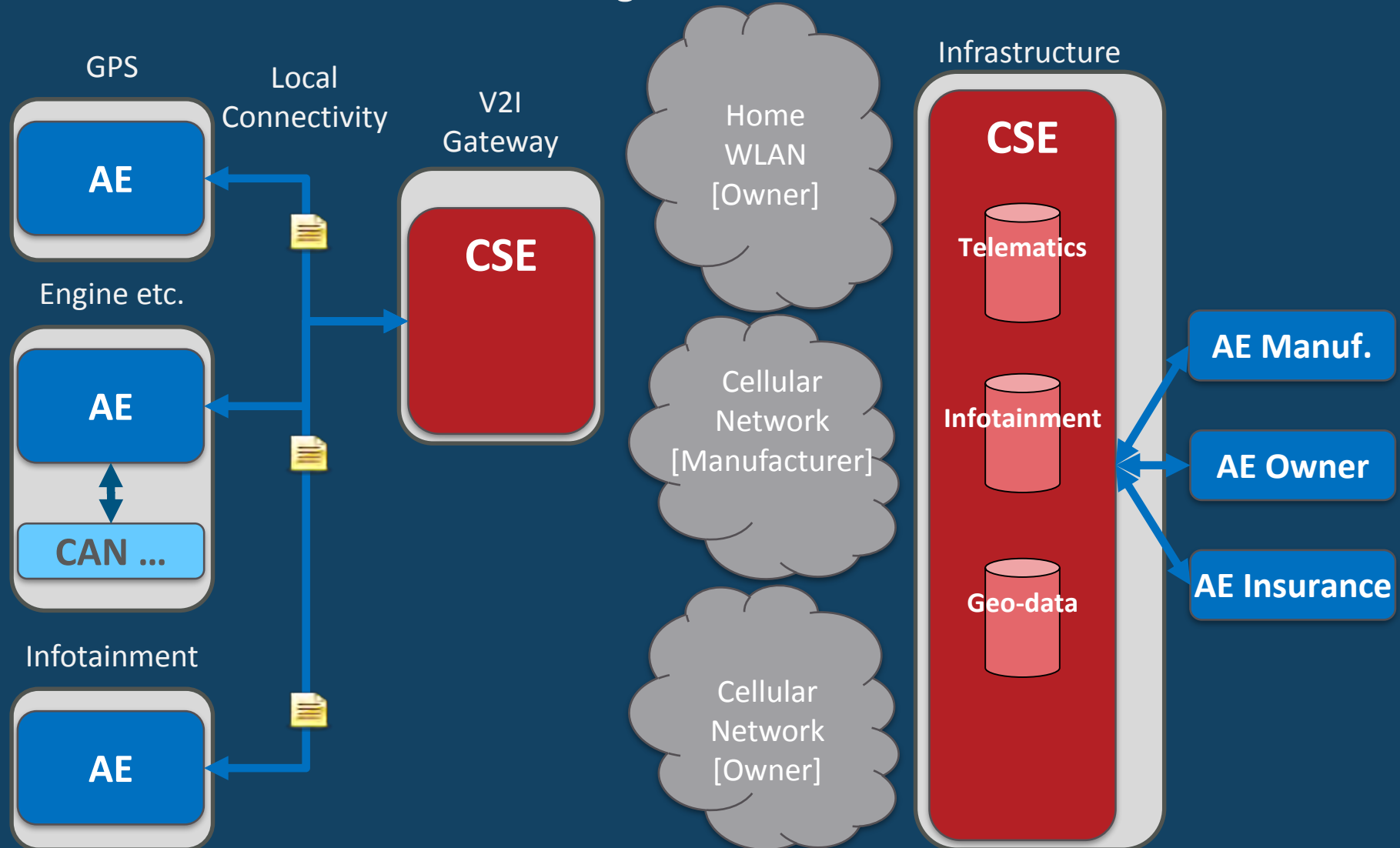
Efficient Data Sharing

At Home: In Owner's WLAN Coverage



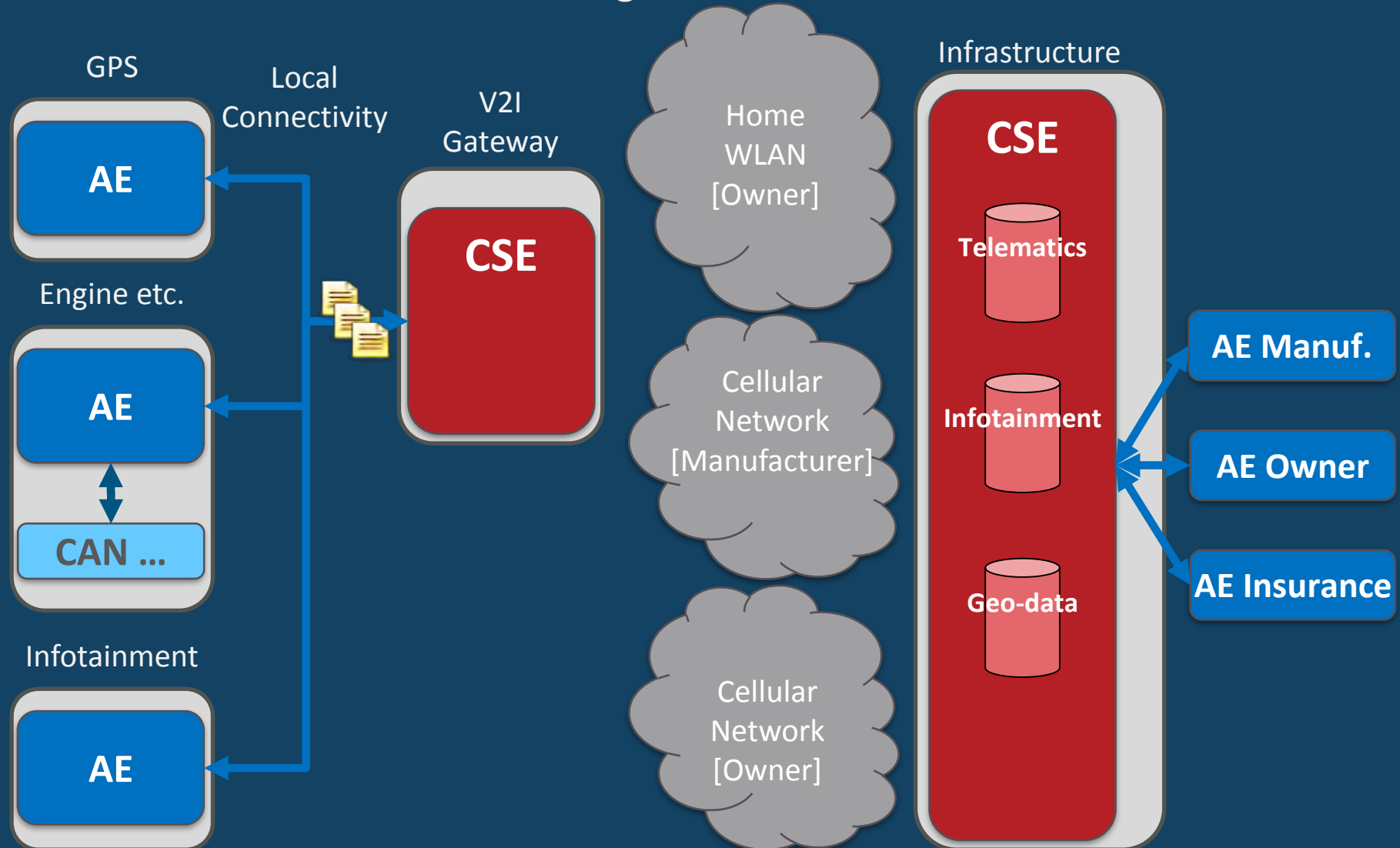
Efficient Data Sharing

At Home: In Owner's WLAN Coverage



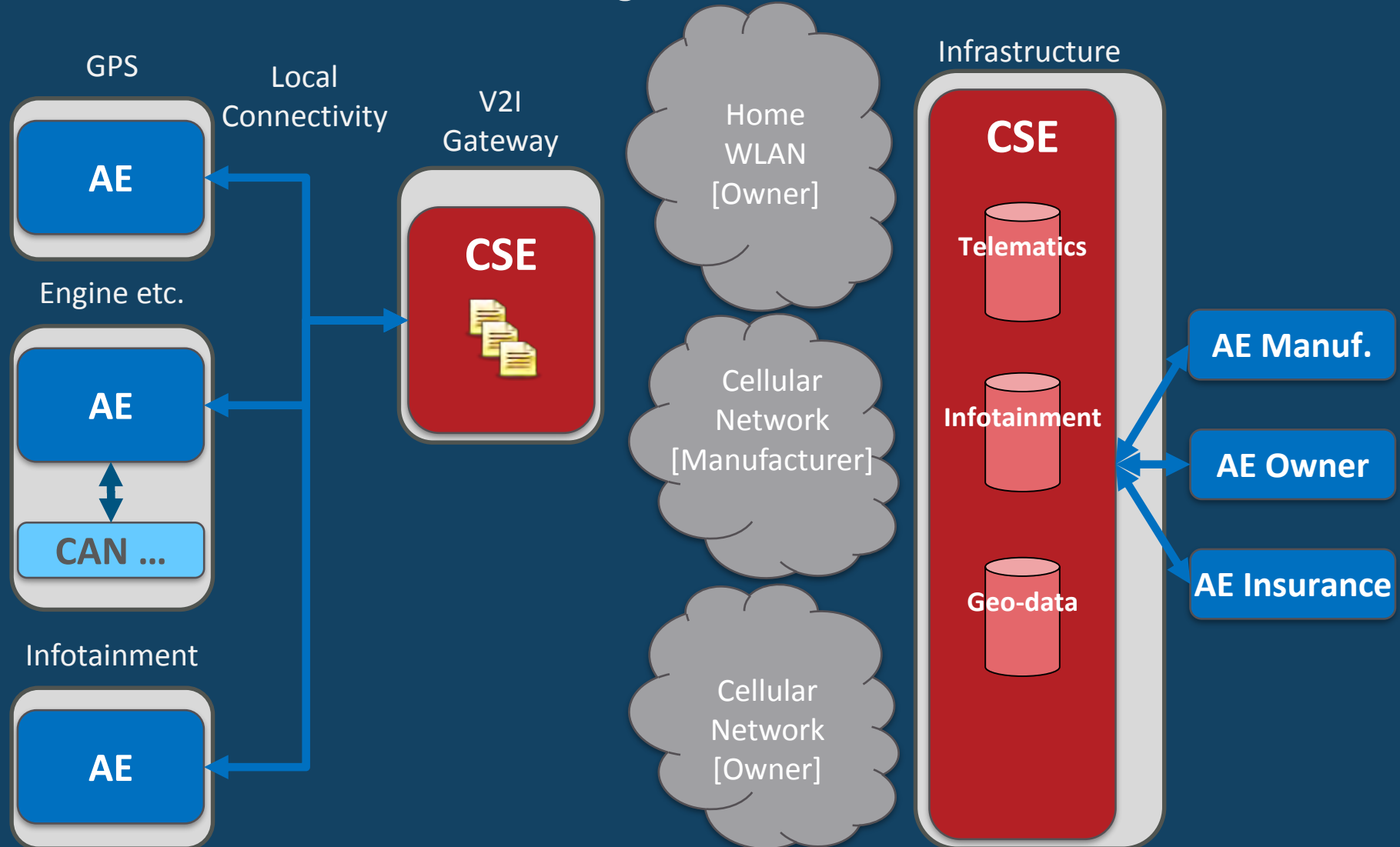
Efficient Data Sharing

At Home: In Owner's WLAN Coverage



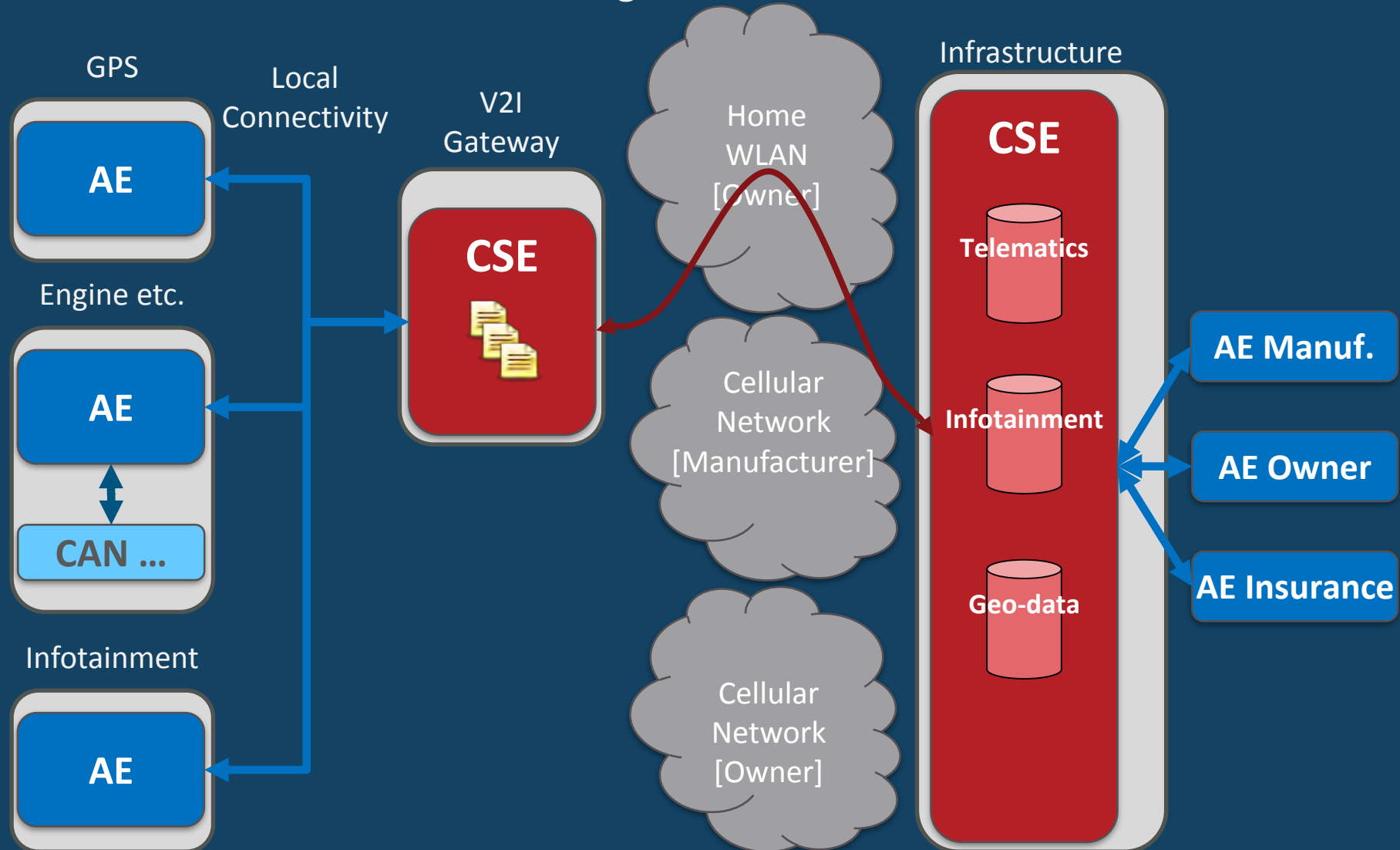
Efficient Data Sharing

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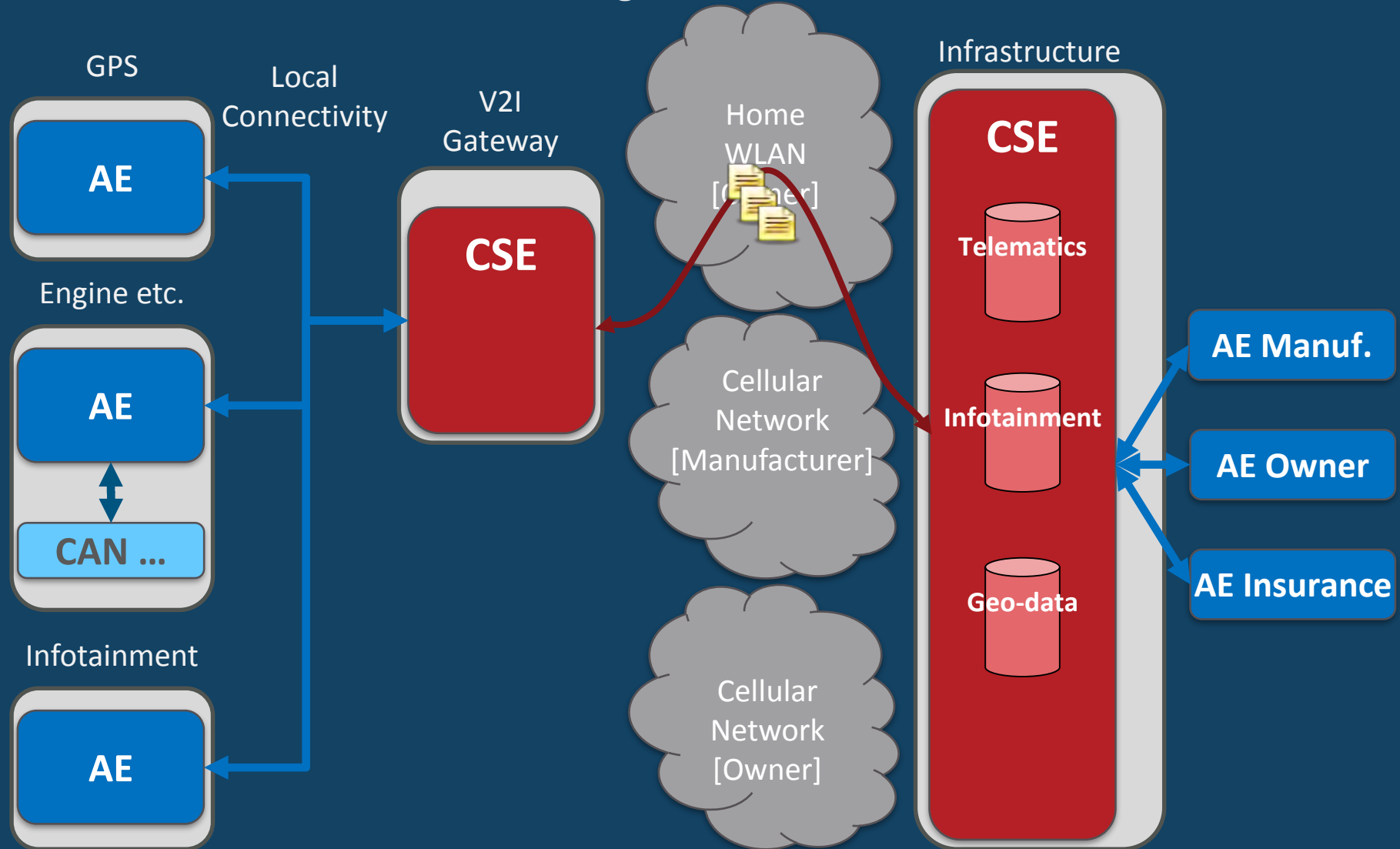
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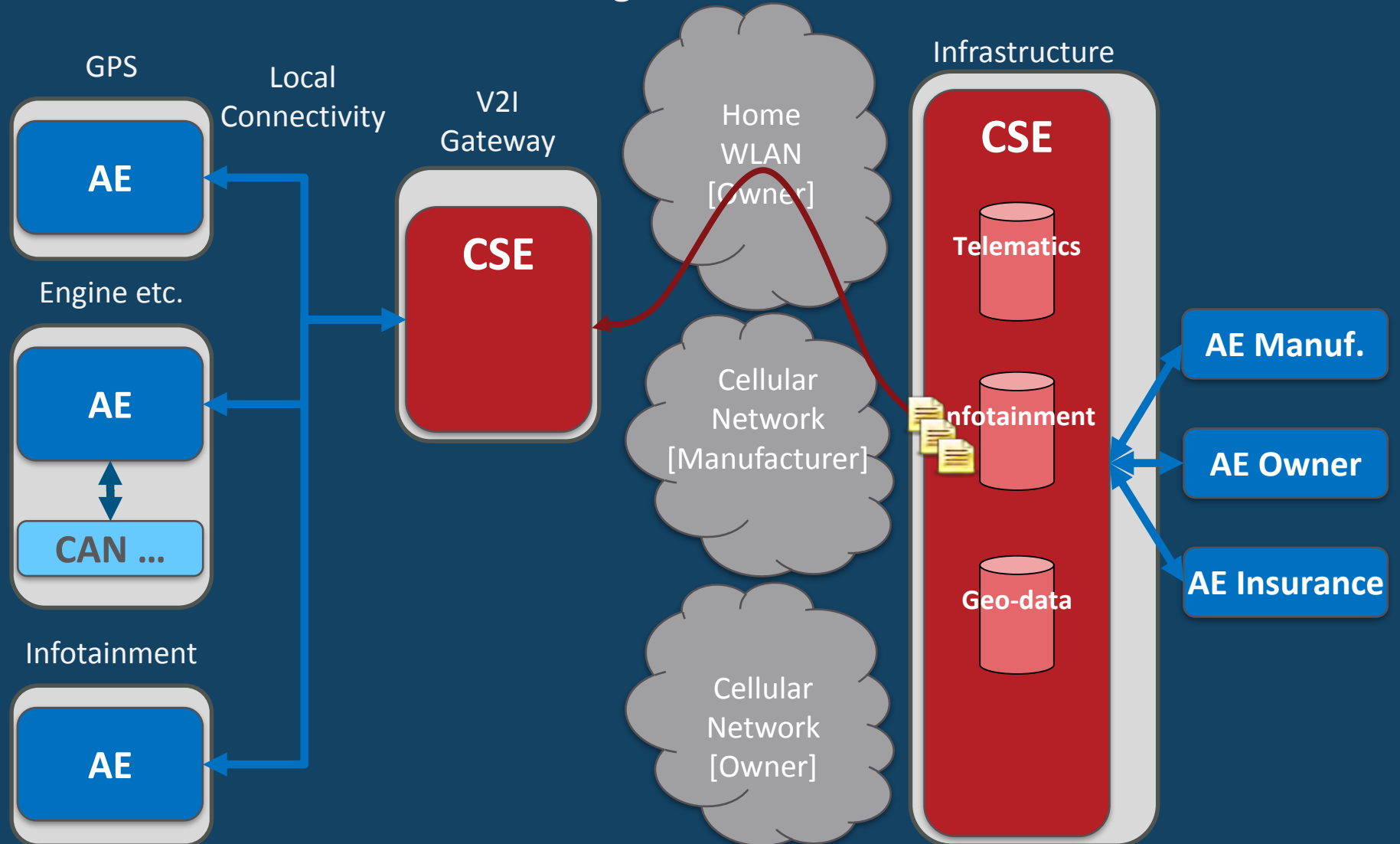
Efficient Data Sharing

At Home: In Owner's WLAN Coverage



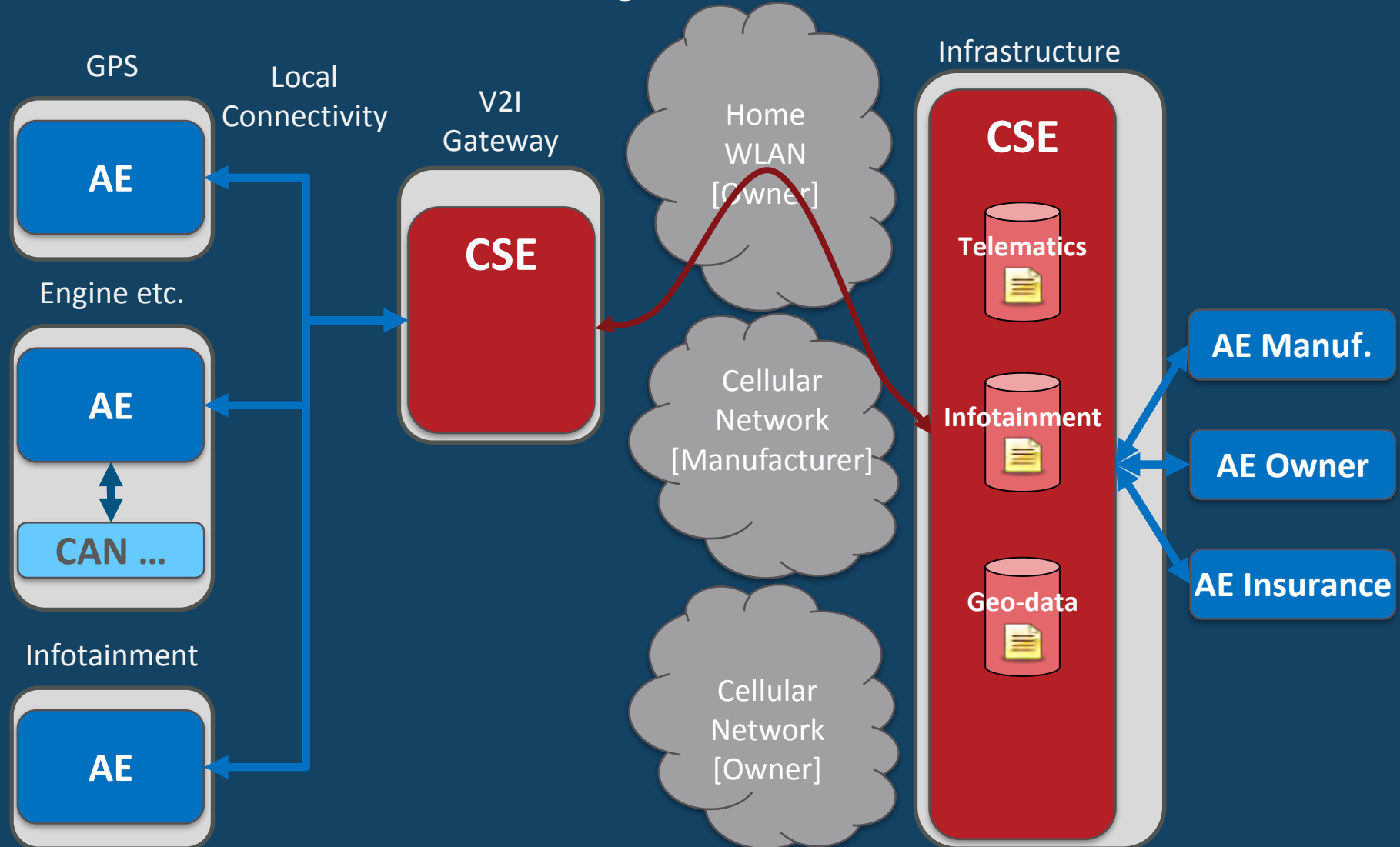
Efficient Data Sharing

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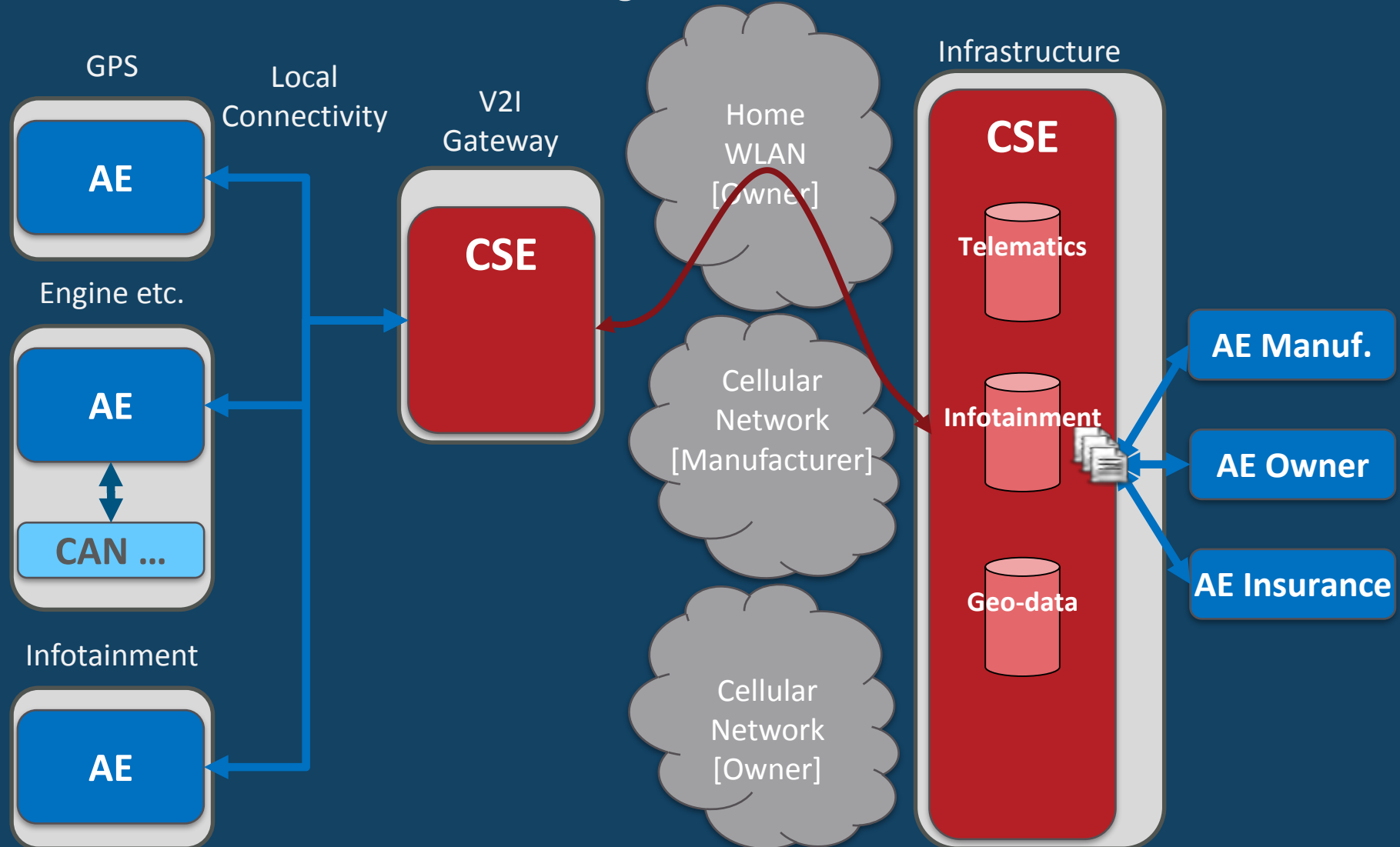
Efficient Data Sharing

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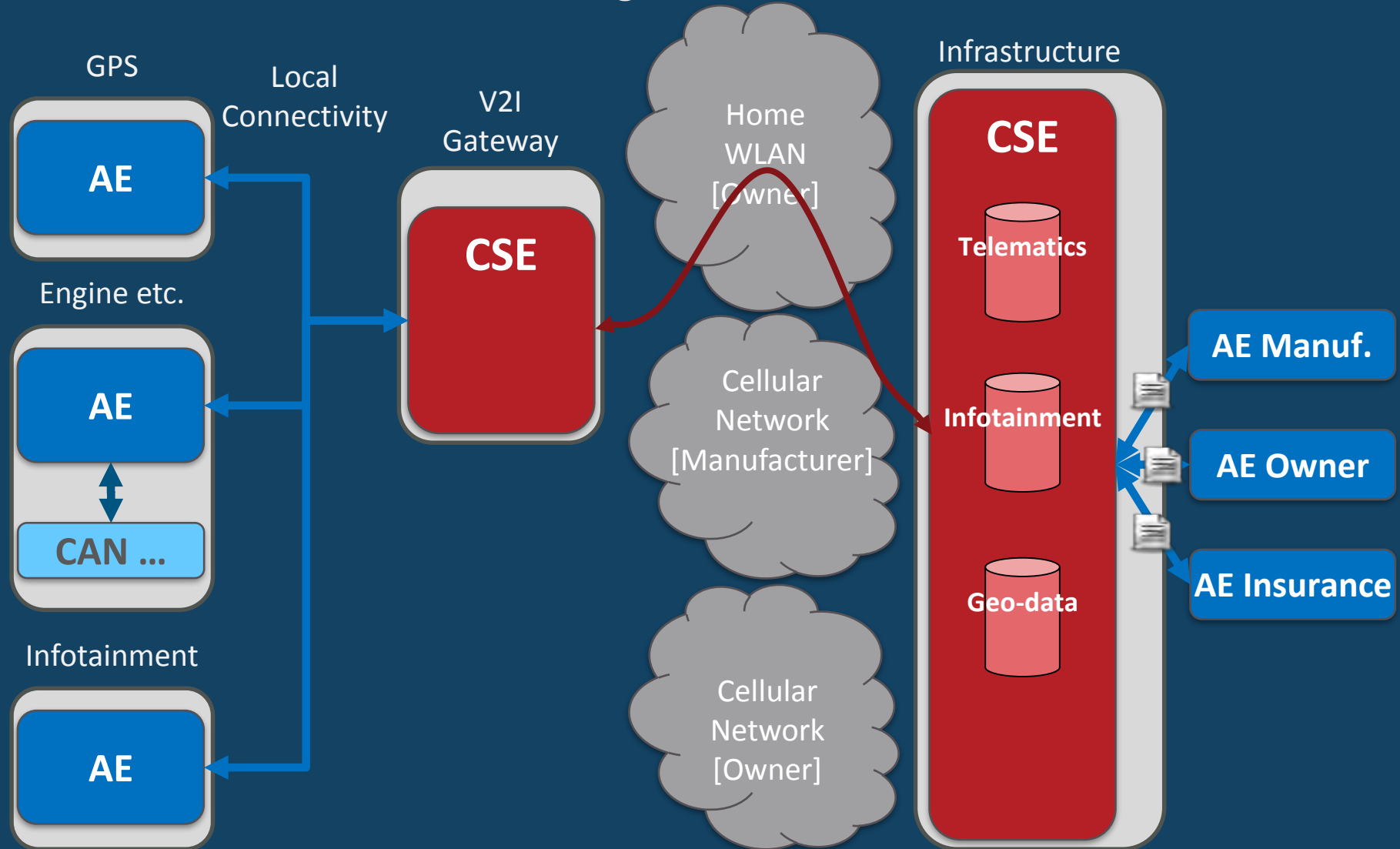
Efficient Data Sharing

At Home: In Owner's WLAN Coverage



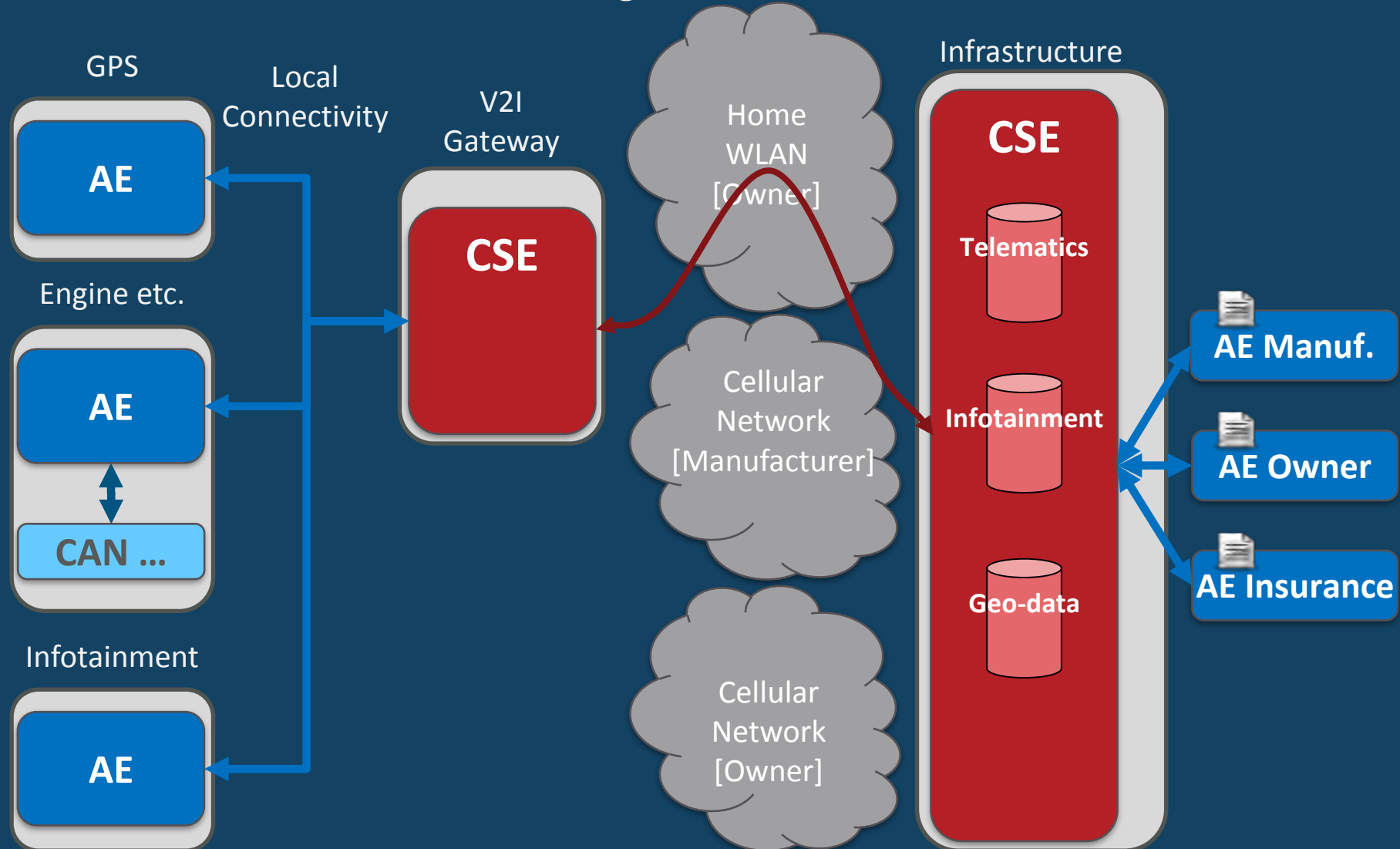
Efficient Data Sharing

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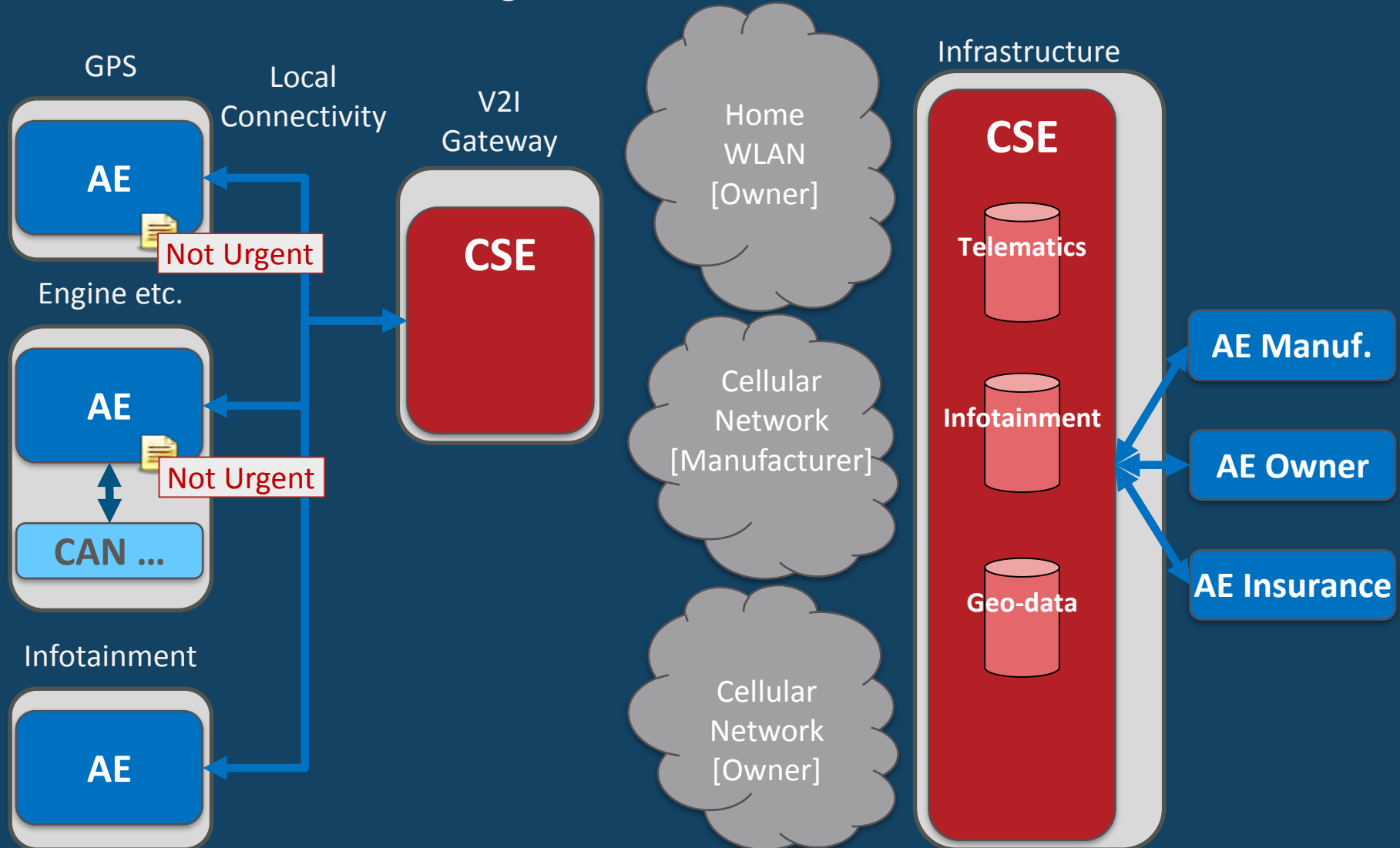
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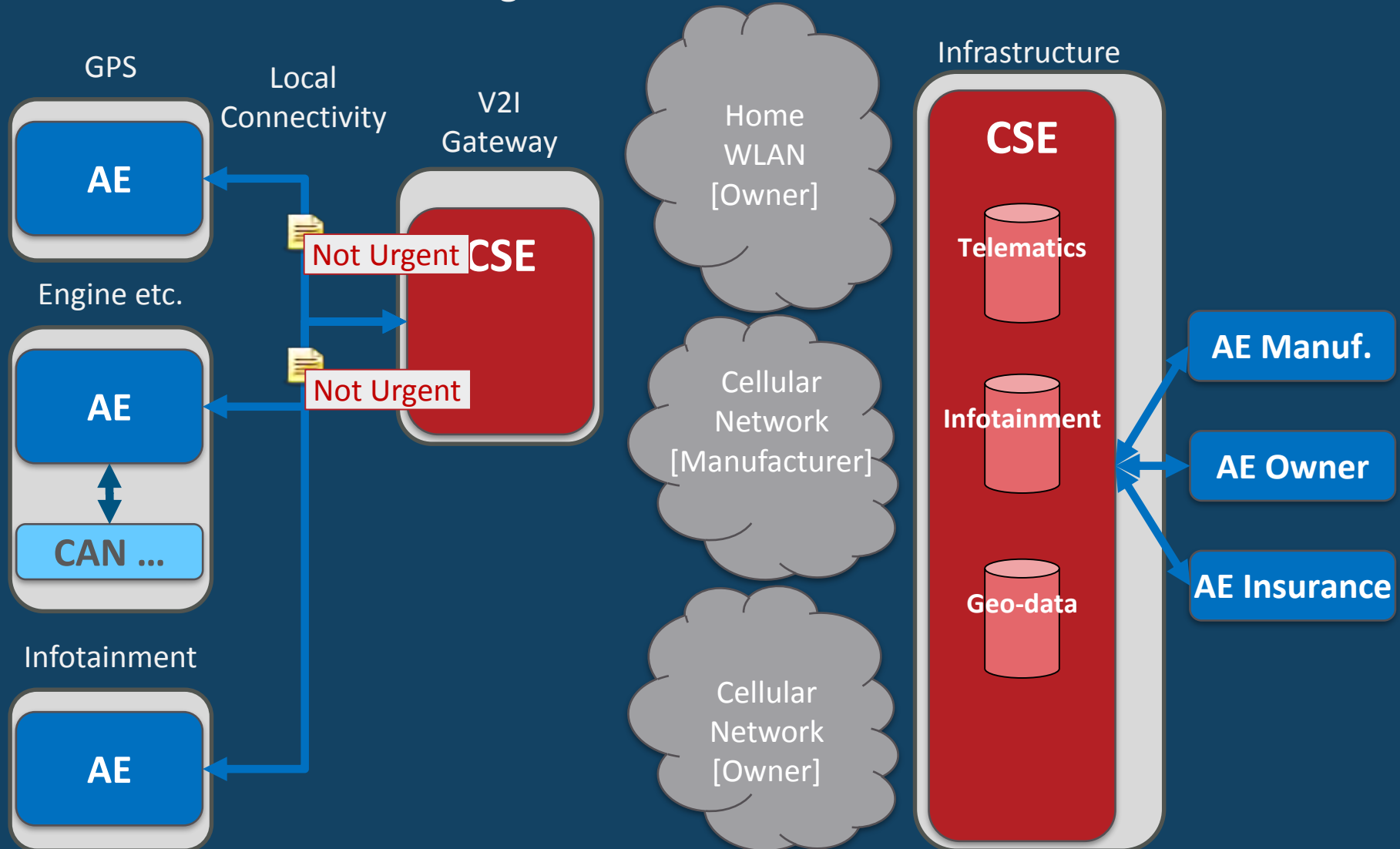
Efficient Data Sharing

On the road: Cellular Coverage



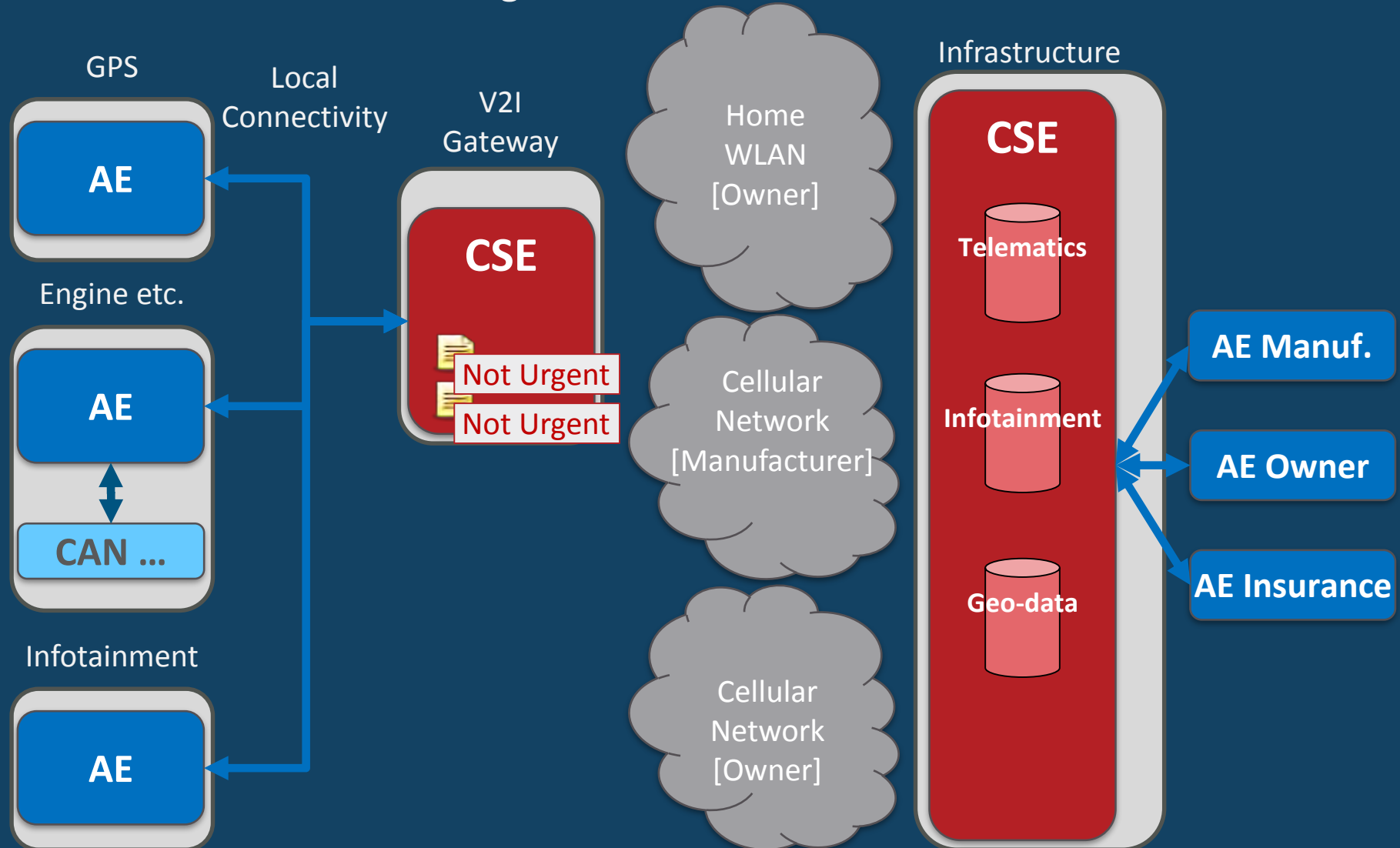
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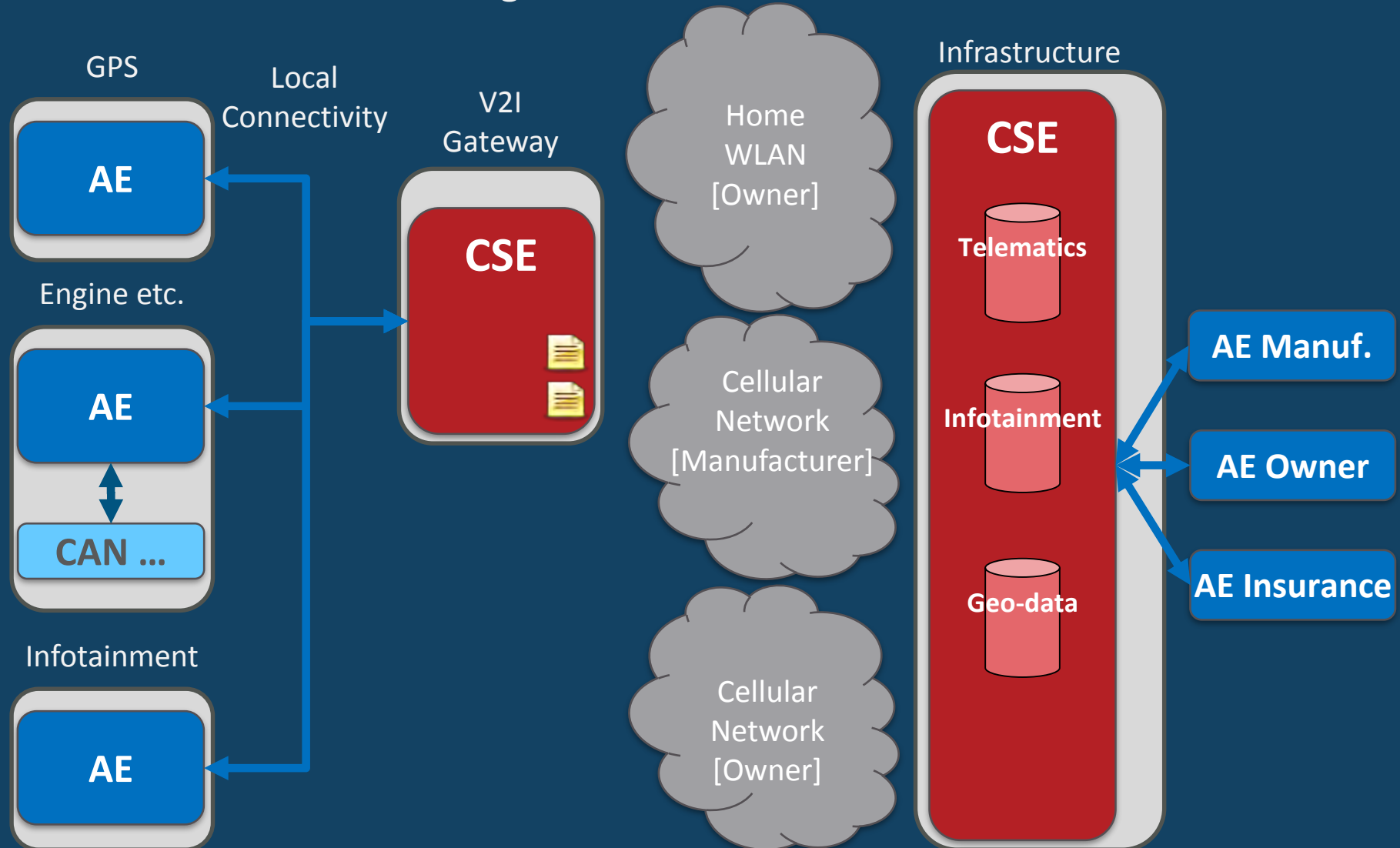
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On the road: Cellular Coverage



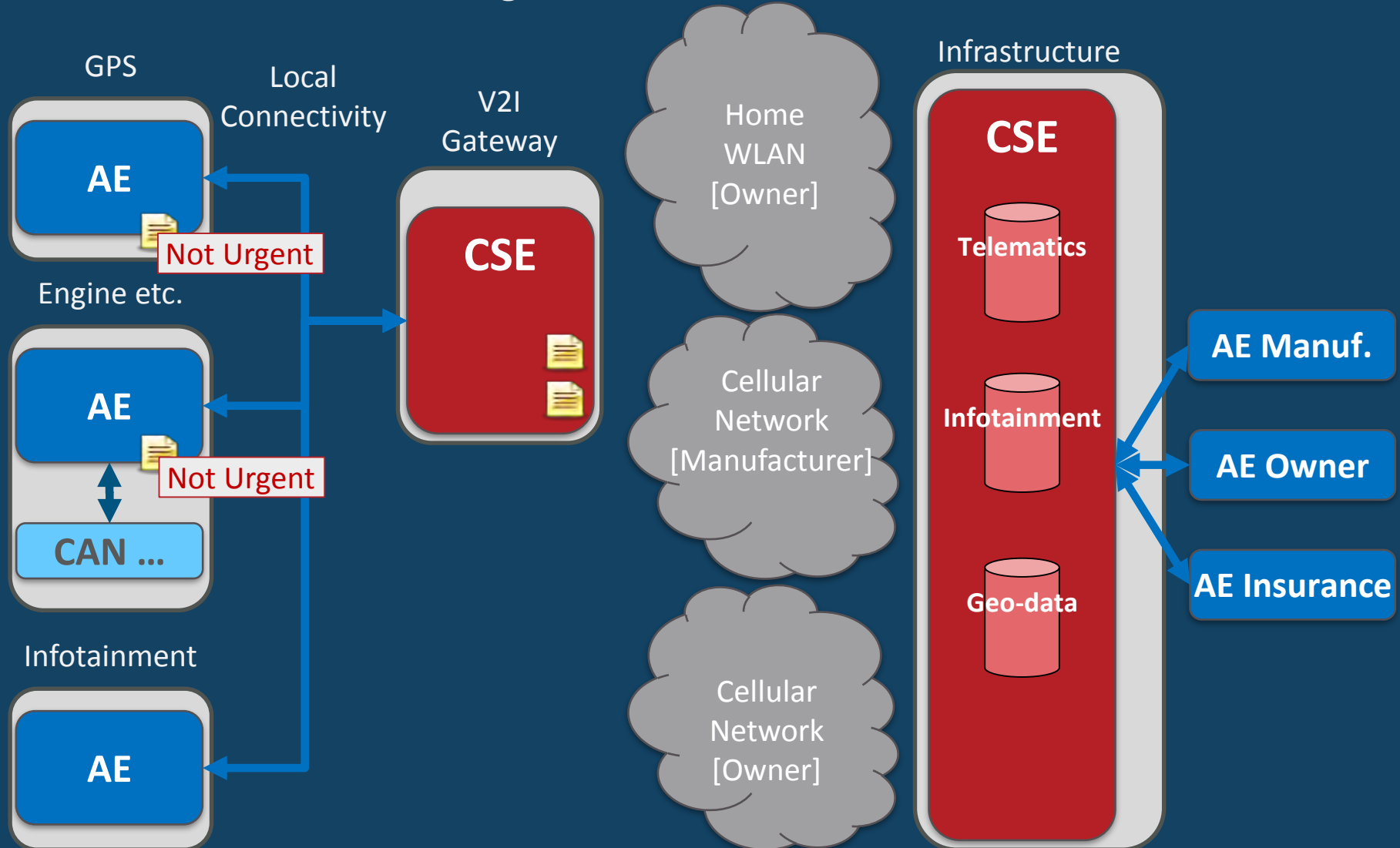
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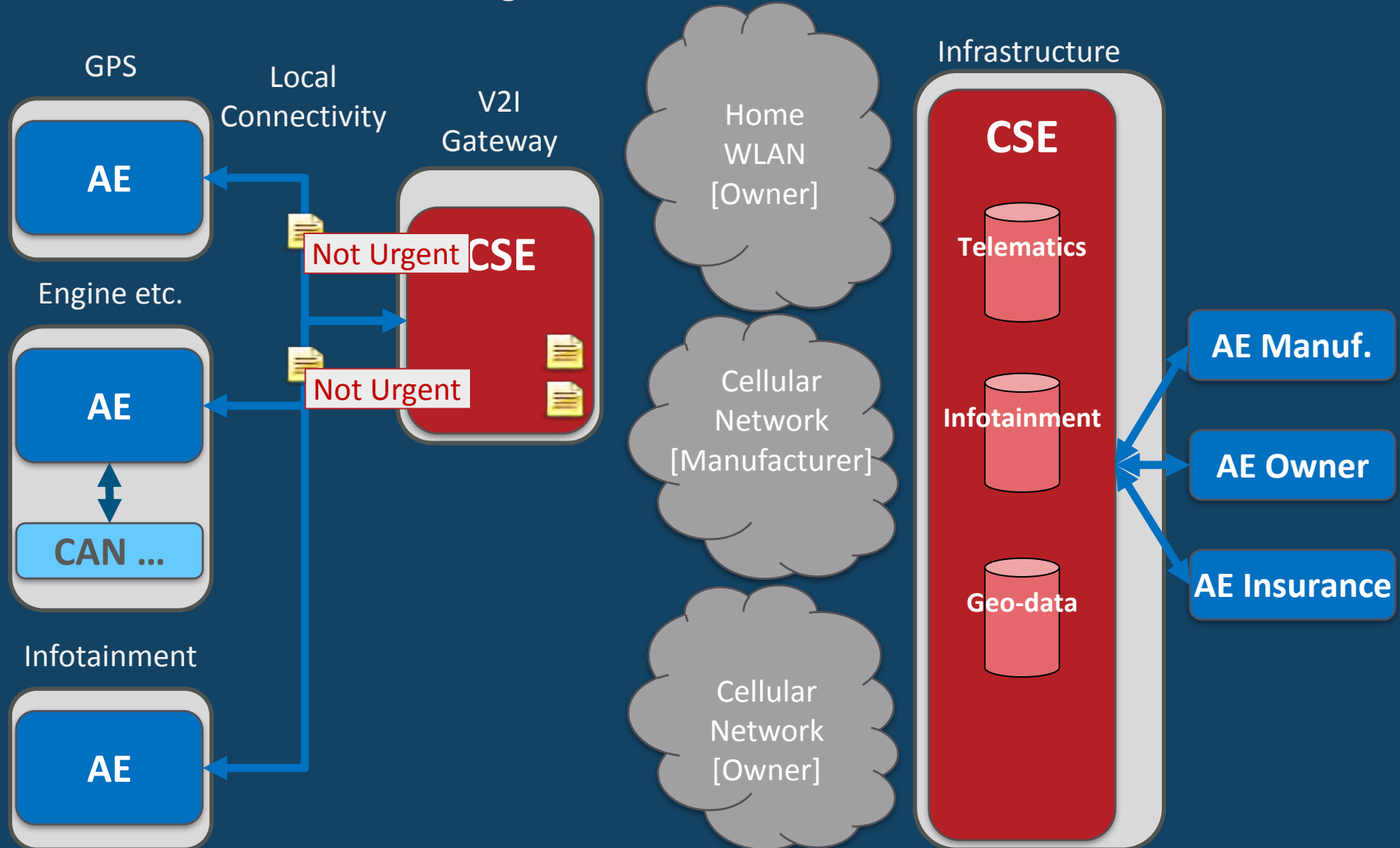
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On the road: Cellular Coverage



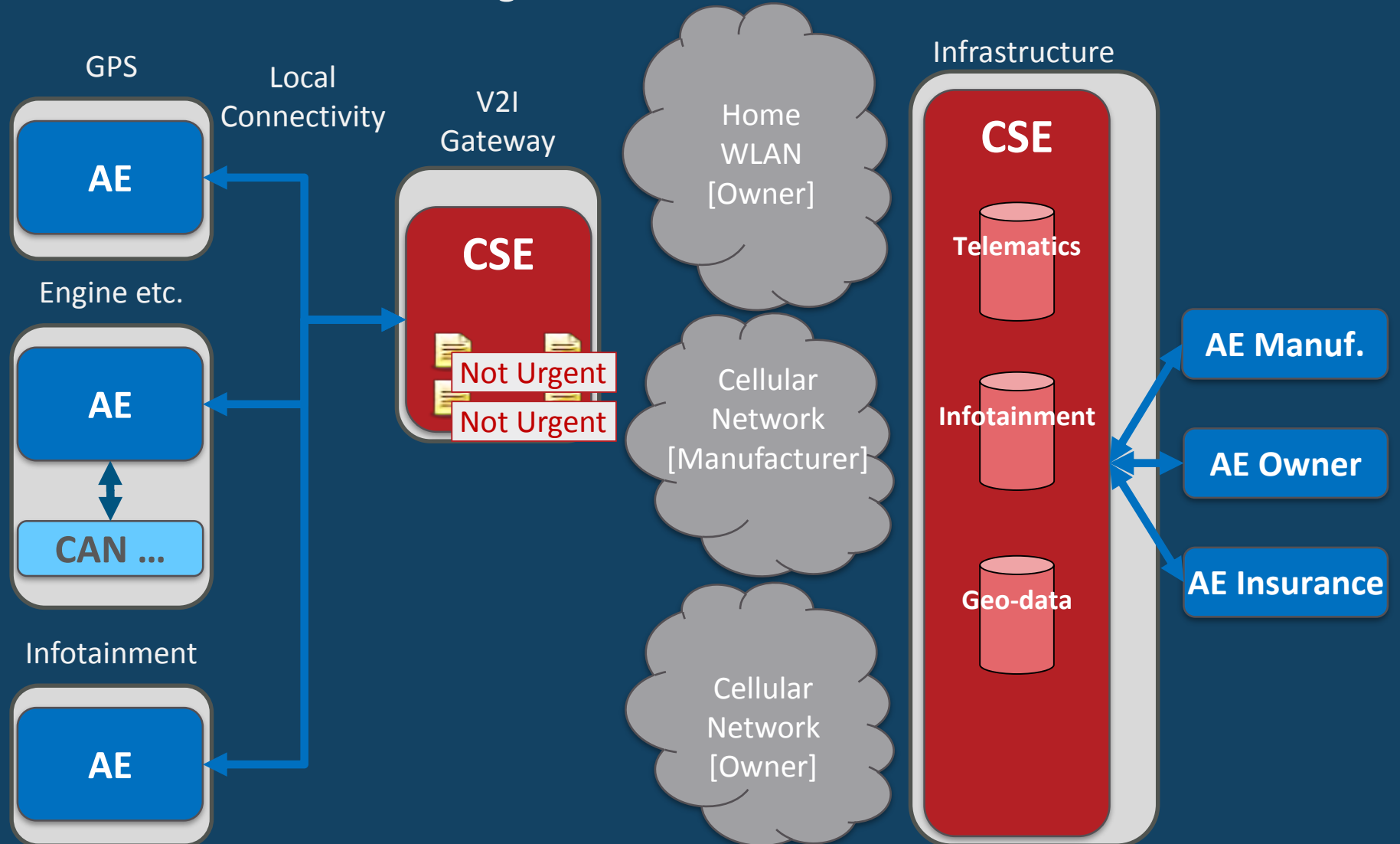
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On the road: Cellular Coverage



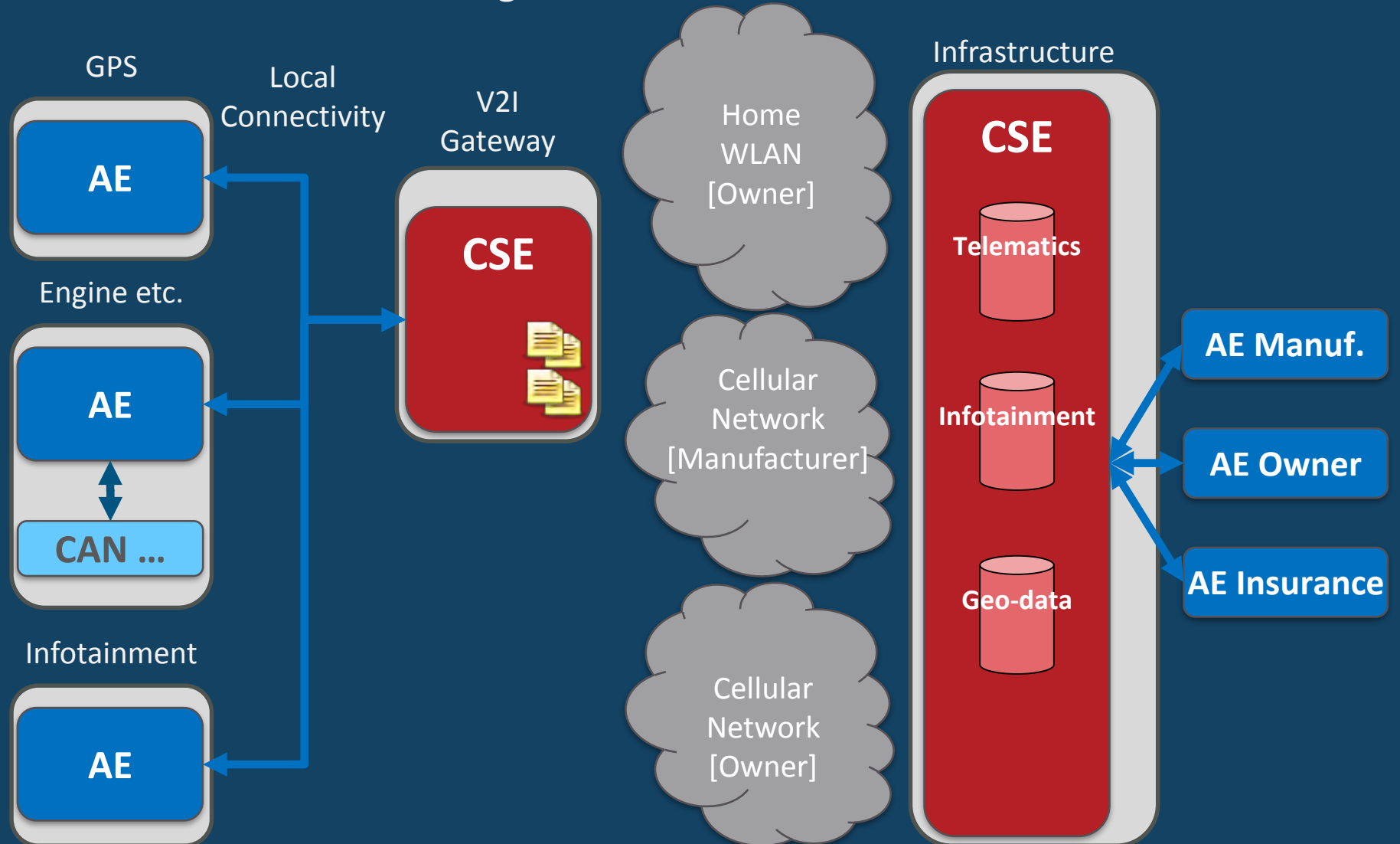
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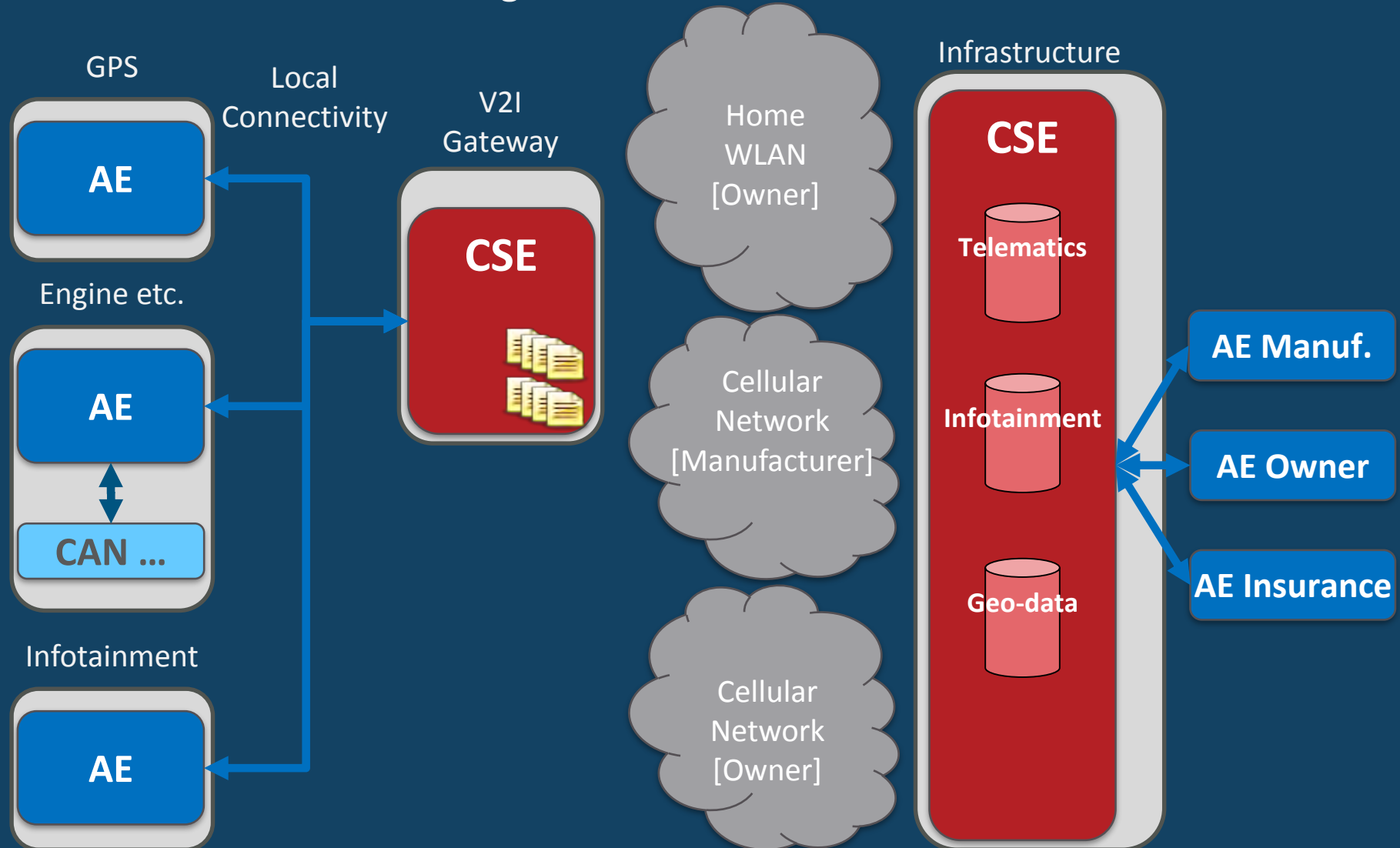
Efficient Data Sharing

On the road: Cellular Coverage



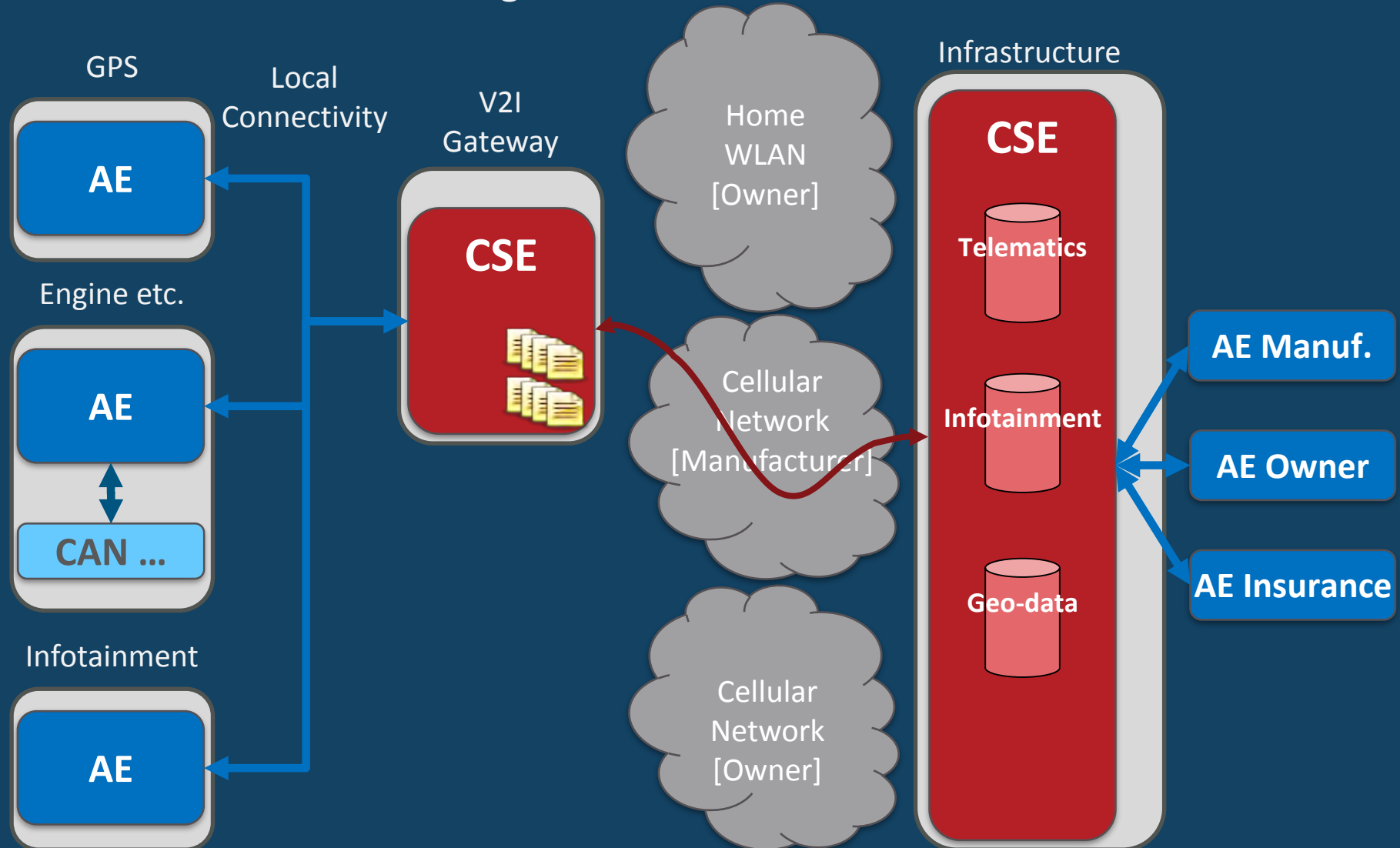
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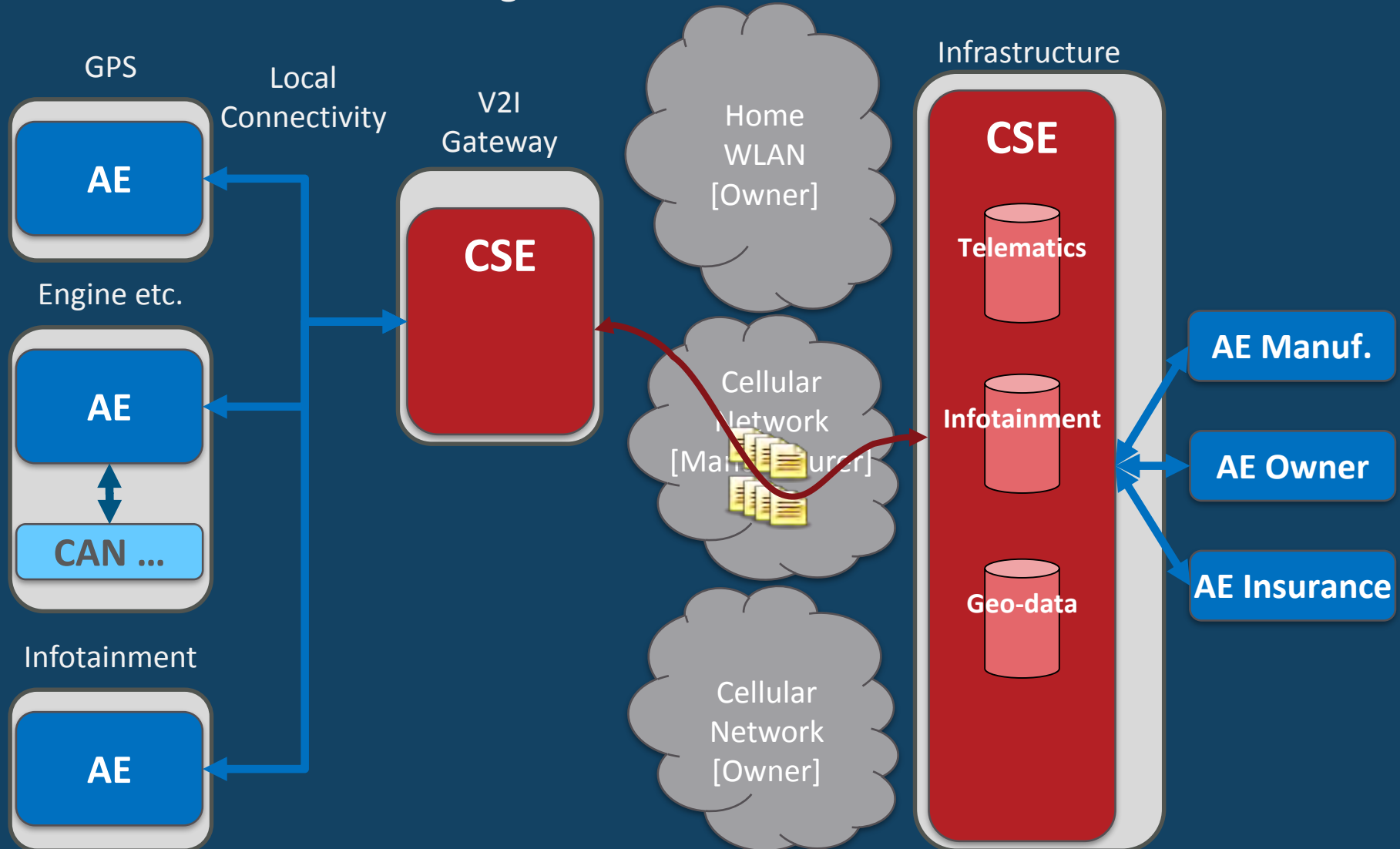
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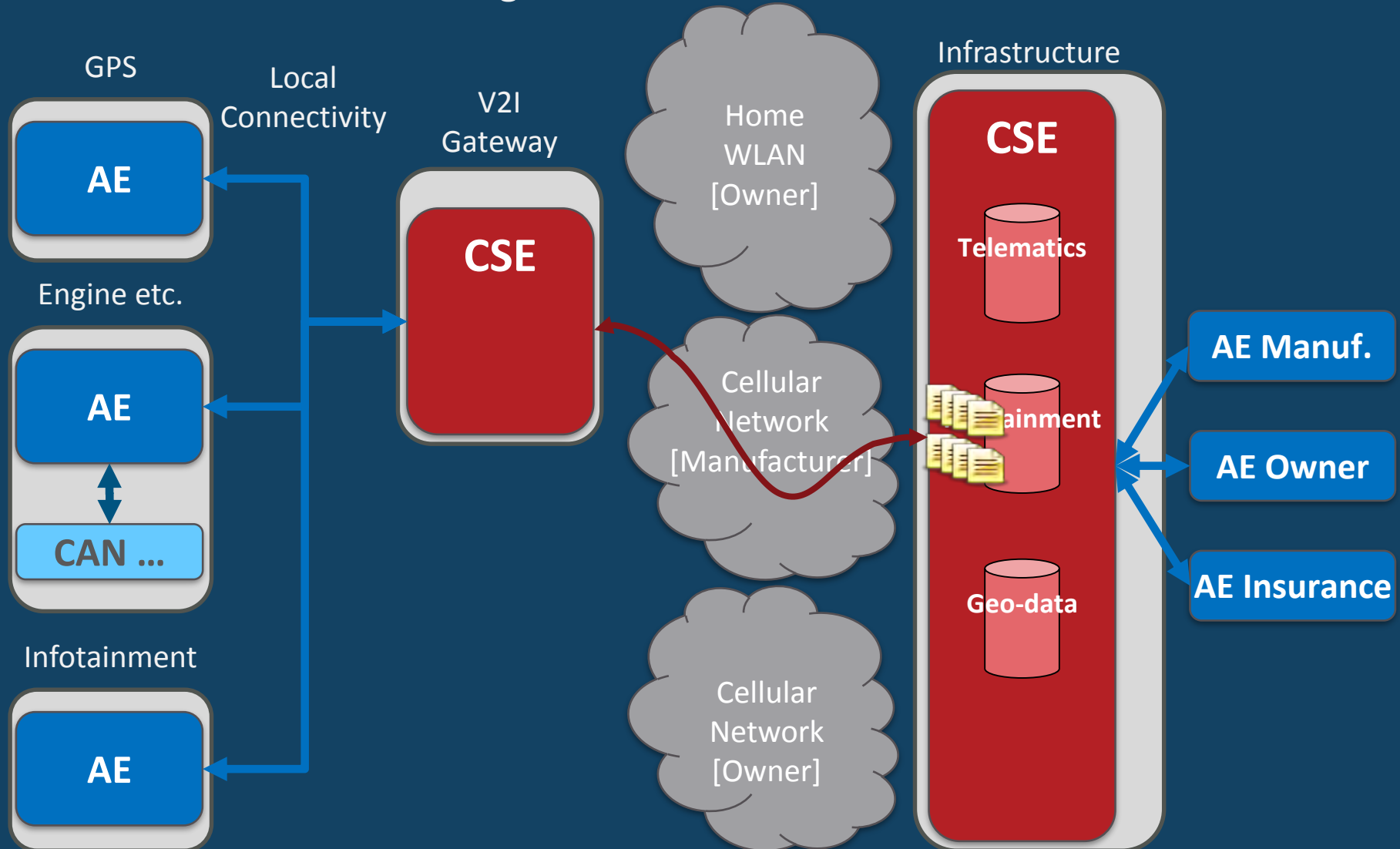
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On the road: Cellular Coverage



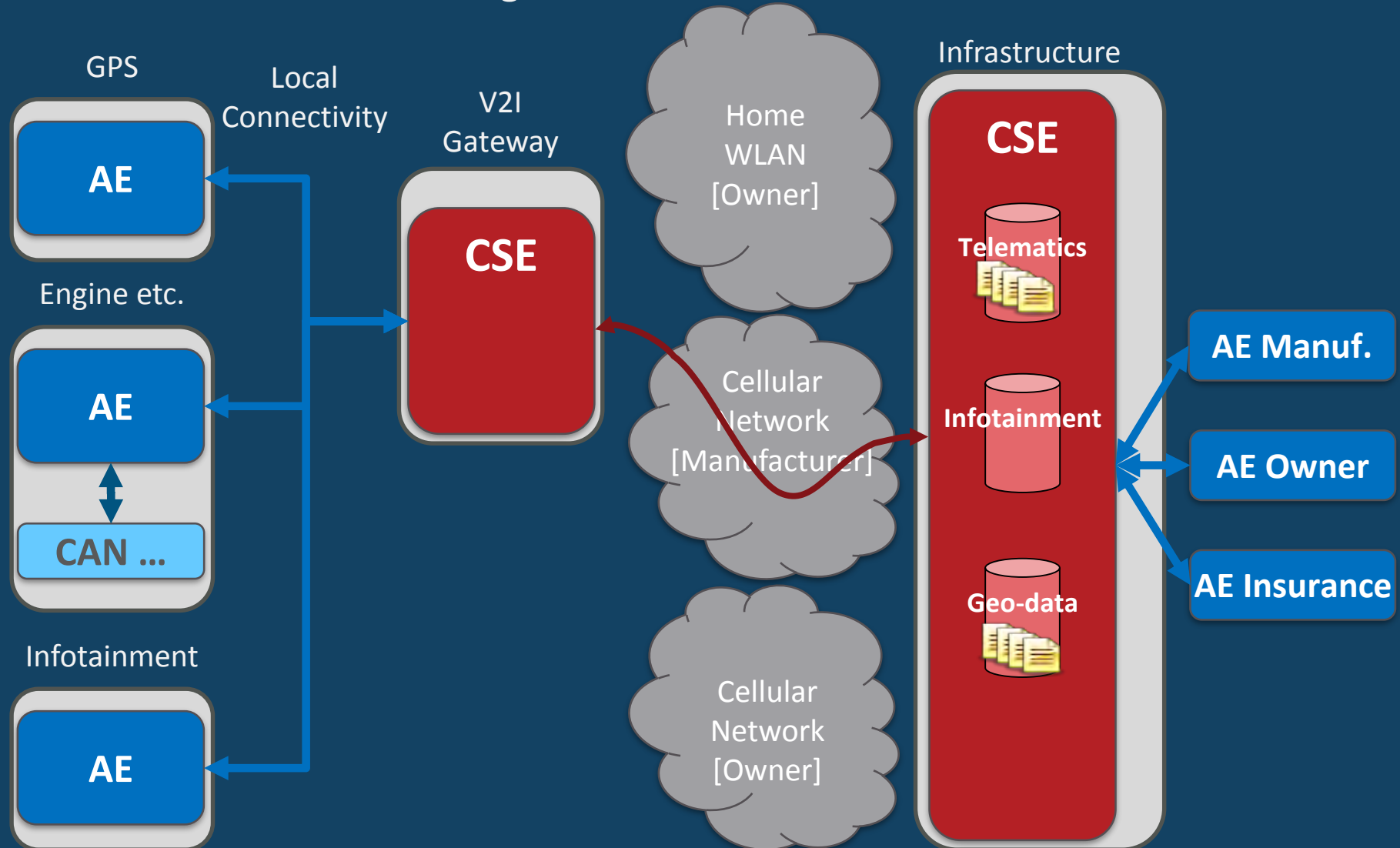
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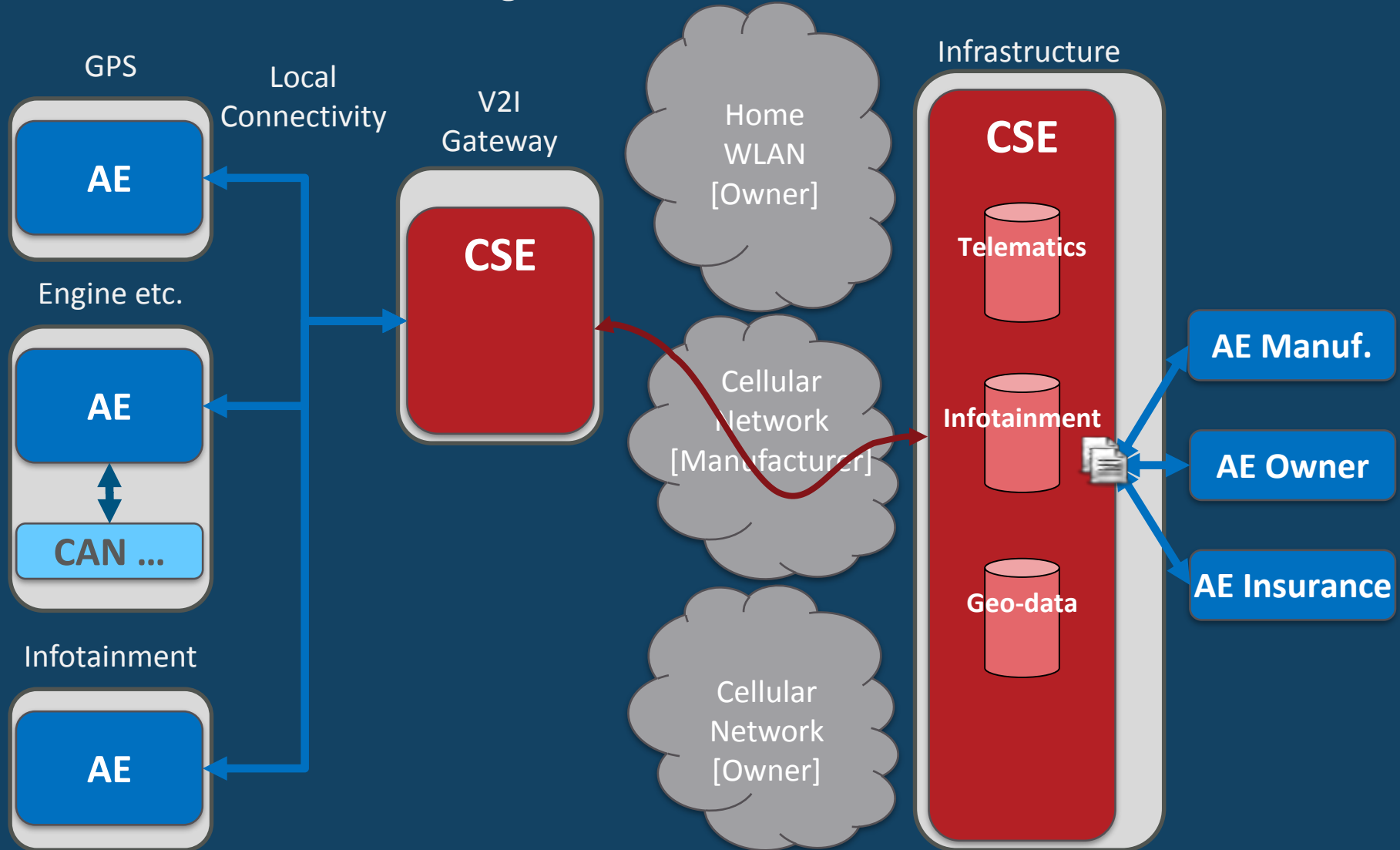
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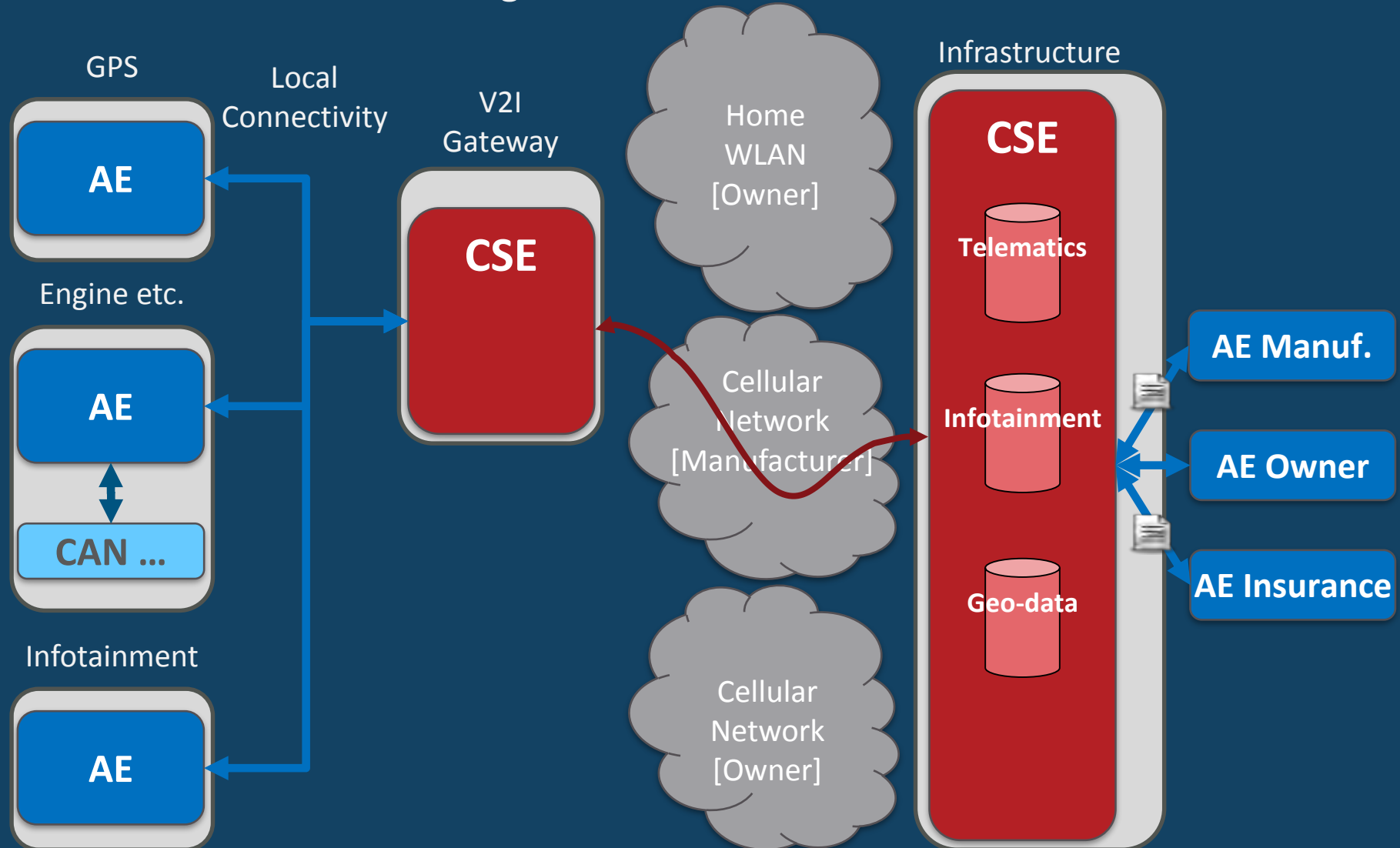
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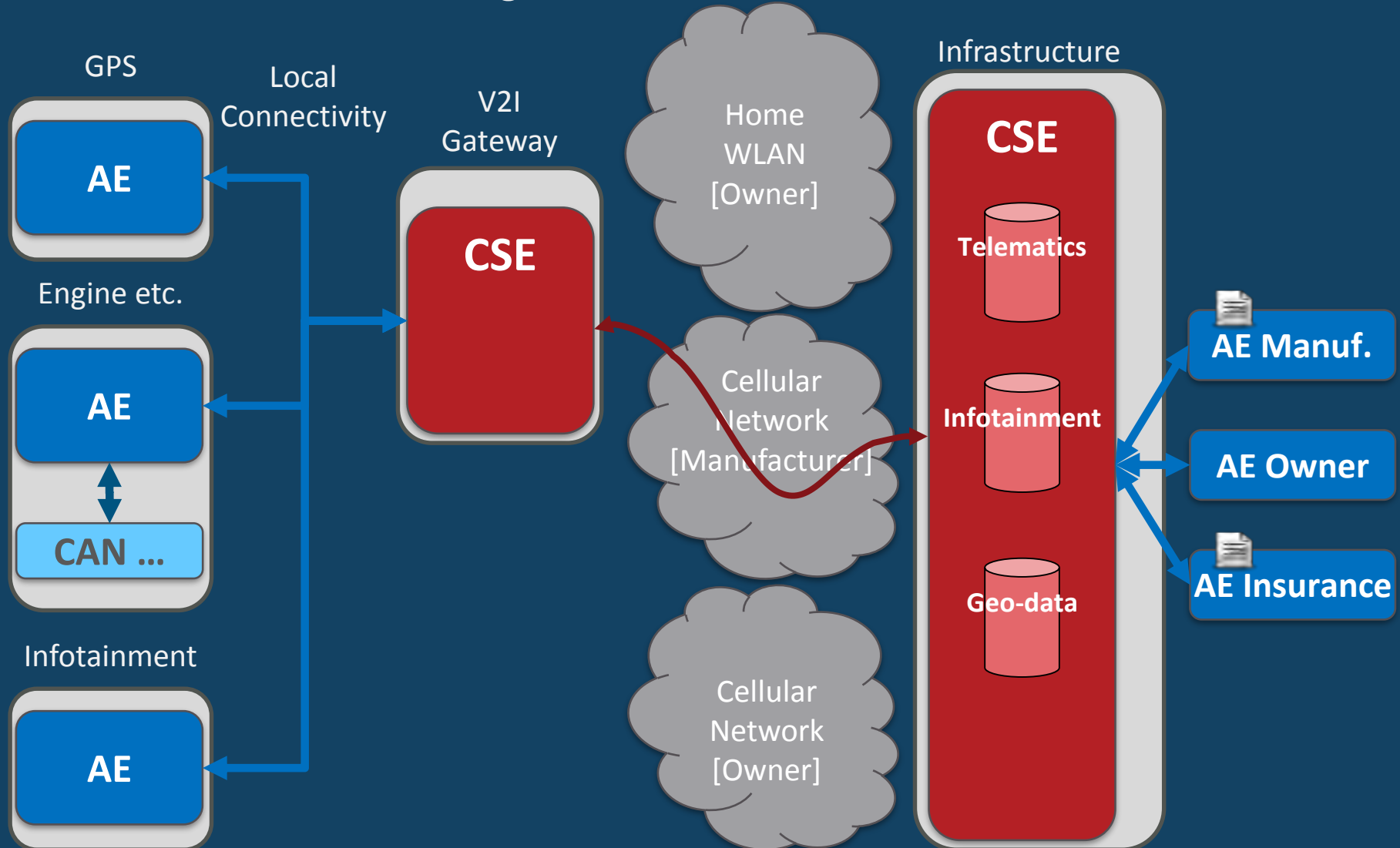
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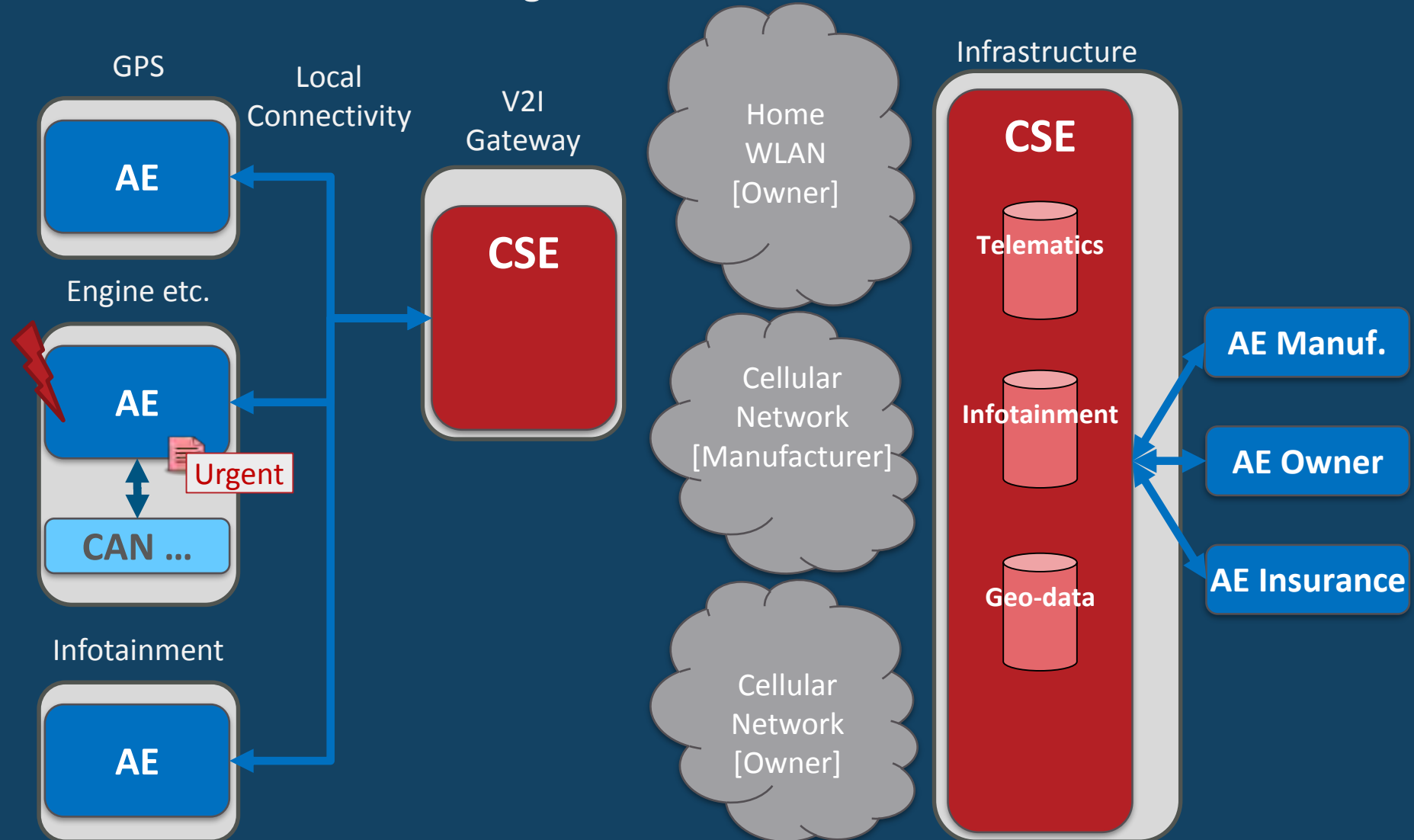
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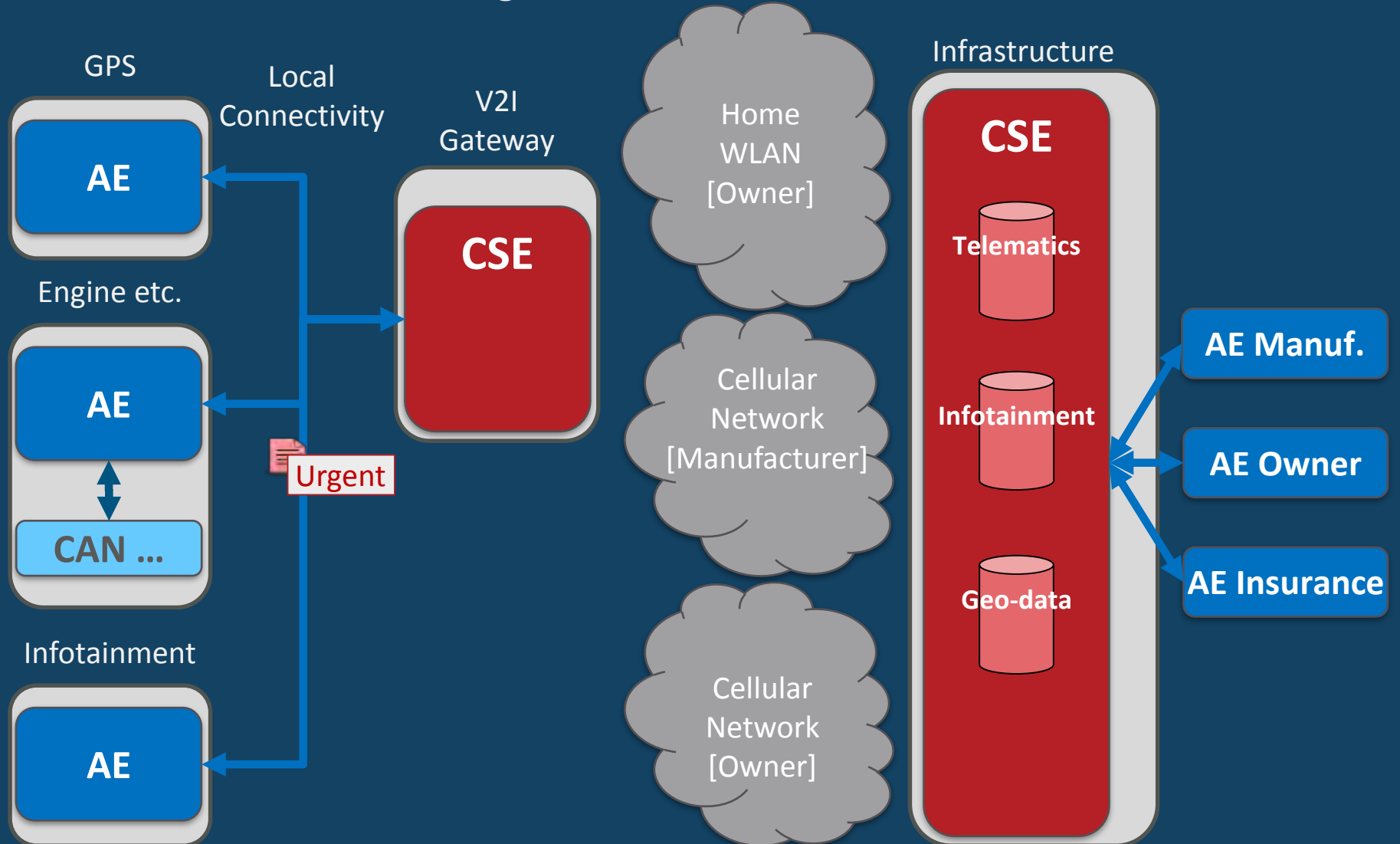
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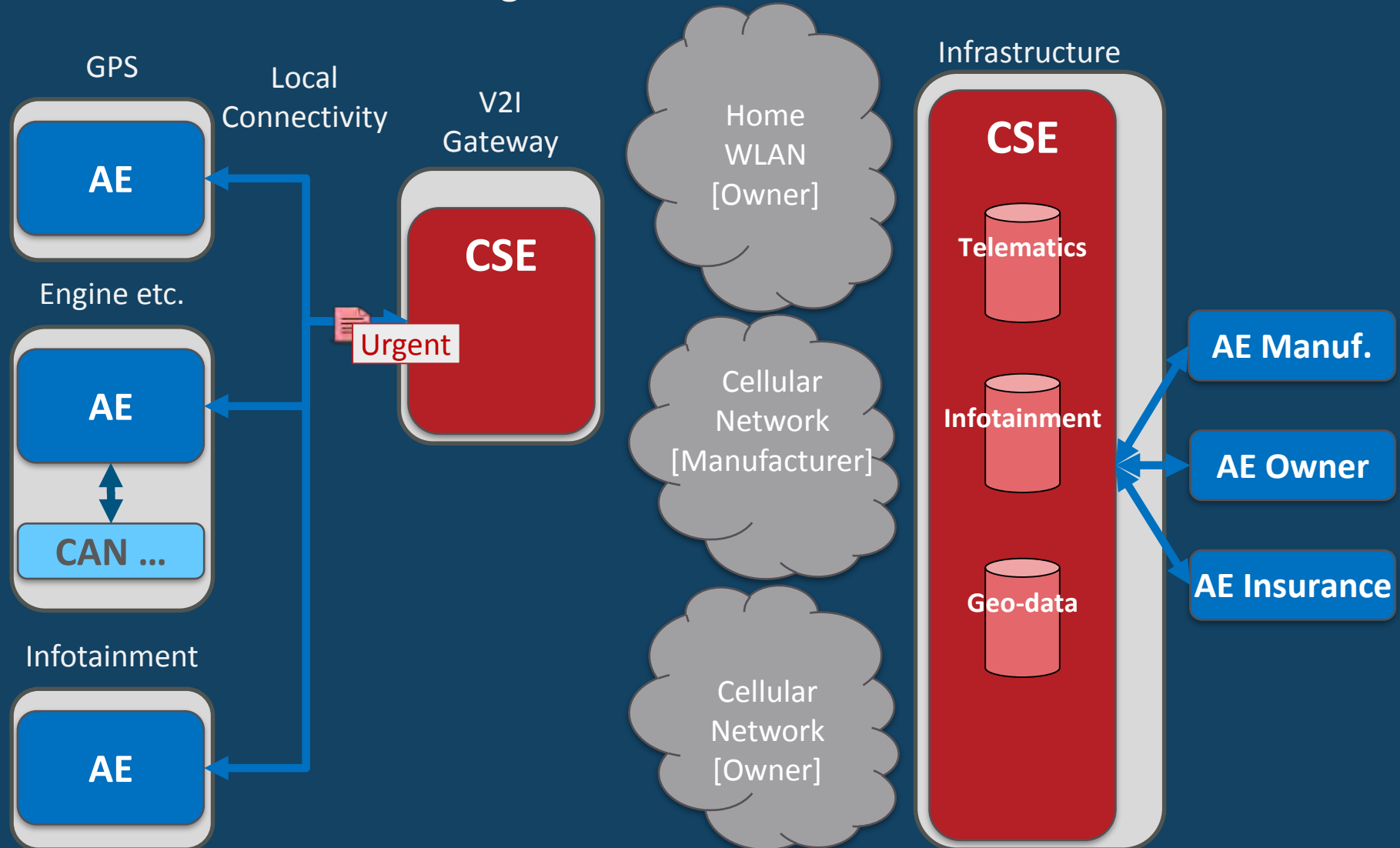
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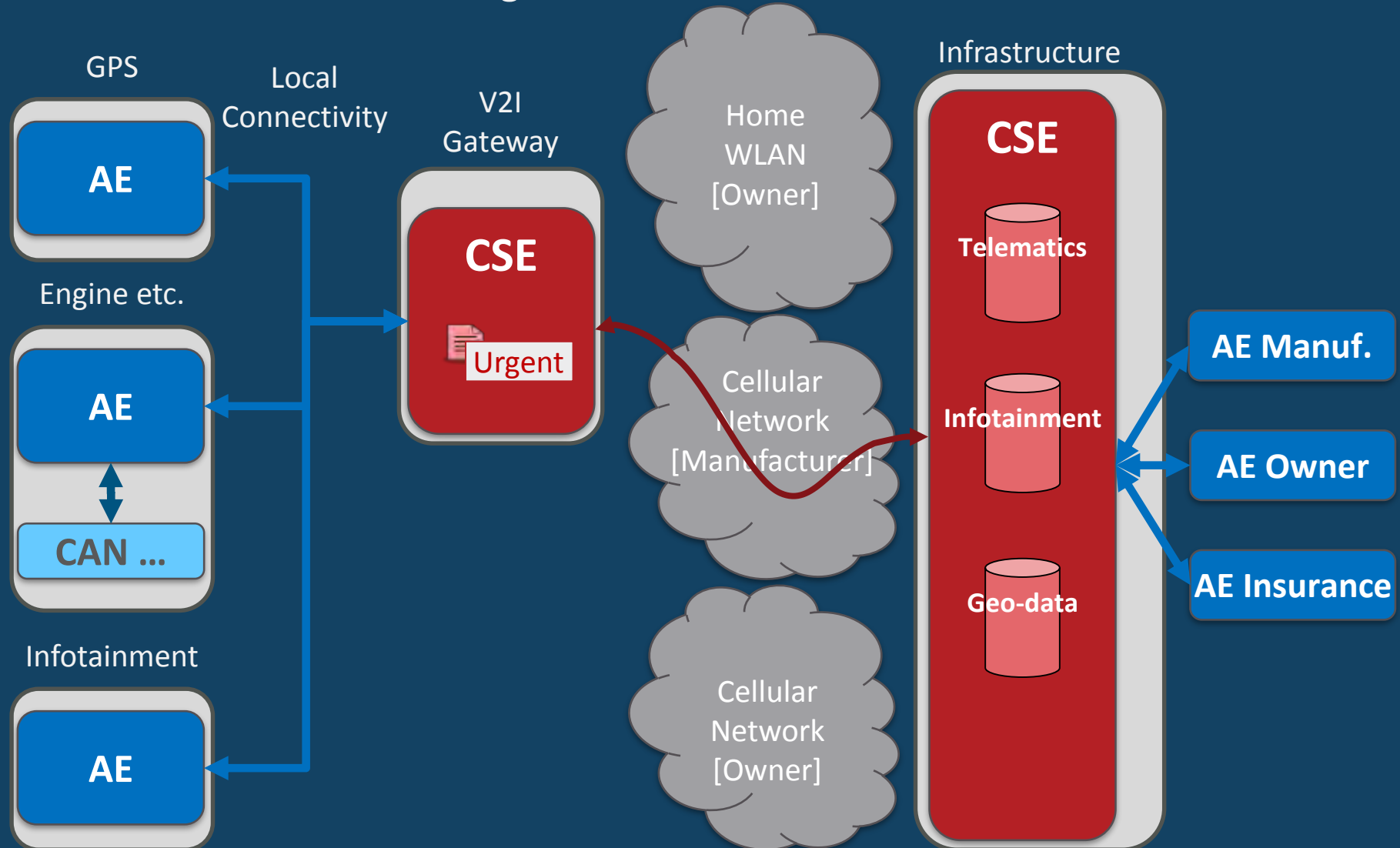
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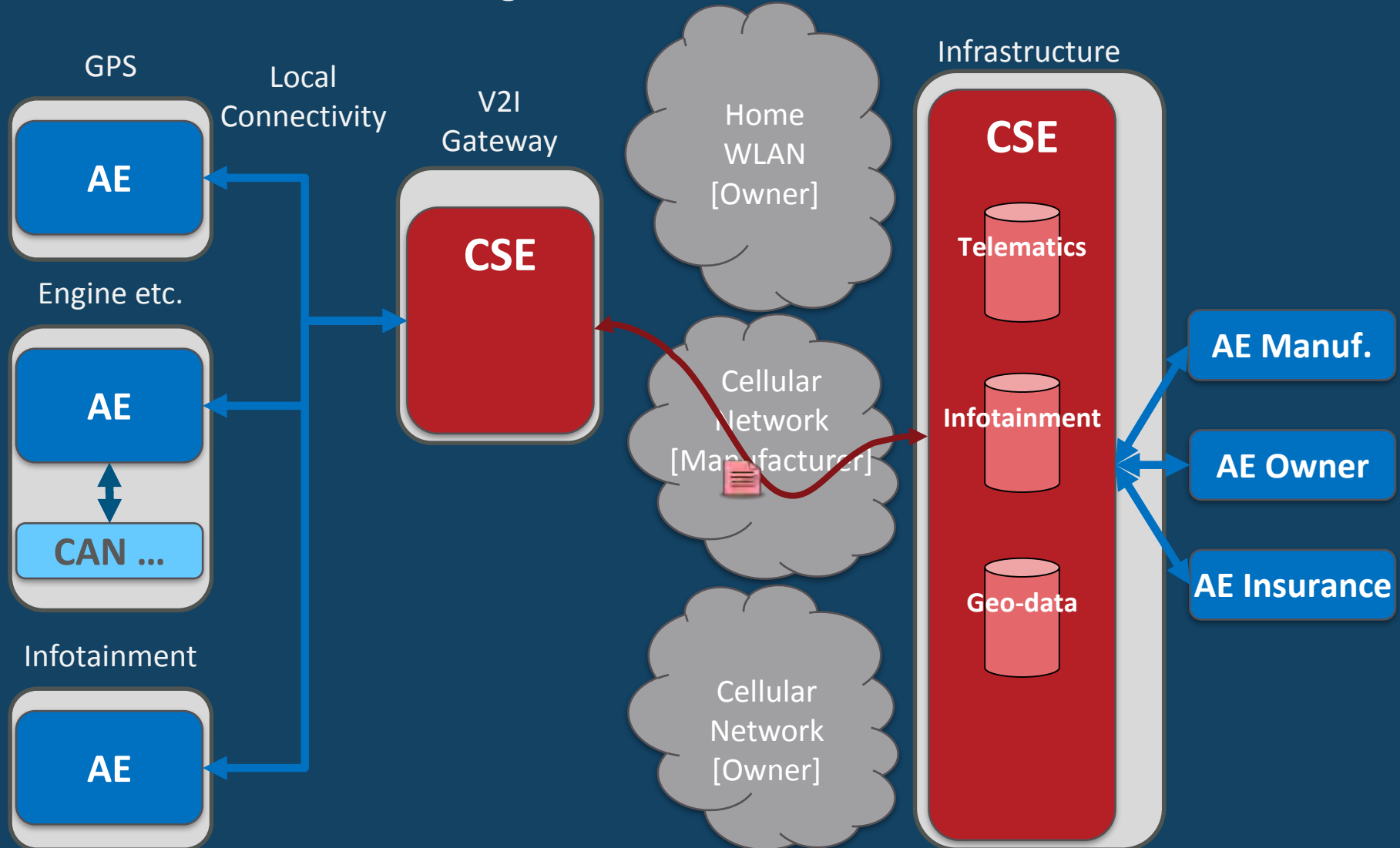
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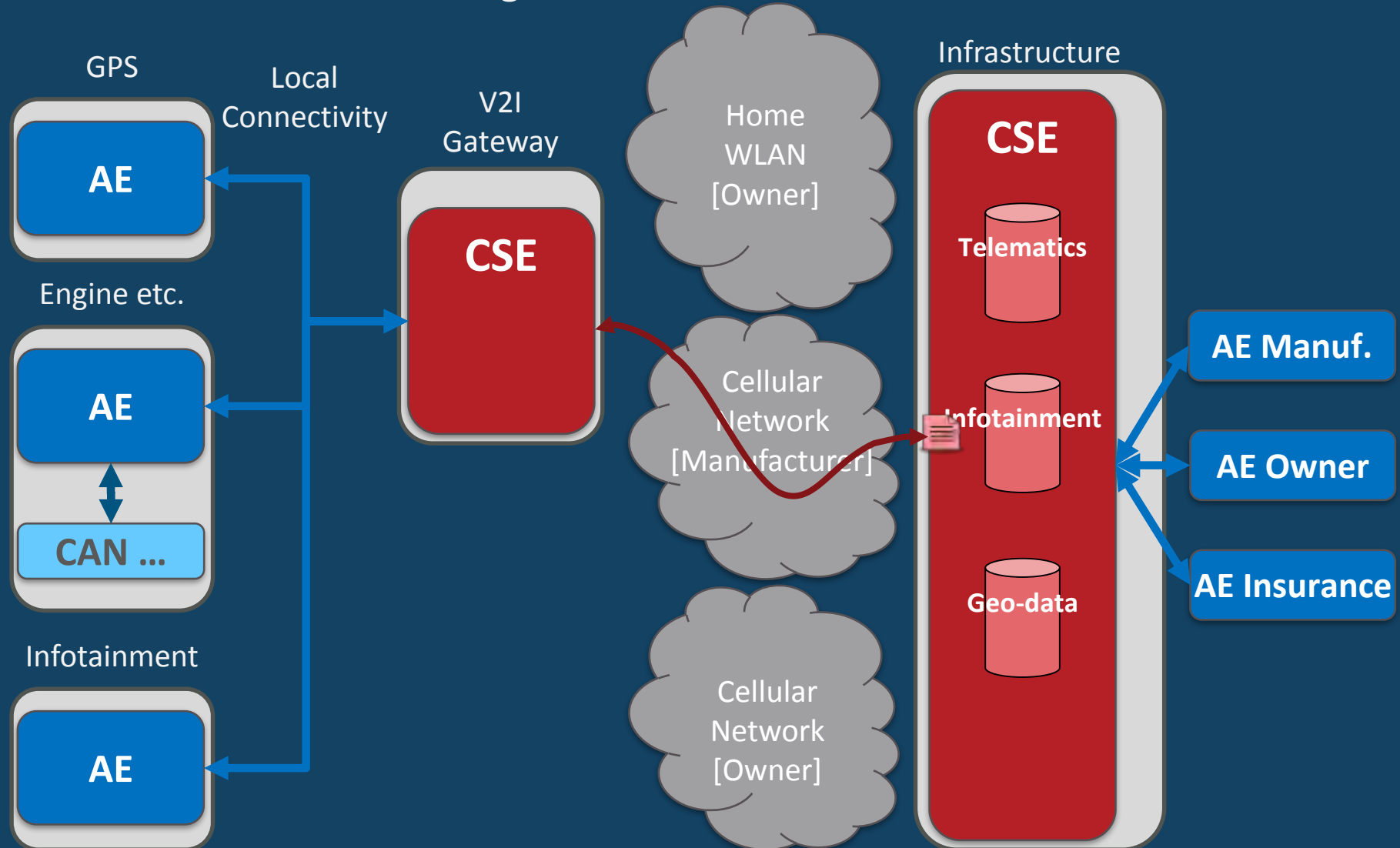
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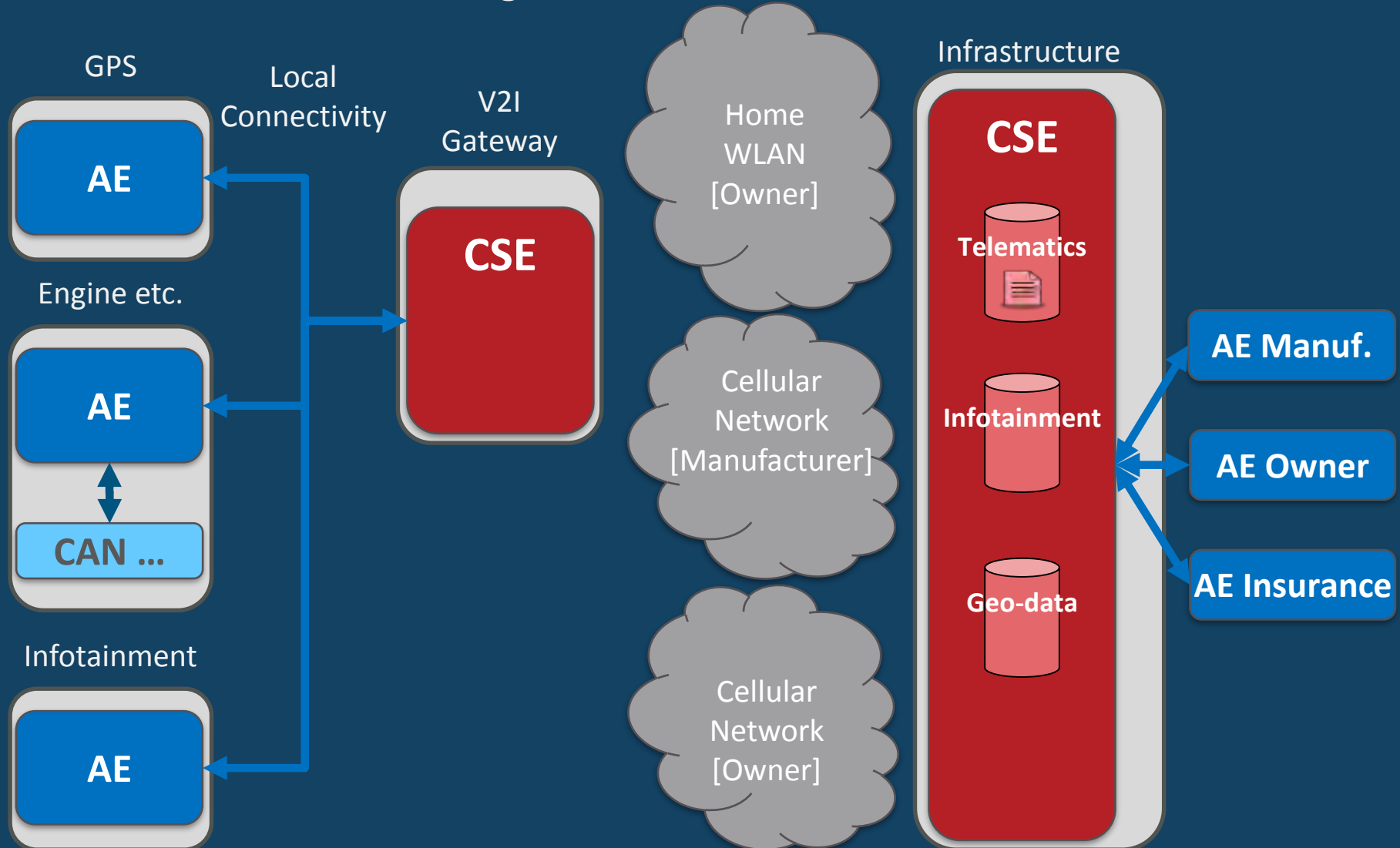
Efficient Data Sharing

On the road: Cellular Coverage



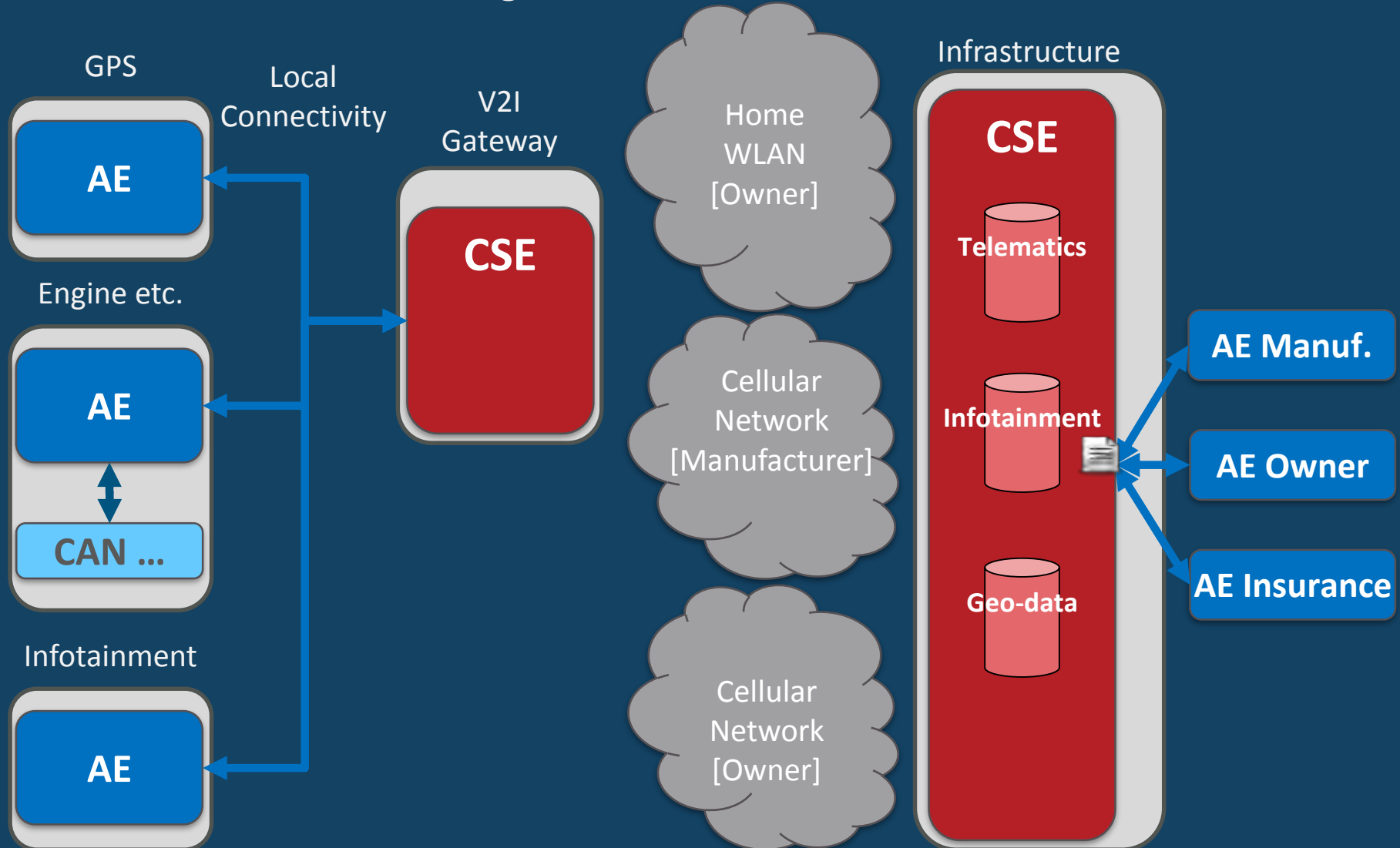
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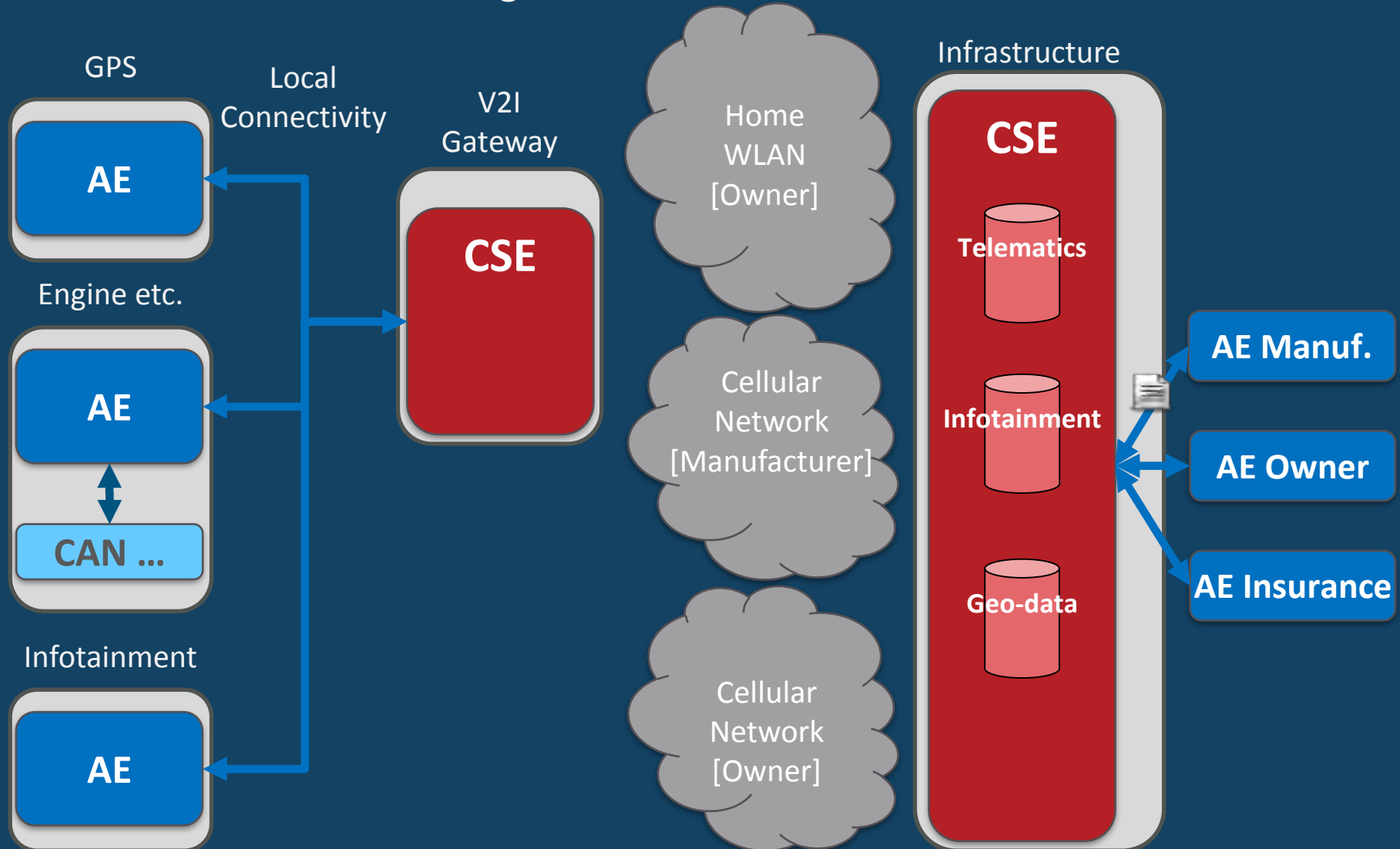
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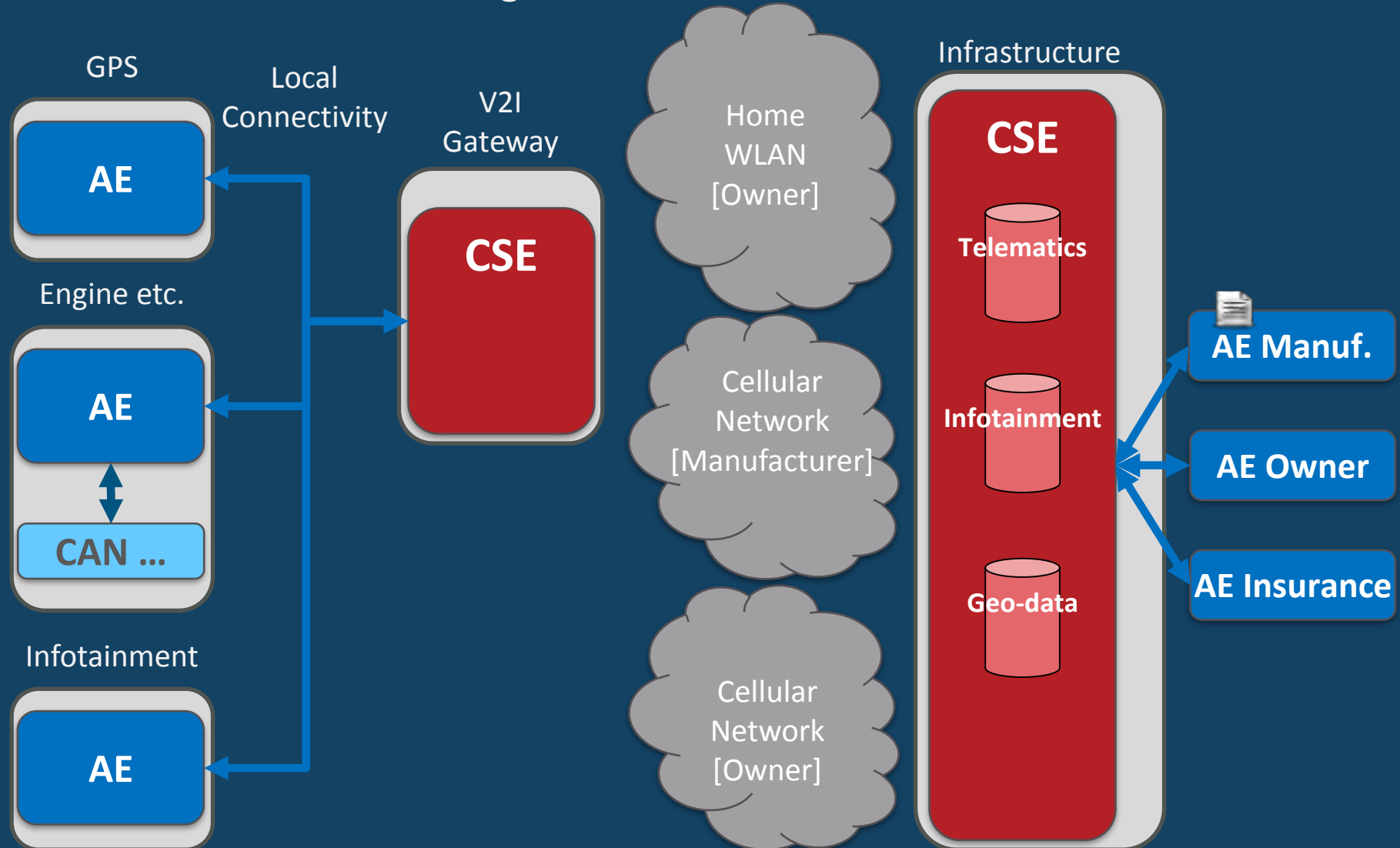
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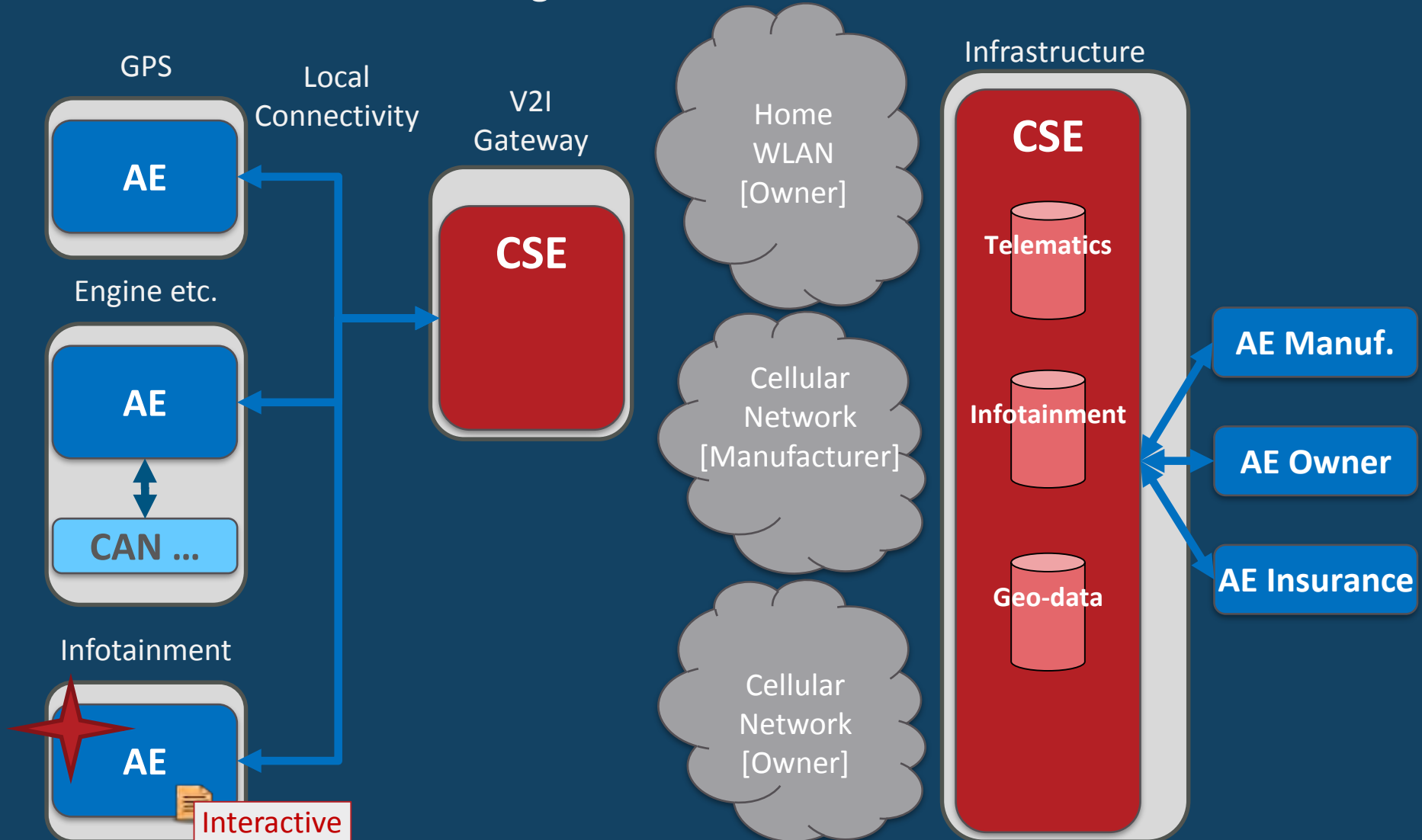
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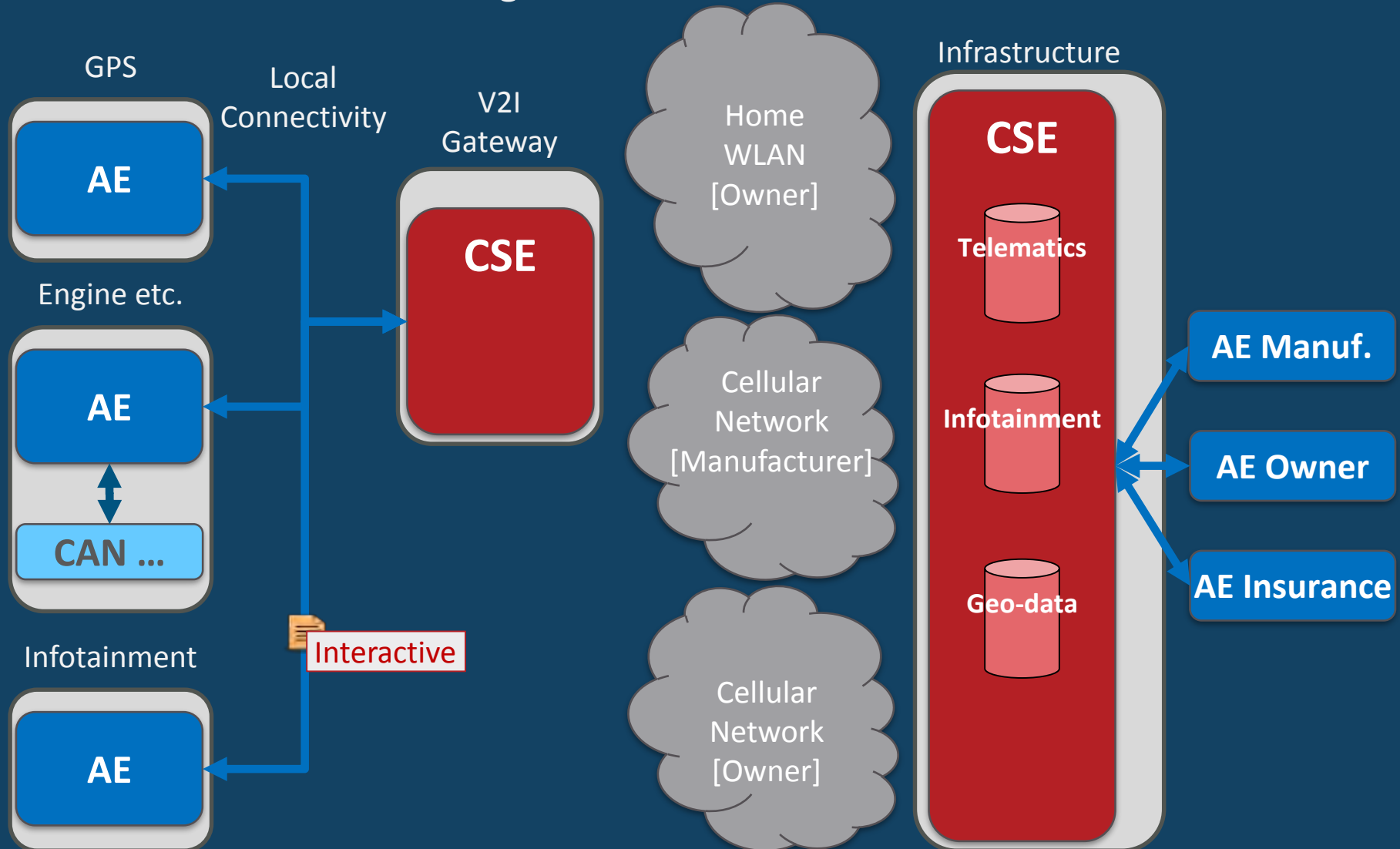
Efficient Data Sharing

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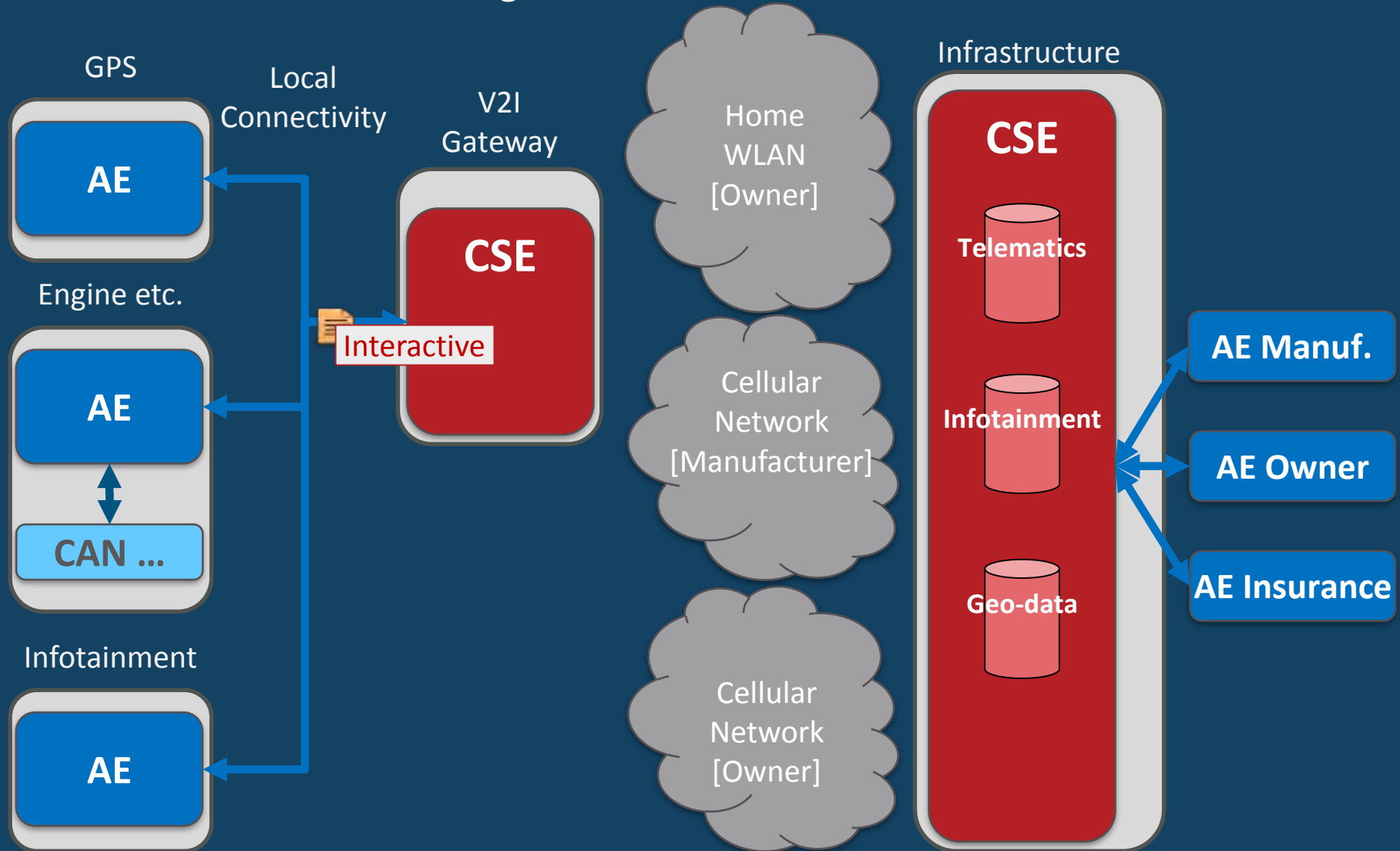
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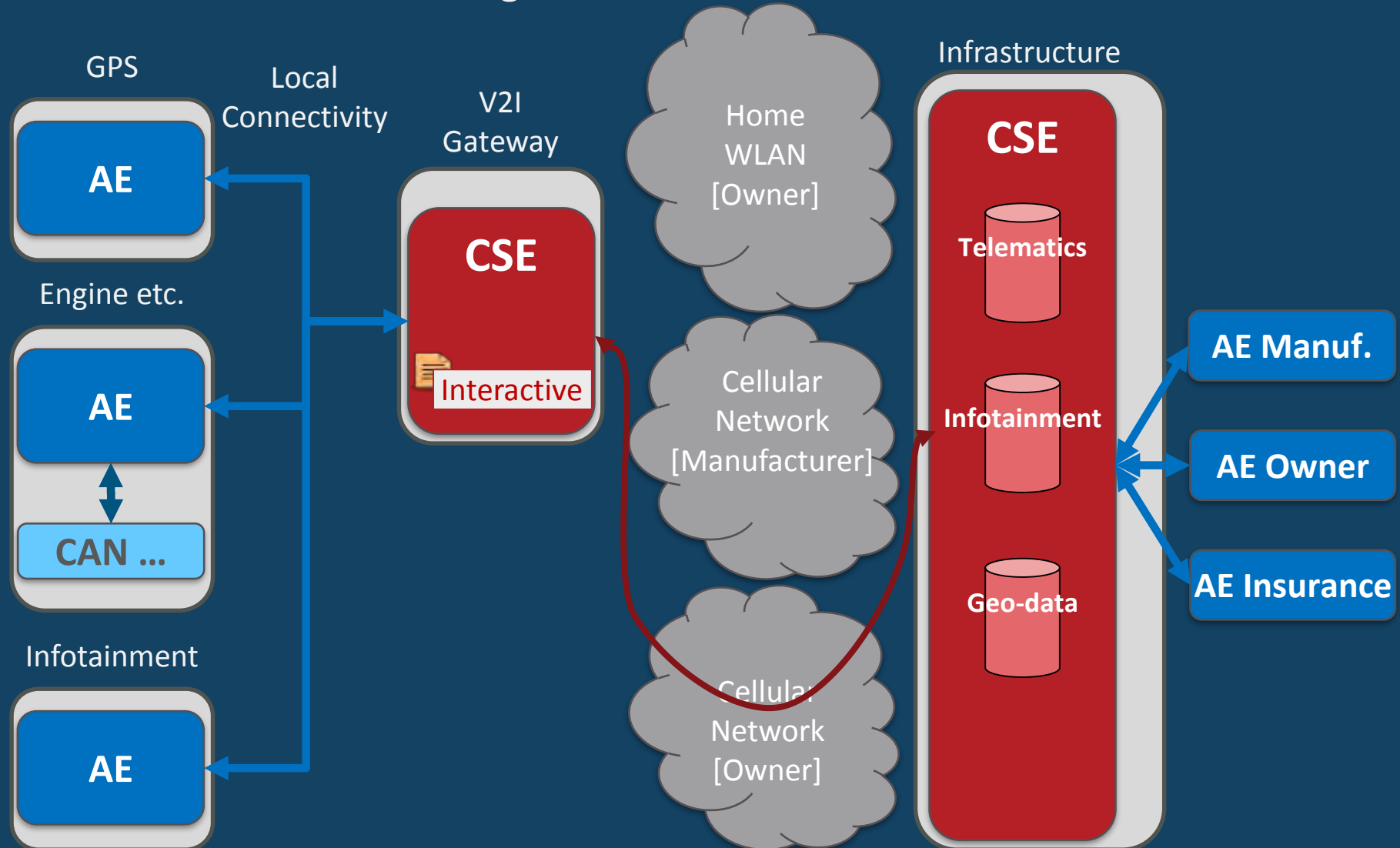
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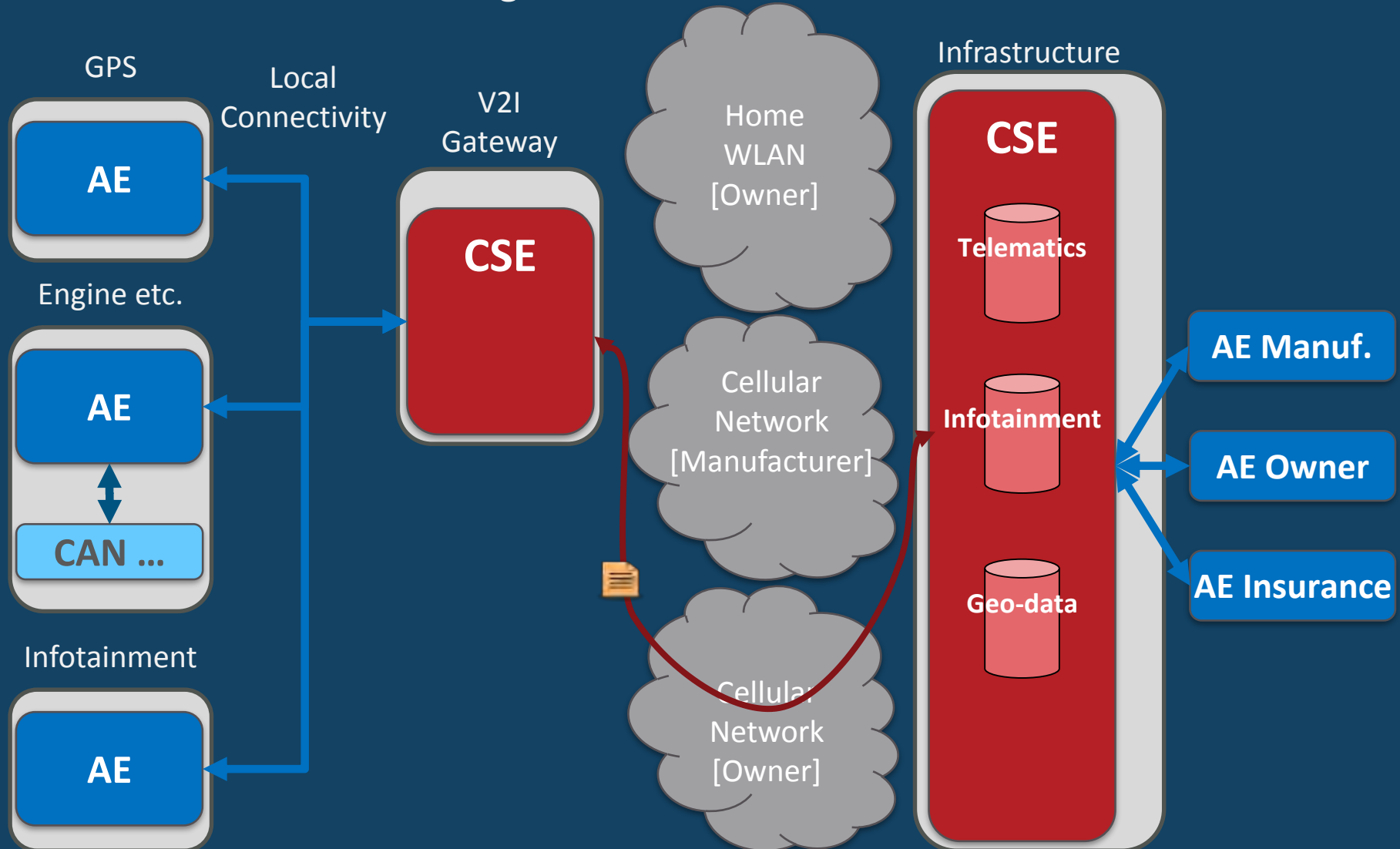
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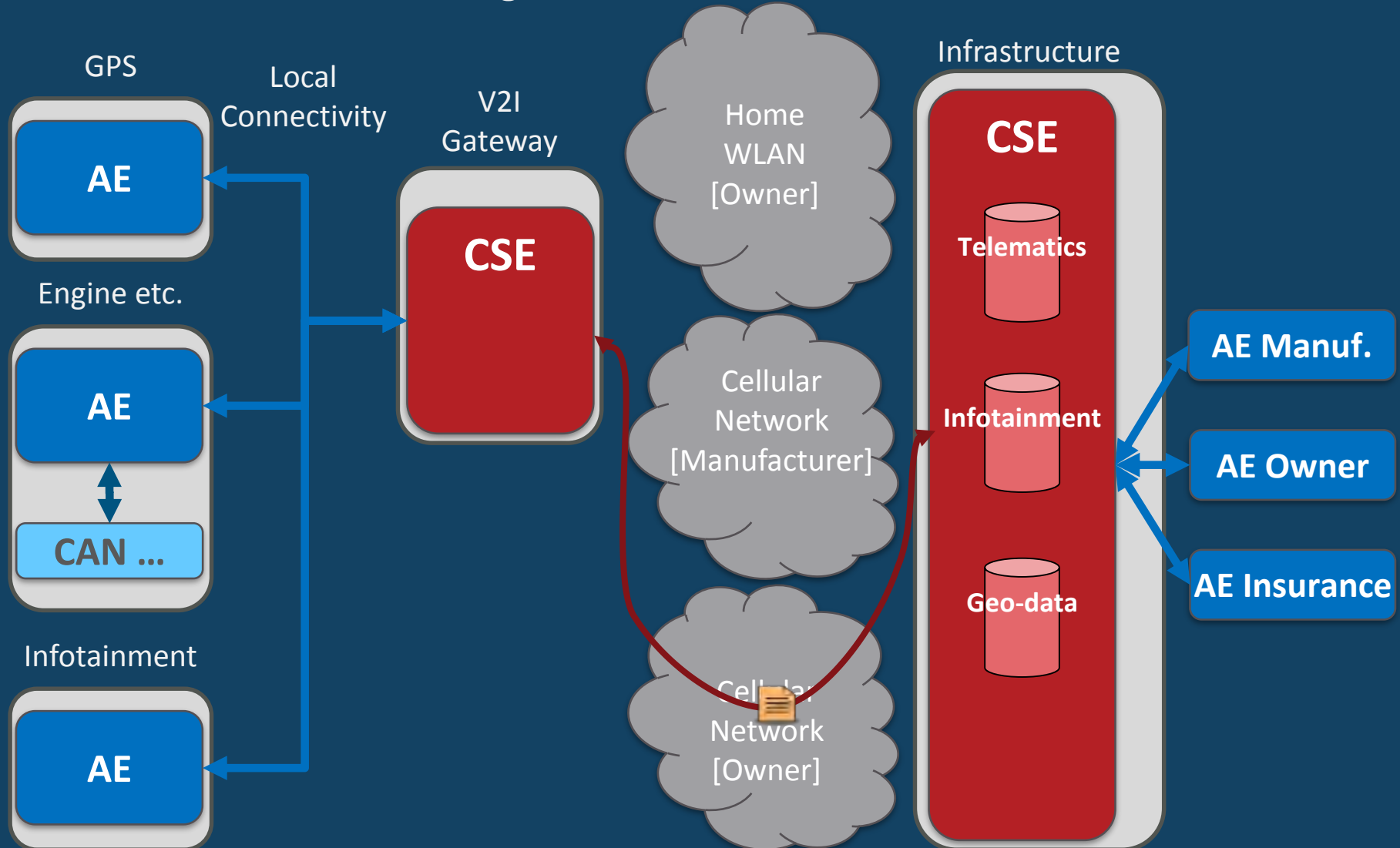
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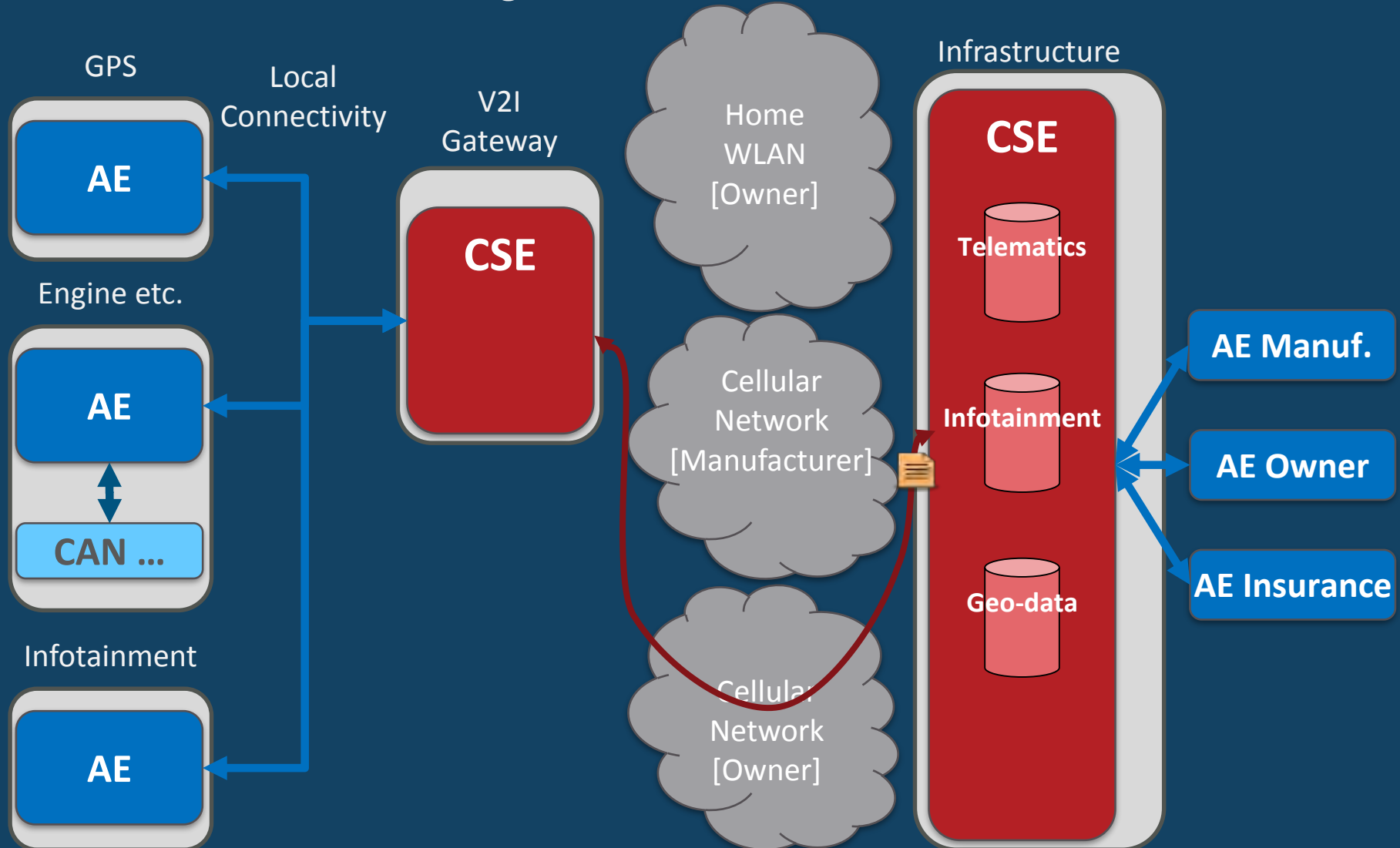
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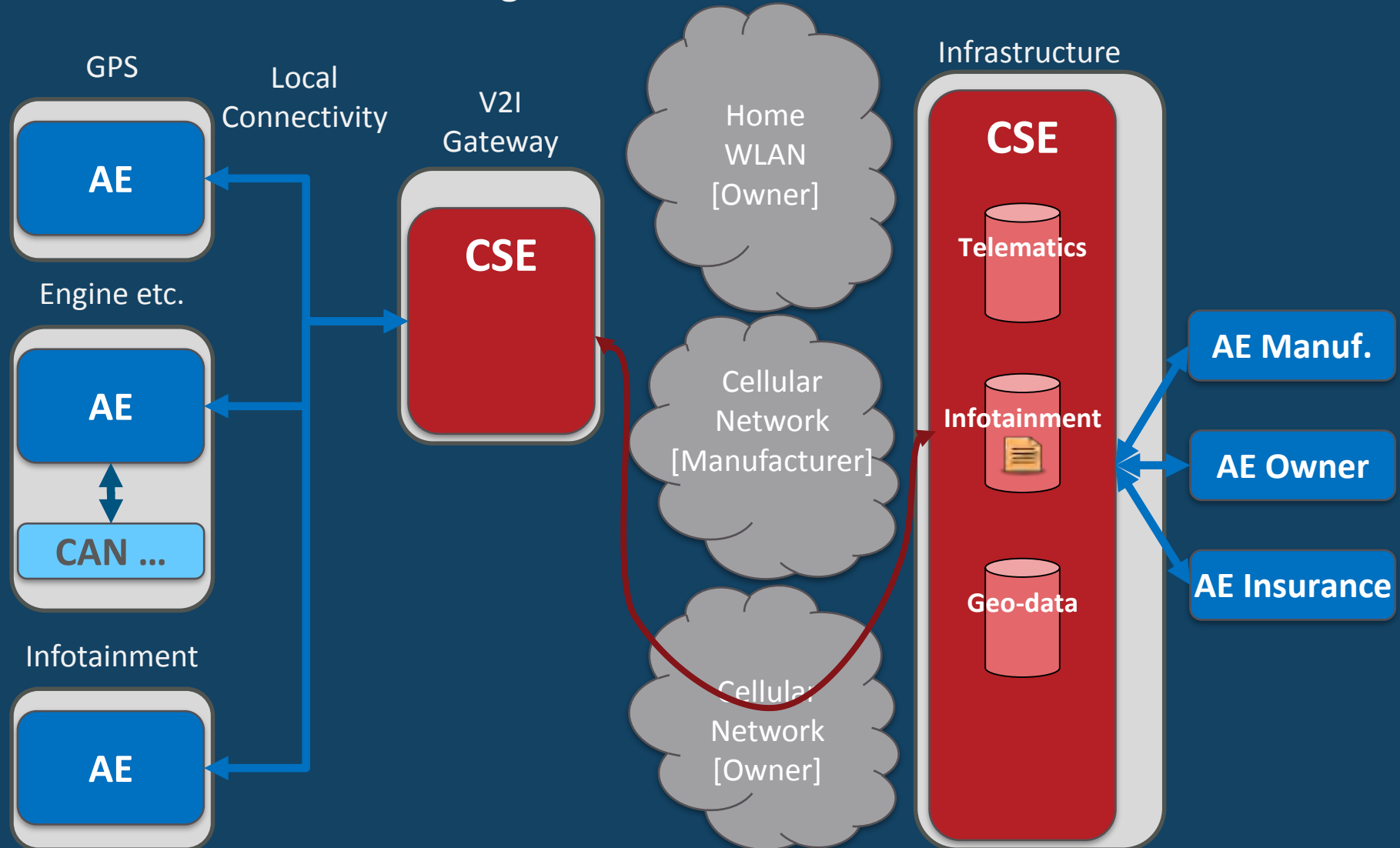
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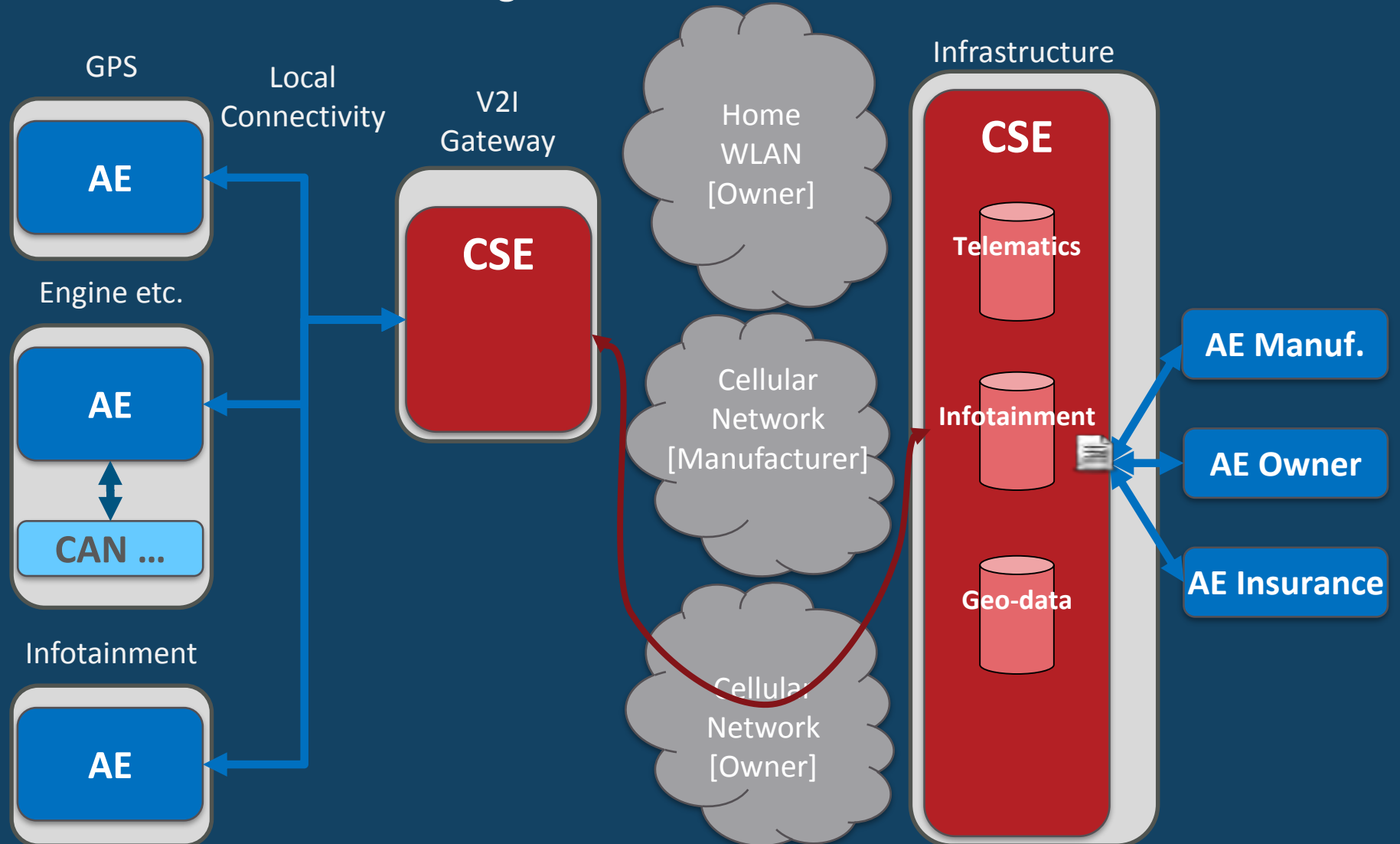
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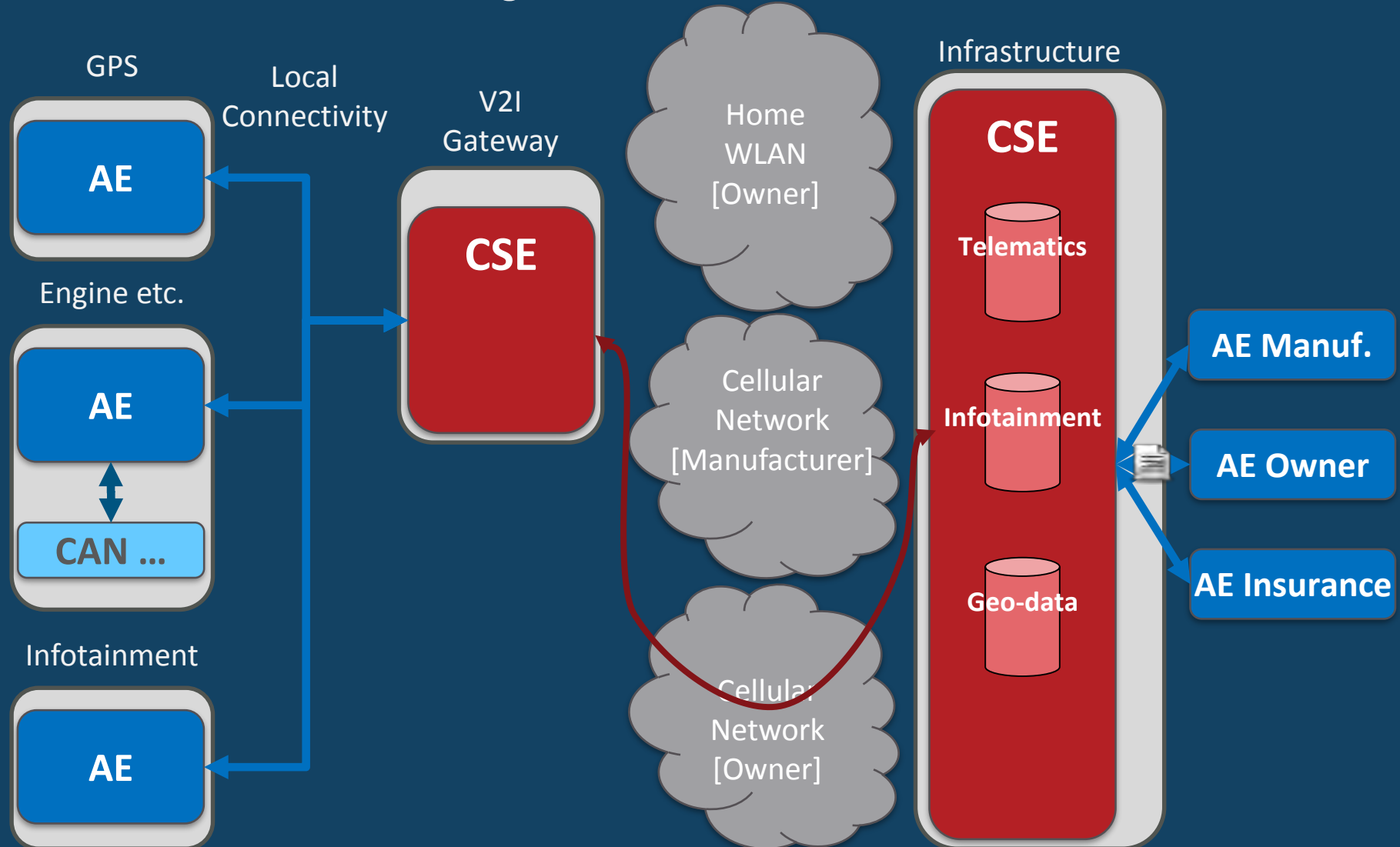
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On the road: Cellular Coverage



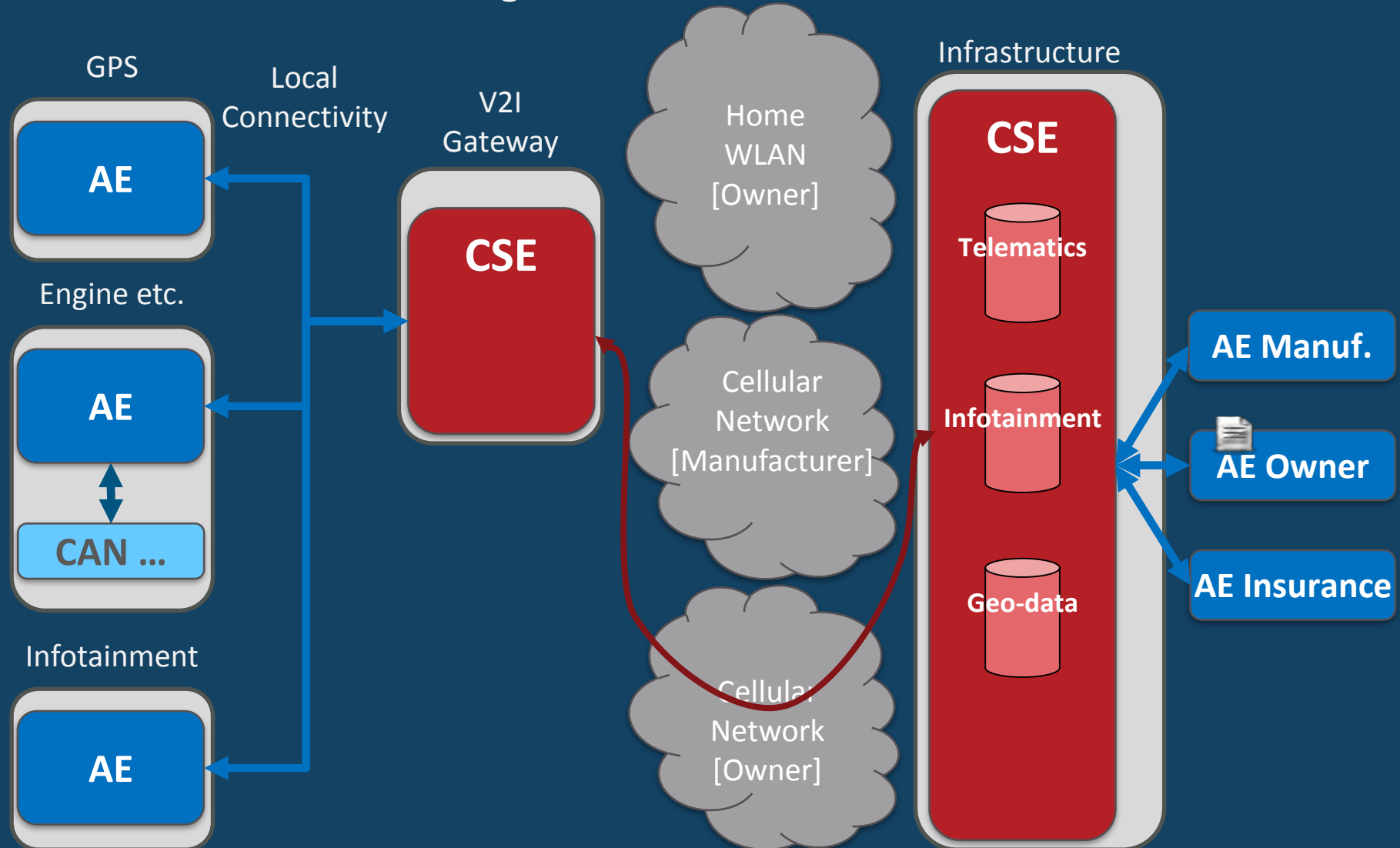
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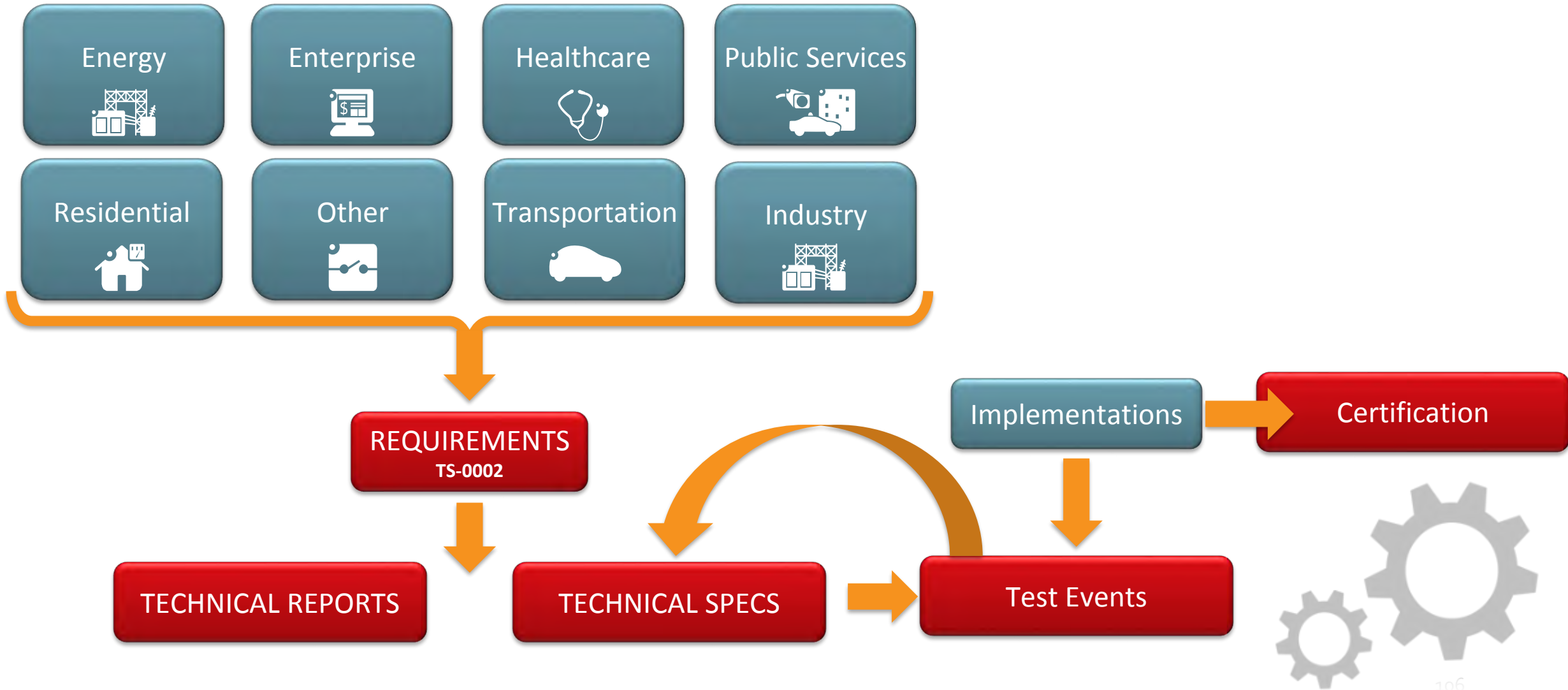


Releases of oneM2M

Status Quo and Next Steps



Work Process





Key Features Rel-1 & 2

Simple NW Usage, Enhanced Data Efficiency, NW Protection

- Hides complexity of network technology from applications
- Transport of M2M/IoE traffic gets very simple and more efficient at the same time
- SL is in charge to enforce policies when which modem is used... not the applications
- Capable to use MTC/M2M features of 3GPP (so far triggering, more for Rel-3)

Reliable and Scalable Security

- Hooks up entities using proven authentication/authorization/encryption

Discovery & Data sharing based on Access Control

- Share data amongst one or more stakeholders / applications
- Possibly across different industry segments

Device Management

- Enable efficient management of large number of devices / nodes





Key Features Rel-1 & 2 (contd.)

Selection of protocols: Pick what suits deployment scenario best

- HTTP, CoAP, MQTT, Websockets
- Serializations of data: XML, JSON, CBOR

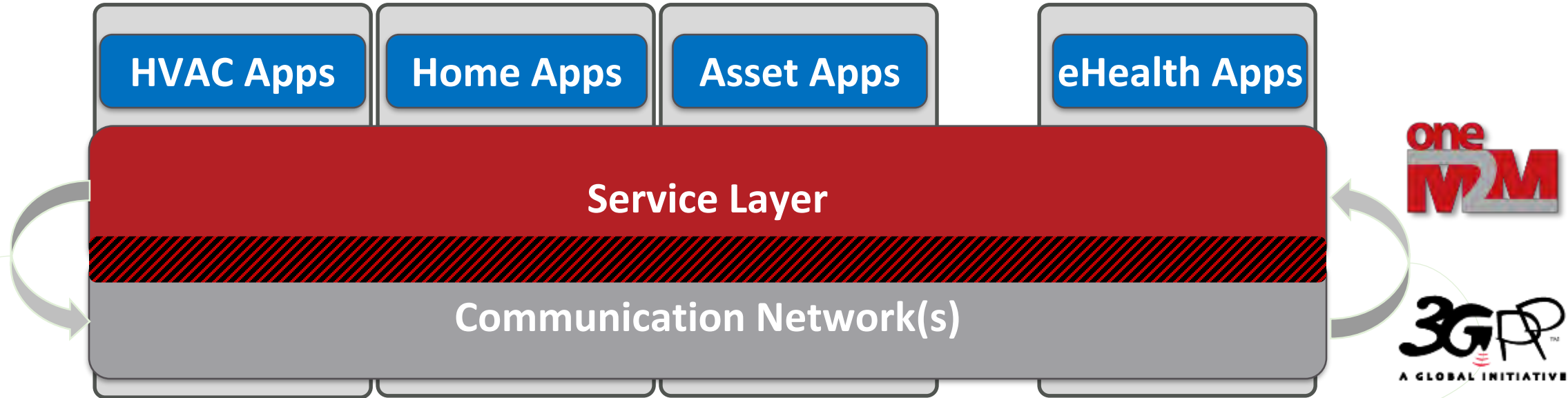
“Interworking Glue”

- Proximal IoT: OCF/AllJoyn, LwM2M
- Home Domain:
Information models to bridge different eco systems
Abstracting out specifics of Proximal IoT technology
Alignment with OCF progressing
- Industrial Domain:
Some features in Rel-2 (time series)
More to come in Rel-3 (OPC UA, DDS, Modbus)





Outlook Rel-3: 3GPP Interworking / better integration



Use MTC features of 3GPP Communication Network:

- Control features based on available meta information
- E.g. Power Saving Mode, Traffic Patterns
- Dynamically switch modes of operation / parameters

Provide information to oneM2M SL:

- Meta information for better scheduling
- Schedules of allowed network usage
- Information on location, loss of connectivity etc.

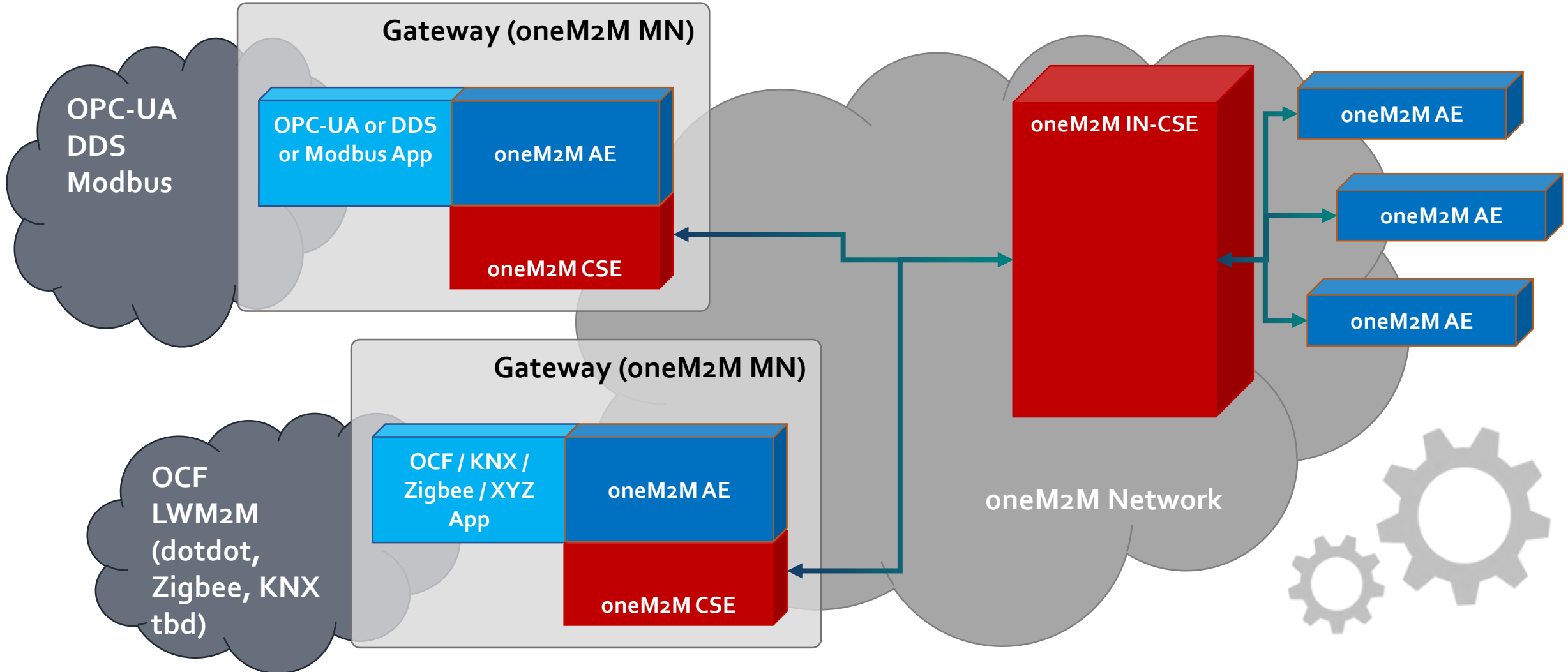
Related interfaces of 3GPP being integrated with oneM2M provides simplicity, efficiency & scalability enhancements





Outlook Rel-3: Proximal IoT Interworking

Other Technologies connected via oneM2M Entities & Ressources





Release 3 Highlights

3GPP Interworking

- Tight integration with 3GPP features for MTC / NB-IoT (long sleep cycles etc.)
- Usage of functions exposed by 3GPP via SCEF (Developer does not need to know)
- Goal: Increase efficiency, lower power consumption, protect network, control traffic

Proximal IoT Interworking

- Generic scheme for “bridging” between oneM2M and other technologies
- Improvement of existing OCF/AllJoyn/LwM2M interworking, addition of OSGi / W3C
- Seamless functionality across border of Proximal IoT (Abstraction)

Industrial Interworking

- New “bridging” specifications for Modbus/DDS/OPC-UA
- Relationship with IIC



Implementations / Deployments

Industry-driven Open source implementations



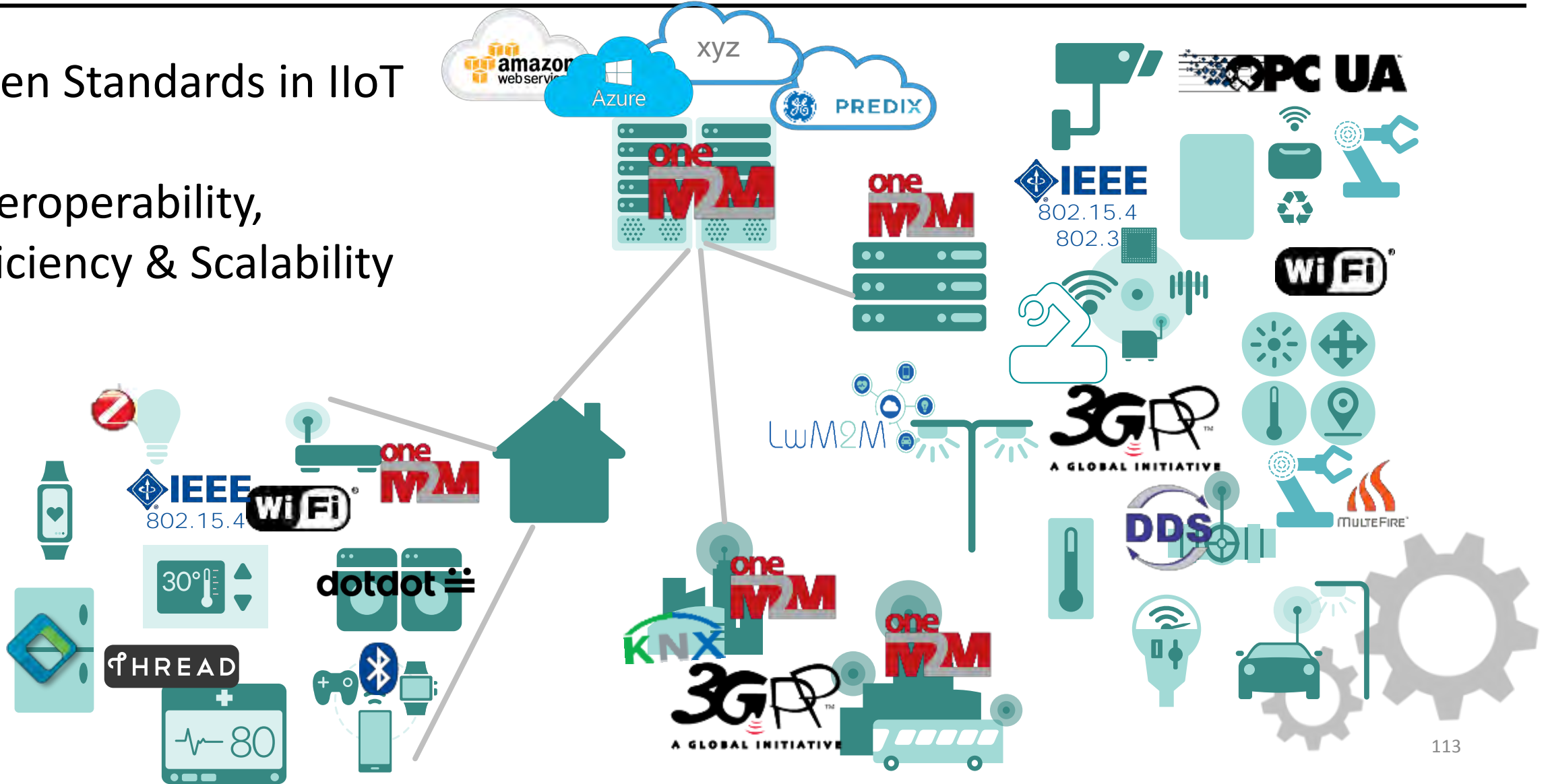
Announcements, Demos, Commercial implementations



5 interoperability events held so far, 2 expected in 2018

Vision: oneM2M actin as interworking “glue”

Open Standards in IIoT
↔
Interoperability,
Efficiency & Scalability





Links & Contact



Website

<http://www.oneM2M.org>

Webinars

<http://www.onem2m.org/insights/webinars>

Published Specifications

<http://www.onem2m.org/technical/published-documents>

Latest Drafts

<http://www.onem2m.org/technical/latest-drafts>

Events

<http://www.onem2m.org/news-events/events>

Contacts:

Secretariat

oneM2M_Secretariat@list.oneM2M.org

Liaison matters

oneM2M_liaison@list.oneM2M.org



Thank You!



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Qualcomm Technologies Inc.

Principal Engineer

M2M & IoT Standards & Industry Fora

Chairman oneM2M Industry Liaison Committee

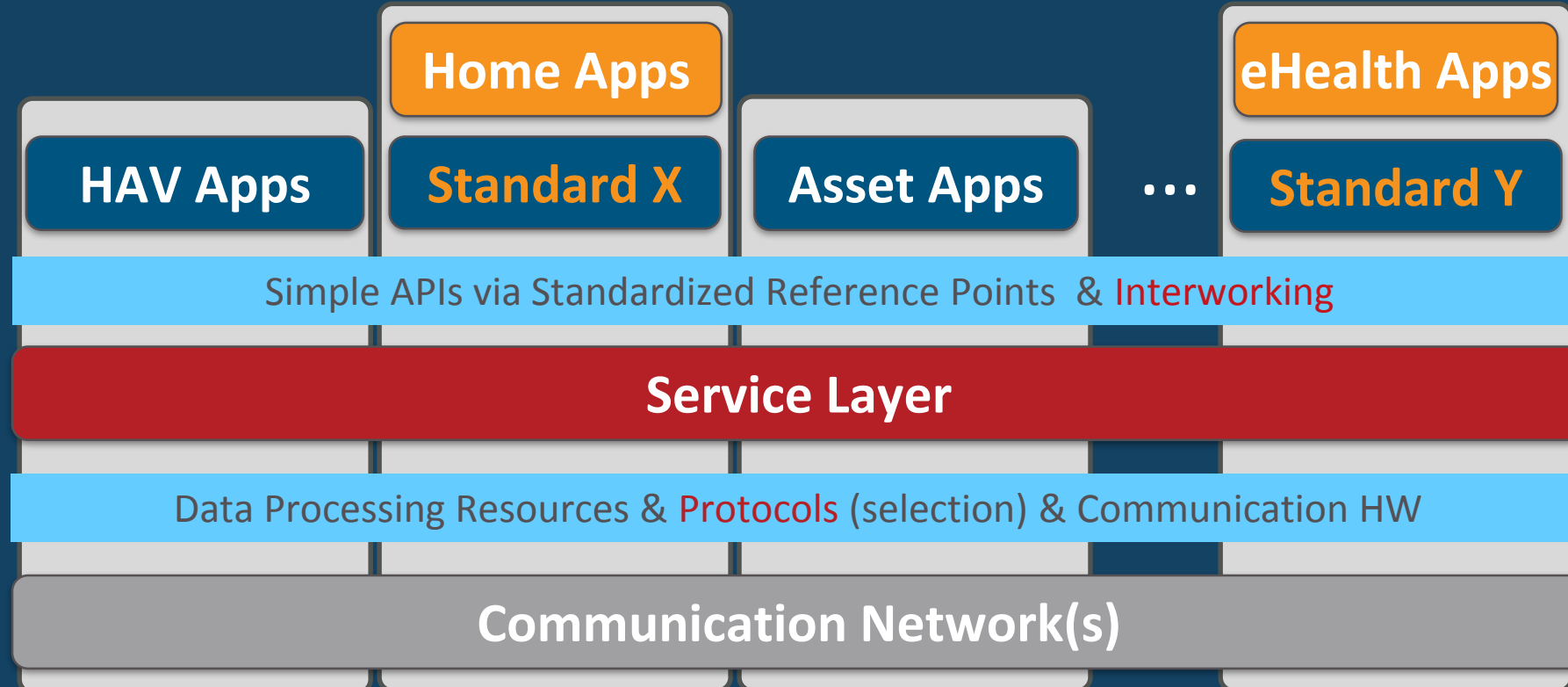
Vice-Chairman oneM2M Technical Plenary



Backup



Interworking



Impact:

Efficiency / Aggregation ↑

NW Protection ↑

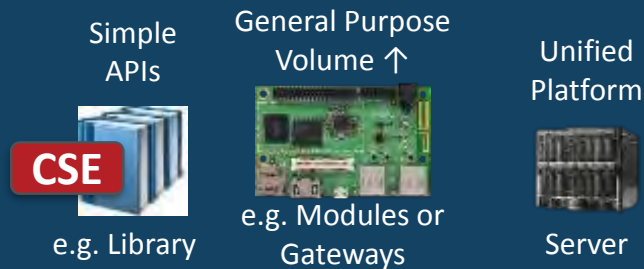
Cost ↓

Fragmentation ↓

New Opportunities ↑

CAPEX Impact

Application Development



Developer:

- CSE functions ready to use
- No module/network expert needed
- App development independent of underlying transport
- Standard message exchanges
- Focus on use case logic
- Faster development process



Service Deployment



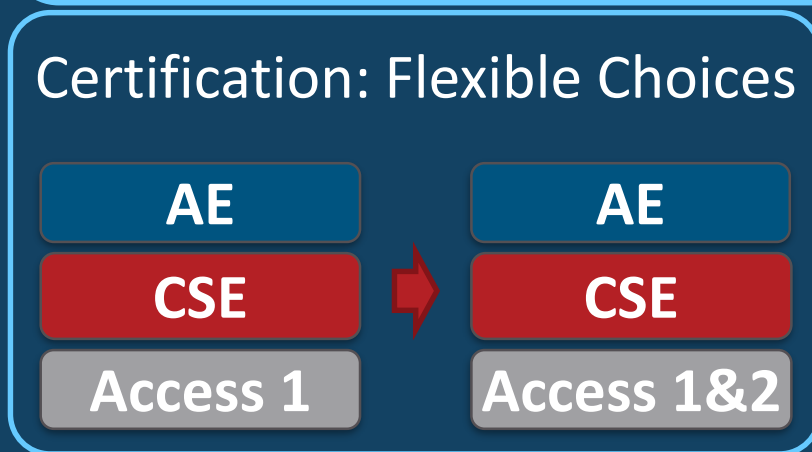
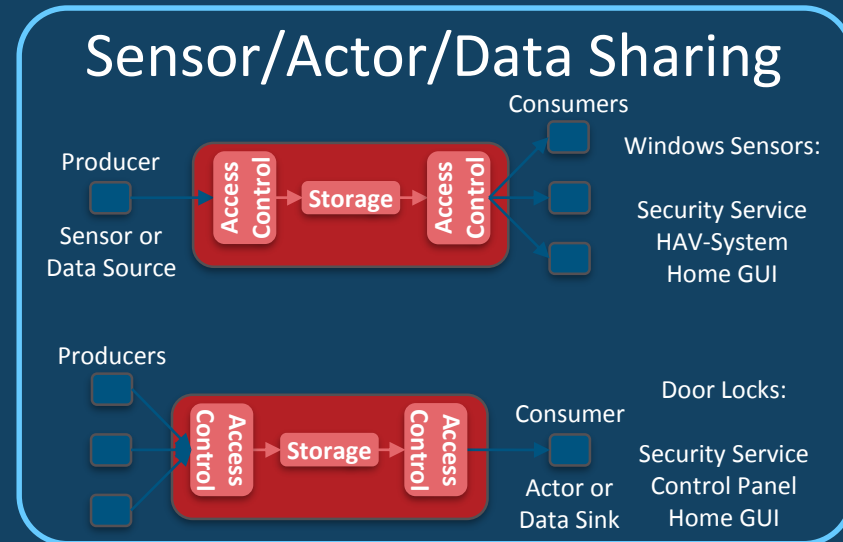
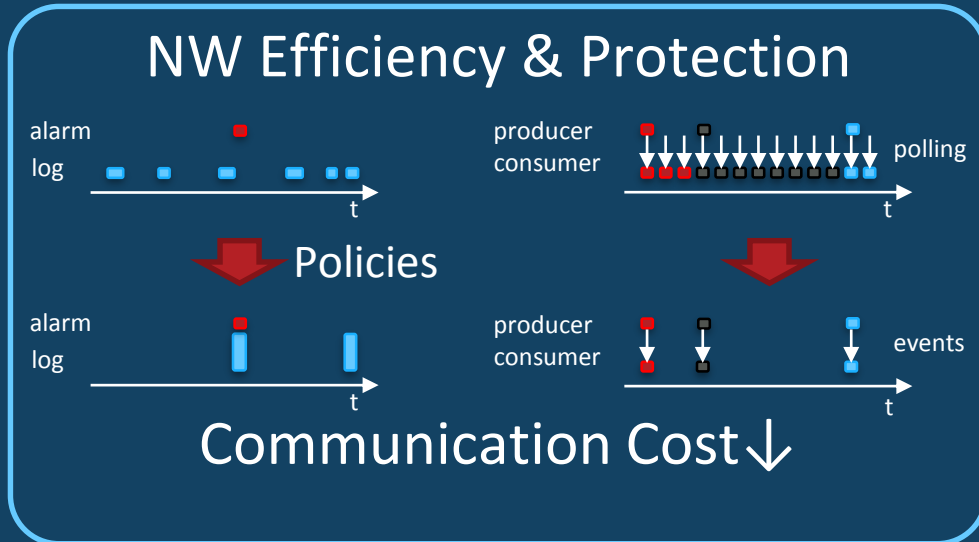
M2M/IoT Service Provider

- Only one platform
- Serves commonly needed functions to different use cases and applications
- Shared infrastructure & core service across different customers / verticals

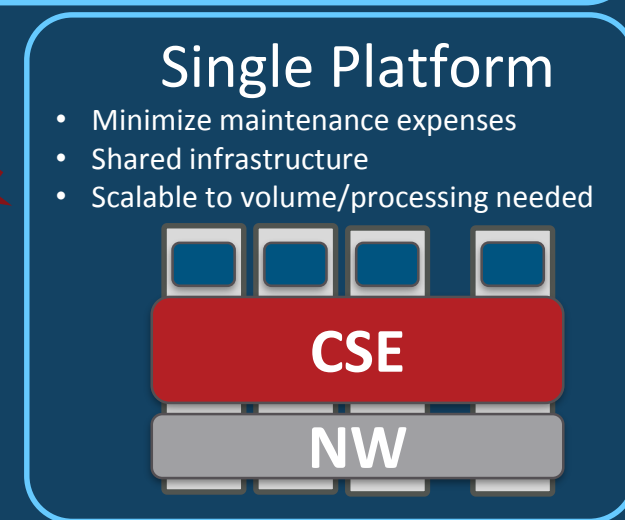


Lower CAPEX

OPEX Impact

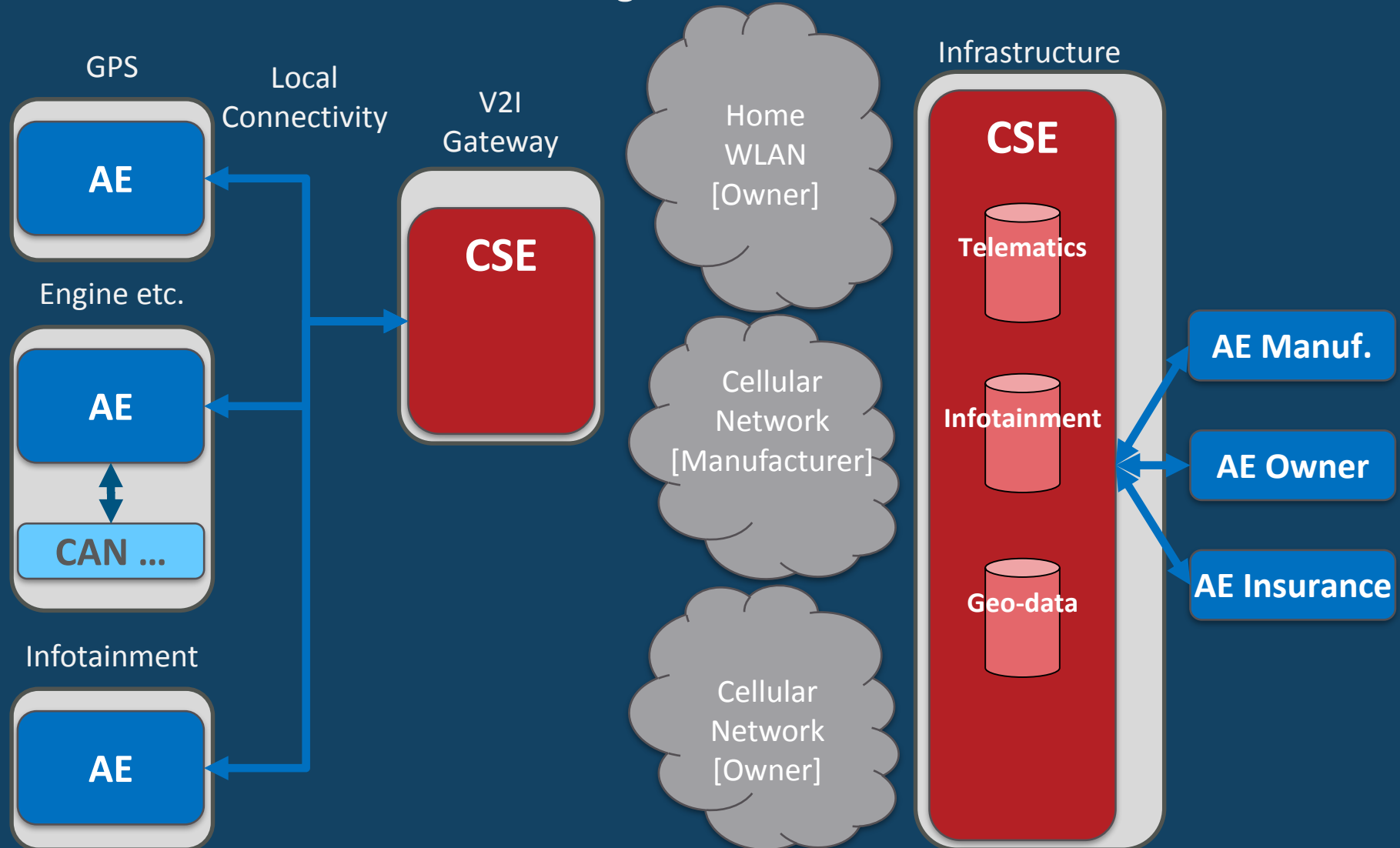


**Lower
OPEX**



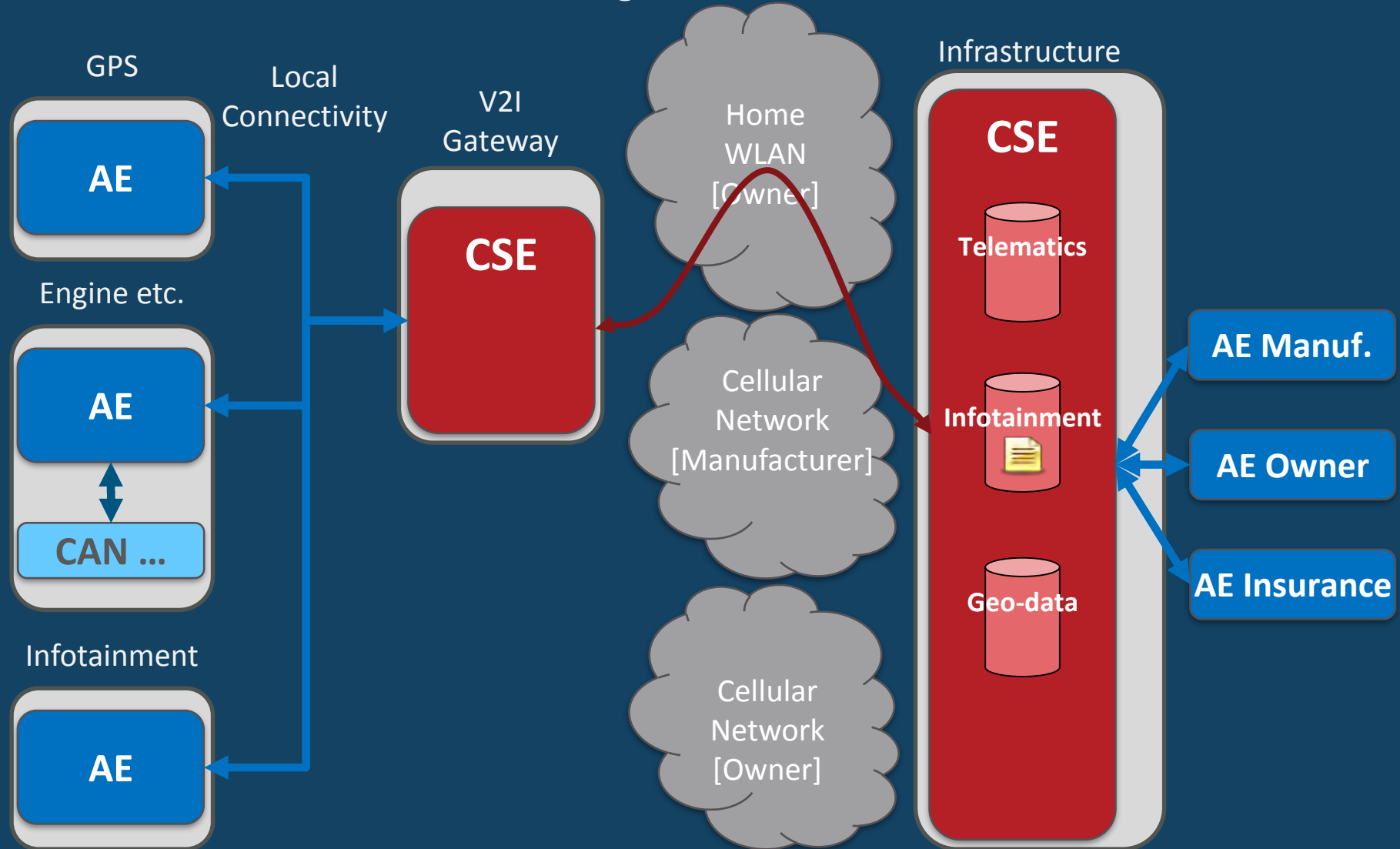
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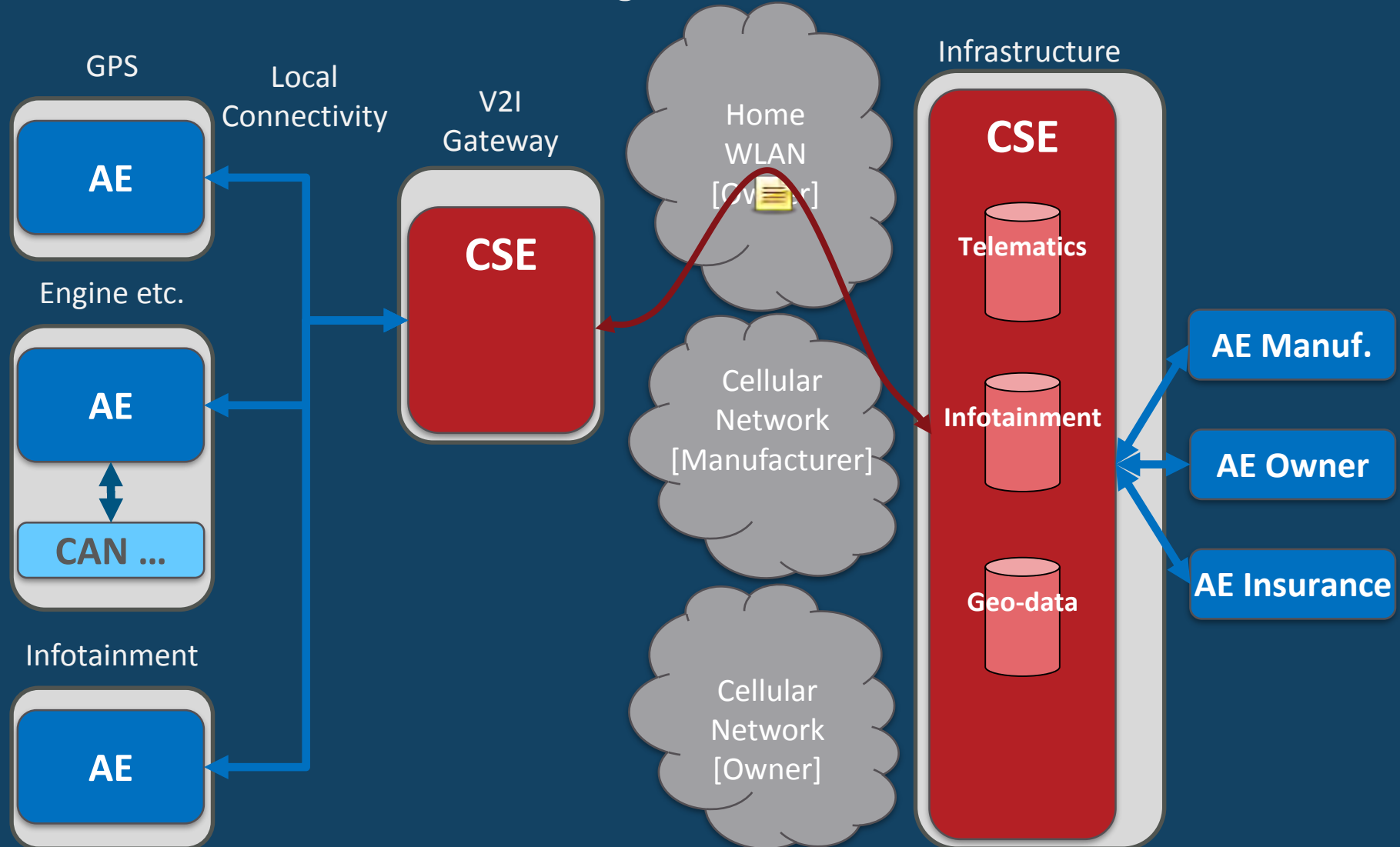
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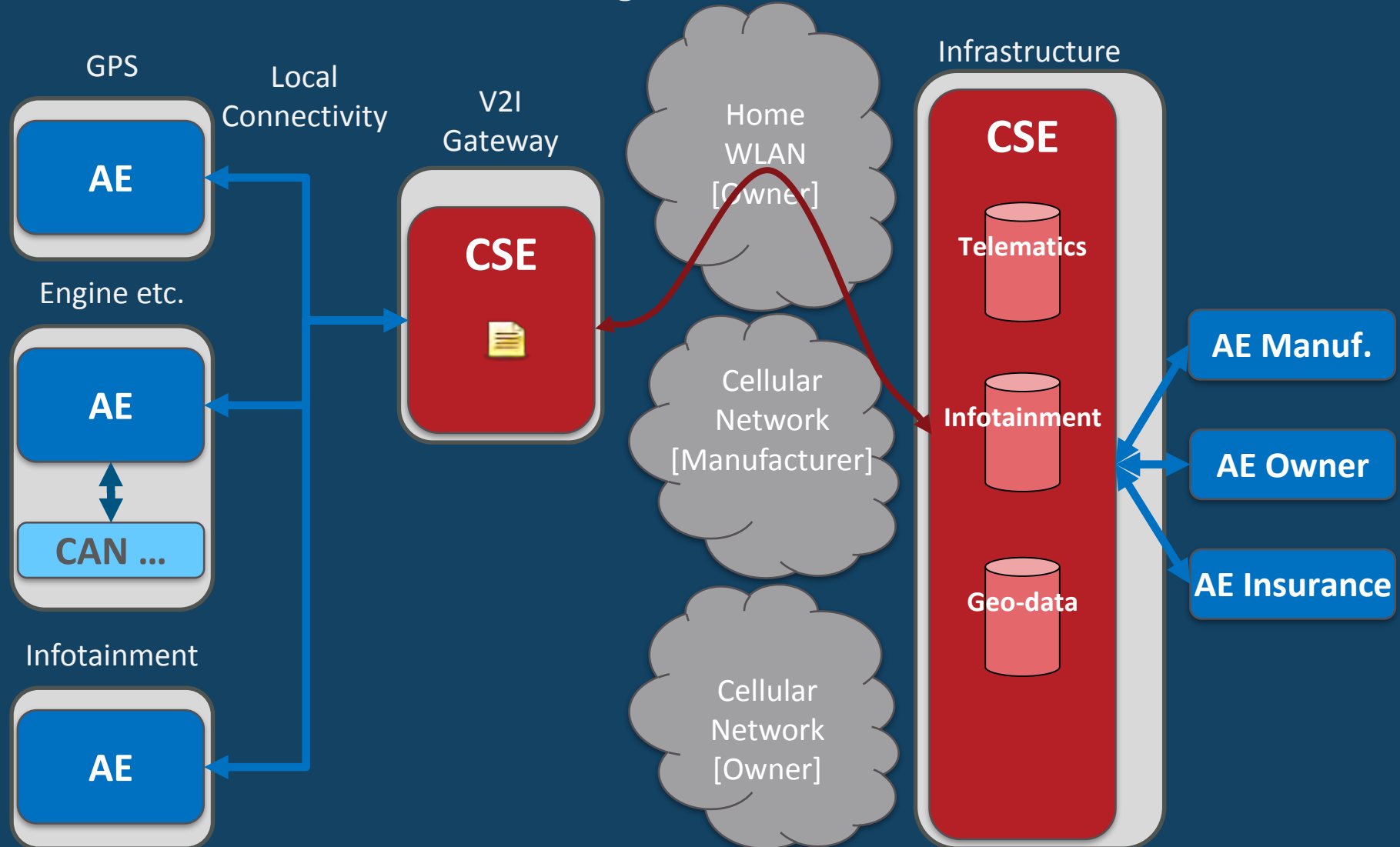
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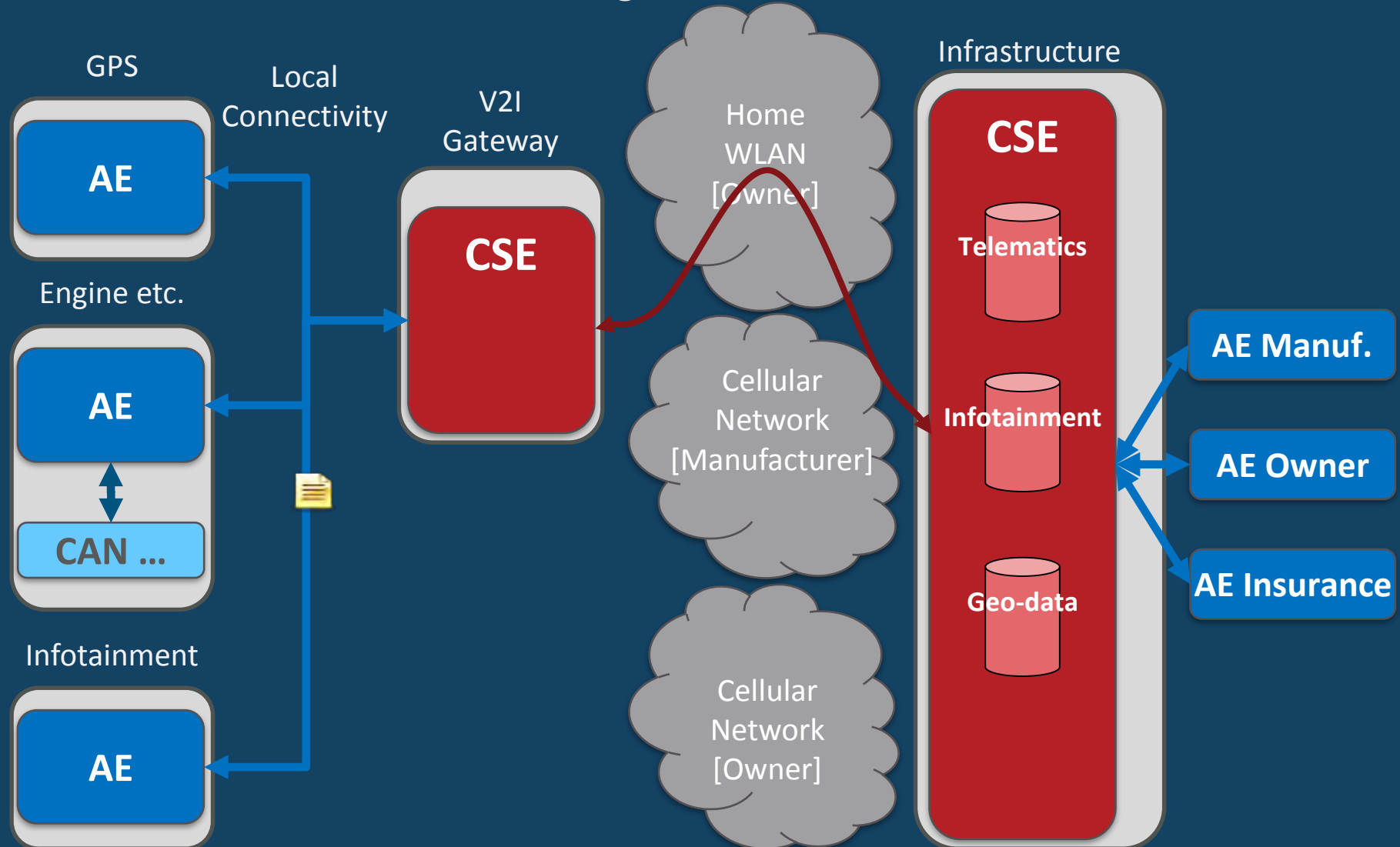
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